

## The Hardware Book (WinHelp32)

# WinHelp Edition Hardware Book

Welcome to the Hardware Book. Your electronic reference guide.

Created and maintained by Joakim Ögren.

This is the WinHelp version for Windows 95 and Windows NT v4.0.

You'll find the online version at <http://www.blackdown.org/~hwb/hwb.html>.

Current version 1.2.

Converted from HTML 1997-09-07.



### Connectors

Pinouts for connectors, buses etc.

### Connectors Top 10

Too many? These are the most common.

### Cables

How to build serial cables and many other cables.

### Adapters

How to build adapters.

### Circuits

Coming soon.

### Misc

Misc information (active filters etc).

### Tables

Misc tables with info. (AWG..)

### WWW Links

Links to other electronic resources.

### Download

Download a WinHelp or HTML version for offline viewing.

### HwB-News

Subscribe to the HwB Newsletter! Info about updates etc.

### Wanted

Information I'm currently looking for.

### About

Who did this? And why?

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This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.blackdown.org/~hwb/hwb.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Connector Menu



What does the the information that is listed for each connector mean? See the [tutorial](#).

### Buses:

- ISA **UPDATED** - (Technical)
- **UPDATED**
- EISA - (Technical)
- PCI - (Technical)
- VESA LocalBus (VLB) - (Technical)
- CompactPCI - (Technical)
- IndustrialPCI
- SmallPCI
- Miniature Card - (Technical)
- NuBus
- NuBus 90
- Zorro II
- Zorro II/III
- CPU-port (A1200)
- Ramex (A1000)
- Video Expansion (Amiga)
- CD32 Expansion
- CardBus
- PC Card
- PC Card ATA
- PCMCIA
- CompactFlash
- C-bus II
- SSFDC
- PC-104
- Unibus **NEW**

### Serial In/Out:

- RS-232 **UPDATED**
- Serial (PC 9)
- Serial (PC 25)
- Serial (Amiga 1000)
- Serial (Amiga)
- Serial (MSX)

- [Serial \(Printer\)](#) **NEW**
- [DEC Dual RS-232](#)
- [Macintosh RS-422](#)
- [RS-422](#) **NEW**
- [Macintosh Serial](#)
- [C64 RS232 User Port](#)
- [DEC DLV11-J Serial](#)
- [Cisco Console Port](#) **NEW**
- [RocketPort Serialport](#) **NEW**
- [CoCo Serial Printer](#) **NEW**
- [Conrad Electronics MM3610D](#) **NEW**

## Parallel In/Out:

- [Parallel \(PC\)](#) **UPDATED**
- [Parallel \(Amiga\)](#) **UPDATED**
- [Parallel \(Amiga 1000\)](#)
- [ECP Parallel](#) **UPDATED** - (Technical)
- [Centronics Printer](#) **UPDATED**
- [MSX Parallel](#)
- [Parallel \(Olivetti M10\)](#)
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Printer Port](#) **NEW**

## Misc In/Out:

- [Universal Serial Bus \(USB\)](#) **NEW** - (Technical)
- [BeBox GeekPort](#)
- [C64/C16/C116/+4 Serial I/O](#)
- [Atari ACSI DMA](#)

## Video:

- [VGA \(VESA DDC\)](#)
- [VGA \(15\)](#)
- [VGA \(9\)](#)
- [CGA](#)
- [EGA](#)
- [PGA](#)
- [MDA \(Hercules\)](#)
- [VESA Feature](#)
- [Macintosh Video](#) **UPDATED**
- [Amiga Video](#)
- [RF Monitor \(Amiga 1000\)](#)
- [CDTV Video Slot](#)
- [PlayStation A/V](#)
- [Commodore 1084 & 1084S \(Analog\)](#)
- [Commodore 1084 & 1084S \(Digital\)](#)
- [Commodore 1084d & 1084dS](#)
- [Atari Jaguar A/V](#)

- [SNES Video](#)
- [NeoGeo Audio/Video](#) **UPDATED**
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Monitor](#) **NEW**
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Plus Monitor](#) **UPDATED**
- [Atari ST Monitor](#)
- [Sun Video](#)
- [ZX Spectrum 128 RGB](#)
- [3b1-7300 Video](#)
- [CM-8/CoCo RGB](#)
- [AT&T 53D410](#)
- [AT&T 6300 Taxan Monitor](#)
- [AT&T PC6300](#)
- [Vic 20 Video](#)
- [C64 Audio/Video](#)
- [C65 Video](#)
- [C128 RGBI](#)
- [C128/C64C Video](#)
- [C16/C116/+4](#)
- [CBM 1902A](#)
- [Spectravideo SVI318/328 Audio/Video](#) **NEW**

## Joysticks/Mouses:

- [PC Gameport](#)
- [PC Gameport+MIDI](#)
- [Amiga Mouse/Joy](#)
- [C64 Control Port](#)
- [C16/C116/+4 Joystick](#)
- [MSX Joystick](#)
- [SGI Mouse \(Model 021-0004-002\)](#)
- [Macintosh Mouse](#)
- [Atari Mouse/Joy](#)
- [Atari Enhanced Joystick](#)
- [Atari 2600 Joystick](#)
- [Atari 6200 Joystick](#)
- [Atari 7800 Joystick](#)
- [Amstrad Digital/Joystick](#) **UPDATED**
- [NeoGeo Joystick](#)

## Keyboards:

- [Keyboard \(5 PC\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(6 PC\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(XT\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(5 Amiga\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(6 Amiga\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(Amiga CD32\)](#)
- [Macintosh Keyboard](#)

- [AT&T 6300 Keyboard](#)

## Diskdrives:

- [Internal Diskdrive](#)
- [8" Floppy Diskdrive](#) UPDATED
- [External Diskdrive \(Amiga\)](#)
- [MSX External Diskdrive](#)
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Diskdrive 2](#) UPDATED
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Plus External Diskdrive](#) UPDATED
- [Macintosh External Drive](#)
- [Atari Floppy Port](#)

## Harddrives:

- [SCSI Internal \(Single-ended\)](#)
- [SCSI Internal \(Differential\)](#)
- [SCSI External Centronics 50 \(Single-ended\)](#)
- [SCSI External Centronics 50 \(Differential\)](#)
- [SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub Connector \(Single-ended\)](#)
- [SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub Connector \(Differential\)](#)
- [SCSI External D-Sub \(Future Domain\)](#)
- [SCSI External D-Sub \(PC/Amiga/Mac\)](#)
- [Novell and Procomp External SCSI](#) UPDATED
- [IDE Internal](#) UPDATED
- [ATA Internal](#)
- [ATA \(44\) Internal](#)
- [ESDI](#)
- [ST506/412](#)
- [Paravision SX-1 External IDE](#)

## Misc data storage:

- [Mitsumi CD-ROM](#)
- [Panasonic CD-ROM](#)
- [Sony CD-ROM](#)
- [C64 Cassette](#)
- [C16/C116/+4 Cassette](#)
- [CoCo Cassette](#)
- [MSX Cassette](#)
- [Spectravideo SVI318/328 Cassette](#) UPDATED
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Tape](#) UPDATED

## Memories:

- [30 pin SIMM](#)
- [72 pin SIMM](#)
- [72 pin ECC SIMM](#)
- [72 pin SO DIMM](#) UPDATED
- [144 pin SO DIMM](#)

- [168 pin DRAM DIMM \(Unbuffered\)](#)
- [168 pin SDRAM DIMM \(Unbuffered\)](#)
- [CDTV Memory Card](#)
- [SmartCard AFNOR](#)
- [SmartCard ISO 7816-2](#)
- [SmartCard ISO](#)

## Home audio/video:

- [SCART](#)
- [S-Video](#)
- [DIN Audio](#)
- [3.5 mm Mono Telephone plug](#) UPDATED
- [3.5 mm Stereo Telephone plug](#) UPDATED
- [6.25 mm Mono Telephone plug](#) UPDATED
- [6.25 mm Stereo Telephone plug](#) UPDATED

## PC motherboards:

- [5.25" Power](#) UPDATED
- [3.5" Power](#)
- [Motherboard Power](#)
- [Turbo LED](#)
- [AT Backup Battery](#)
- [AT LED/Keylock](#)
- [PC-Speaker](#)
- [Motherboard IrDA](#) UPDATED
- [Motherboard CPU Cooling fan](#) UPDATED

## Networking:

- [Ethernet 10Base-T & 100Base-T](#) UPDATED
- [Ethernet 100Base-T4](#) UPDATED
- [AUI](#)

## Cartridge/Expansion:

- [Atari 2600 Cartridge](#)
- [Atari 5200 Cartridge](#)
- [Atari 5200 Expansion](#)
- [Atari 7800 Cartridge](#)
- [Atari 7800 Expansion](#)
- [Atari Cartridge Port](#)
- [GameBoy Cartridge](#)
- [MSX Expansion](#)
- [Vic 20 Memory Expansion](#)
- [C64 Cartridge](#)
- [C64 User Port](#)
- [C128 Expansion Bus](#) UPDATED
- [C16/+4 Expansion Bus](#)

- [+4 User Port](#)
- [CDTV Diagnostic Slot](#)
- [CDTV Expansion Slot](#)
- [PC-Engine Cartridge](#)
- [SNES Cartridge](#)
- [TG-16 Cartridge](#)
- [ZX Spectrum AY-3-8912](#)
- [ZX Spectrum ULA](#)
- [Spectravideo SVI318/328 Expansion Bus](#) UPDATED
- [Spectravideo SVI318/328 Game Cartridge](#) UPDATED

## **Misc:**

- [MIDI Out](#)
- [MIDI In](#)
- [Minuteman UPS](#)
- [C64 Power Supply Connector](#) UPDATED
- [Amstrad CPC6128 Stereo Connector](#) UPDATED

Last updated 1997-09-01.

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# Connector Tutorial



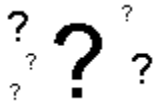
## Short tutorial

### Heading

First at each page there a short heading describing what the connector is.

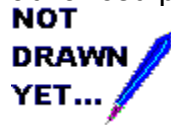
### Pictures of the connectors

After that there is at each page there is one or more pictures of the connectors. Sometimes there is some question marks only. This means that I don't know what kind of connector it is or how it looks.



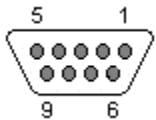
(At the computer)

There may be some pictures I haven't drawn yet. I illustrate this with the following advanced picture:

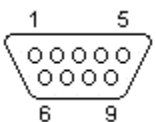


(At the computer)

Normally are one or more pictures. **These are seen from the front, and NOT the soldside. Holes (female connectors usually) are darkened.** Look at the example below. The first is a female connector and the send a male. The texts inside parentheses will tell you at which kind of the device it will look like that.



(At the videocard)



(At the monitor cable)

### Texts describing the connectors

Below the pictures there is texts that describes the connectors. Including the name of the physical connector.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) at the computer.

## Pin table

The pin table is perhaps the information you're looking for. Should be simple to read. Contains mostly the following three columns; Pin, Name & Description.

Pin	Name	Description
1	CLOCK	Key Clock
2	GND	GND
3	DATA	Key Data
4	VCC	+5 VDC
5	n/c	Not connected

## Contributor & Source

All persons that helped me or sent me information about the connector will be listed here. The source of the information is perhaps a book or another site. I must admit that I'm bad at writing the source, but I'll try to fill in these in the future.

*Contributor:* Joakim Ögren

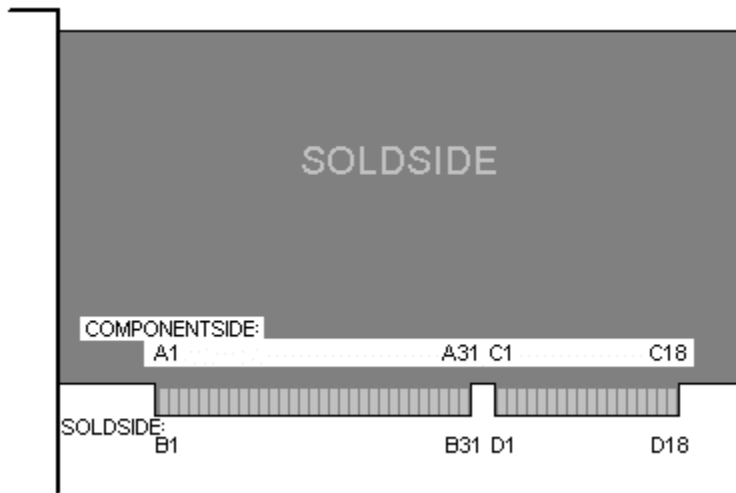
*Source:* *Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

# ISA Connector

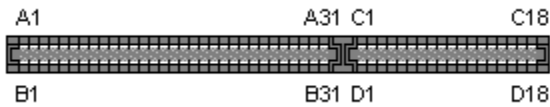


## ISA

ISA=Industry Standard Architecture



(At the card)

































(At the computer)

62+36 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR MALE at the card.

62+36 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
A1	I/O CH	←	I/O channel check; active low=parity error
	CK		
A2	D7	↔	Data bit 7
A3	D6	↔	Data bit 6
A4	D5	↔	Data bit 5
A5	D4	↔	Data bit 4
A6	D3	↔	Data bit 3
A7	D2	↔	Data bit 2
A8	D1	↔	Data bit 1
A9	D0	↔	Data bit 0
A10	I/O CH	↑	I/O Channel ready, pulled low to lengthen memory

	RDY		cycles
A11	AEN		Address enable; active high when DMA controls bus
A12	A19		Address bit 19
A13	A18		Address bit 18
A14	A17		Address bit 17
A15	A16		Address bit 16
A16	A15		Address bit 15
A17	A14		Address bit 14
A18	A13		Address bit 13
A19	A12		Address bit 12
A20	A11		Address bit 11
A21	A10		Address bit 10
A22	A9		Address bit 9
A23	A8		Address bit 8
A24	A7		Address bit 7
A25	A6		Address bit 6
A26	A5		Address bit 5
A27	A4		Address bit 4
A28	A3		Address bit 3
A29	A2		Address bit 2
A30	A1		Address bit 1
A31	A0		Address bit 0
B1	GND		Ground
B2	RESET		Active high to reset or initialize system logic
B3	+5V		+5 VDC
B4	IRQ2		Interrupt Request 2
B5	-5VDC		-5 VDC
B6	DRQ2		DMA Request 2
B7	-12VDC		-12 VDC
B8	/NOWS		No WaitState
B9	+12VDC		+12 VDC
B10	GND		Ground
B11	/SMEMW		System Memory Write
B12	/SMEMR		System Memory Read
B13	/IOW		I/O Write
B14	/IOR		I/O Read
B15	/DACK3		DMA Acknowledge 3

B16	DRQ3	NEW	DMA Request 3
B17	/DACK1	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 1
B18	DRQ1	NEW	DMA Request 1
B19	/	NEW	Refresh
	REFRES H		
B20	CLOCK	NEW	System Clock (67 ns, 8-8.33 MHz, 50% duty cycle)
B21	IRQ7	NEW	Interrupt Request 7
B22	IRQ6	NEW	Interrupt Request 6
B23	IRQ5	NEW	Interrupt Request 5
B24	IRQ4	NEW	Interrupt Request 4
B25	IRQ3	NEW	Interrupt Request 3
B26	/DACK2	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 2
B27	T/C	NEW	Terminal count; pulses high when DMA term. count reached
B28	ALE	NEW	Address Latch Enable
B29	+5V		+5 VDC
B30	OSC	NEW	High-speed Clock (70 ns, 1431818 MHz, 50% duty cycle)
B31	GND		Ground
C1	SBHE	NEW	System bus high enable (data available on SD8-15)
C2	LA23	NEW	Address bit 23
C3	LA22	NEW	Address bit 22
C4	LA21	NEW	Address bit 21
C5	LA20	NEW	Address bit 20
C6	LA18	NEW	Address bit 19
C7	LA17	NEW	Address bit 18
C8	LA16	NEW	Address bit 17
C9	/MEMR	NEW	Memory Read (Active on all memory read cycles)
C10	/MEMW	NEW	Memory Write (Active on all memory write cycles)
C11	SD08	NEW	Data bit 8
C12	SD09	NEW	Data bit 9
C13	SD10	NEW	Data bit 10
C14	SD11	NEW	Data bit 11
C15	SD12	NEW	Data bit 12
C16	SD13	NEW	Data bit 13

C17	SD14	NEW	Data bit 14
C18	SD15	NEW	Data bit 15
D1	/	NEW	Memory 16-bit chip select (1 wait, 16-bit memory cycle)
	MEMCS1 6		
D2	/IOCS16	NEW	I/O 16-bit chip select (1 wait, 16-bit I/O cycle)
D3	IRQ10	NEW	Interrupt Request 10
D4	IRQ11	NEW	Interrupt Request 11
D5	IRQ12	NEW	Interrupt Request 12
D6	IRQ15	NEW	Interrupt Request 15
D7	IRQ14	NEW	Interrupt Request 14
D8	/DACK0	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 0
D9	DRQ0	NEW	DMA Request 0
D10	/DACK5	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 5
D11	DRQ5	NEW	DMA Request 5
D12	/DACK6	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 6
D13	DRQ6	NEW	DMA Request 6
D14	/DACK7	NEW	DMA Acknowledge 7
D15	DRQ7	NEW	DMA Request 7
D16	+5 V		
D17	/MASTER	NEW	Used with DRQ to gain control of system
D18	GND		Ground

*Note: Direction is Motherboard relative ISA-Cards.*

*Note: B8 was /CARD SLCDTD on the XT. Card selected, activated by cards in XT's slot J8*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Sources: IBM PC/AT Technical Reference, pages 1-25 through 1-37*

*Sources: [comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware.\\* FAQ Part 4](#), maintained by [Ralph Valentino](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the ftp:

<ftp://rtfm.mit.edu/pub/usenet/news.answers/pc-hardware-faq/part1>

Open this address in your WWW browser or FTP client.

This the e-mail address:

ralf@alum.wpi.edu

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.



# ISA (Tech) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## ISA (Technical)

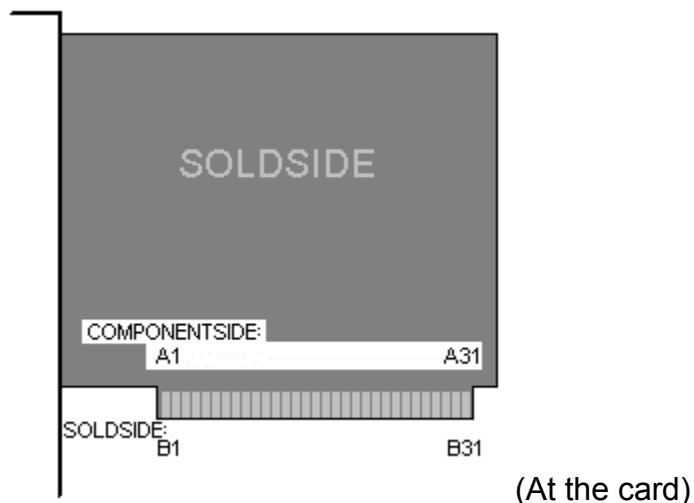
This file is designed to give a basic overview of the bus found in most IBM clone computers, often referred to as the XT or AT bus. The AT version of the bus is upwardly compatible, which means that cards designed to work on an XT bus will work on an AT bus. This bus was produced for many years without any formal standard. In recent years, a more formal standard called the ISA bus (Industry Standard Architecture) has been created, with an extension called the EISA (Extended ISA) bus also now as a standard. The EISA bus extensions will not be detailed here.

This file is not intended to be a thorough coverage of the standard. It is for informational purposes only, and is intended to give designers and hobbyists sufficient information to design their own XT and AT compatible cards.

### Physical Design:

ISA cards can be either 8-bit or 16-bit. 8-bit cards only uses the first 62 pins and 16-bit cards uses all 98 pins. Some 8-bit cards uses some of the 16-bit extension pins to get more interrupts.

#### 8-bit card:



#### 16-bit card:

NEW (At the card)

**NEW** (At the computer)

## Signal Descriptions:

**+5, -5, +12, -12**

Power supplies. -5 is often not implemented.

### **AEN**

Address Enable. This is asserted when a DMAC has control of the bus. This prevents an I/O device from responding to the I/O command lines during a DMA transfer. When AEN is active, the DMA Controller has control of the address bus as the memory and I/O read/write command lines.

### **BALE**

Bus Address Latch Enable. The address bus is latched on the rising edge of this signal. The address on the SA bus is valid from the falling edge of BALE to the end of the bus cycle. Memory devices should latch the LA bus on the falling edge of BALE. Some references refer to this signal as Buffered Address Latch Enable, or just Address Latch Enable (ALE). The Buffered-Address Latch Enable is used to latch SA0-19 on the falling edge. This signal is forced high during DMA cycles.

### **BCLK**

Bus Clock, 33% Duty Cycle. Frequency Varies. 4.77 to 8 MHz typical. 8.3 MHz is specified as the maximum, but many systems allow this clock to be set to 12 MHz and higher.

### **DACKx**

DMA Acknowledge. The active-low DMA Acknowledge 0 to 3 and 5 to 7 are the corresponding acknowledge signals for DRQ 0-3, 5-7.

### **DRQx**

DMA Request. These signals are asynchronous channel requests used by I/O channel devices to gain DMA service. DMA request channels 0-3 are for 8-bit data transfer. DMA request channels 5-7 are for 16-bit data transfer. DMA request channel 4 is used internally on the system board. DMA requests should be held high until the corresponding DACK line goes active. DMA requests are serviced in the following priority sequence:

High: DRQ 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 Lowest

### **IOCS16**

I/O size 16. Generated by a 16 bit slave when addressed by a bus master. The active-low I/O Chip Select 16 indicates that the current transfer is a 1 wait state, 16 bit I/O cycle. Open Collector.

### **I/O CH CK**

Channel Check. A low signal generates an NMI. The NMI signal can be masked on a

PC, externally to the processor (of course). Bit 7 of port 70(hex) (enable NMI interrupts) and bit 3 of port 61 (hex) (recognition of channel check) must both be set to zero for an NMI to reach the cpu. The I/O Channel Check is an active-low signal which indicates that a parity error exists in a device on the I/O channel.

## **I/O CH RDY**

Channel Ready. Setting this low prevents the default ready timer from timing out. The slave device may then set it high again when it is ready to end the bus cycle. Holding this line low for too long (15 microseconds, typical) can prevent RAM refresh cycles on some systems. This signal is called IOCHRDY (I/O Channel Ready) by some references. CHRDY and NOWS should not be used simultaneously. This may cause problems with some bus controllers. This signal is pulled low by a memory or I/O device to lengthen memory or I/O read/write cycles. It should only be held low for a maximum of 2.5 microseconds.

## **IOR**

The I/O Read is an active-low signal which instructs the I/O device to drive its data onto the data bus, SD0-SD15.

## **IOW**

The I/O Write is an active-low signal which instructs the I/O device to read data from the data bus, SD0-SD15.

## **IRQx**

Interrupt Request. IRQ2 has the highest priority. IRQ 10-15 are only available on AT machines, and are higher priority than IRQ 3-7. The Interrupt Request signals which indicate I/O service attention. They are prioritized in the following sequence: Highest IRQ 9(2),10,11,12,14,3,4,5,6,7

## **LAXx**

Latchable Address lines. Combine with the lower address lines to form a 24 bit address space (16 MB) These unlatched address signals give the system up to 16 MB of address ability. They are valid when "BALE" is high.

## **MASTER**

16 bit bus master. Generated by the ISA bus master when initiating a bus cycle. This active-low signal is used in conjunction with a DRQ line by a processor on the I/O channel to gain control of the system. The I/O processor first issues a DRQ, and upon receiving the corresponding DACK, the I/O processor may assert MASTER, which will allow it to control the system address, data and control lines. This signal should not be asserted for more than 15 microseconds, or system memory may be corrupted due to the lack of memory refresh activity.

## **MEMCS16**

The active-low Memory Chip Select 16 indicates that the current data transfer is a 1 wait state, 16 bit data memory cycle.

## **MEMR**

The Memory Read is an active-low signal which instructs memory devices to drive data onto the data bus SD0-SD15. This signal is active on all memory read cycles.

## **MEMW**

The Memory Write is an active-low signal which instructs memory devices to store data present on the data bus SD0-SD15. This signal is active on all memory write cycles.

## **NOWS**

No Wait State. Used to shorten the number of wait states generated by the default ready timer. This causes the bus cycle to end more quickly, since wait states will not be inserted. Most systems will ignore NOWS if CHRDY is active (low). However, this may cause problems with some bus controllers, and both signals should not be active simultaneously.

## **OSC**

Oscillator, 14.31818 MHz, 50% Duty Cycle. Frequency varies. This was originally divided by 3 to provide the 4.77 MHz cpu clock of early PCs, and divided by 12 to produce the 1.19 MHz system clock. Some references have placed this signal as low as 1 MHz (possibly referencing the system clock), but most modern systems use 14.318 MHz.

This frequency (14.318 MHz) is four times the television colorburst frequency. Refresh timing on many PC's is based on OSC/18, or approximately one refresh cycle every 15 microseconds. Many modern motherboards allow this rate to be changed, which frees up some bus cycles for use by software, but also can cause memory errors if the system RAM cannot handle the slower refresh rates.

## **REFRESH**

Refresh. Generated when the refresh logic is bus master. This active-low signal is used to indicate a memory refresh cycle is in progress. An ISA device acting as bus master may also use this signal to initiate a refresh cycle.

## **RESET**

This signal goes low when the machine is powered up. Driving it low will force a system reset. This signal goes high to reset the system during powerup, low line-voltage or hardware reset. ????????????????

## **SA0-SA19**

System Address Lines, tri-state. The System Address lines run from bit 0 to bit 19. They are latched on to the falling edge of "BALE".

## **SBHE**

System Bus High Enable, tristate. Indicates a 16 bit data transfer. The System Bus High Enable indicates high byte transfer is occurring on the data bus SD8-SD15. This may also indicate an 8 bit transfer using the upper half of the bus data (if an odd address is present).

## SD0-SD16

System Data lines, or Standard Data Lines. They are bidirectional and tri-state. On most systems, the data lines float high when not driven. These 16 lines provide for data transfer between the processor, memory and I/O devices.

## SMEMR

System Memory Read Command line. Indicates a memory read in the lower 1 MB area. This System Memory Read is an active-low signal which instructs memory devices to drive data onto the data bus SD0-SD15. This signal is active only when the memory address is within the lowest 1MB of memory address space.

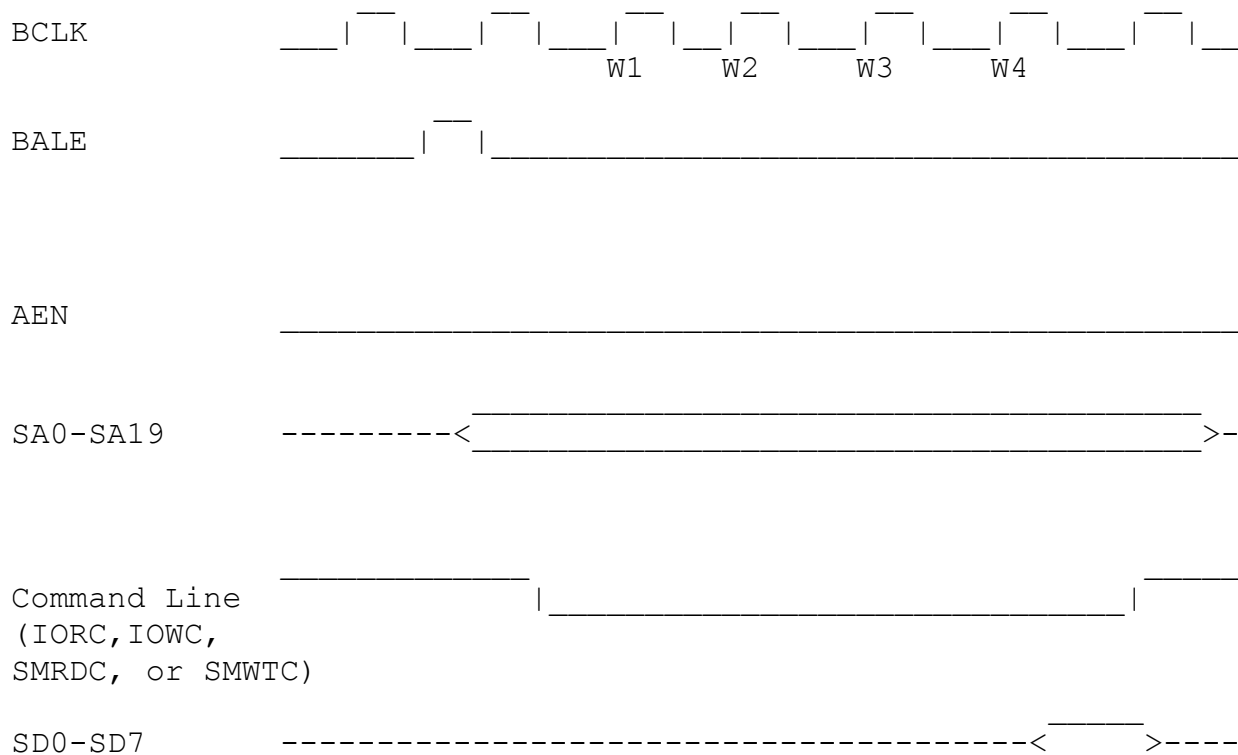
## SMEMW

System Memory Write Command line. Indicates a memory write in the lower 1 MB area. The System Memory Write is an active-low signal which instructs memory devices to store data preset on the data bus SD0-SD15. This signal is active only when the memory address is within the lowest 1MB of memory address space.

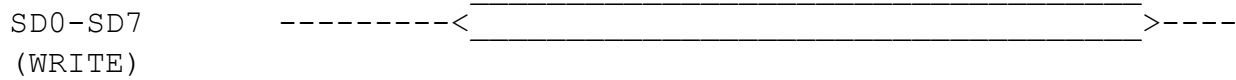
## T/C

Terminal Count. Notifies the cpu that that the last DMA data transfer operation is complete. Terminal Count provides a pulse when the terminal count for any DMA channel is reached.

## 8 Bit Memory or I/O Transfer Timing Diagram (4 wait states shown)



(READ)



Note: W1 through W4 indicate wait cycles.

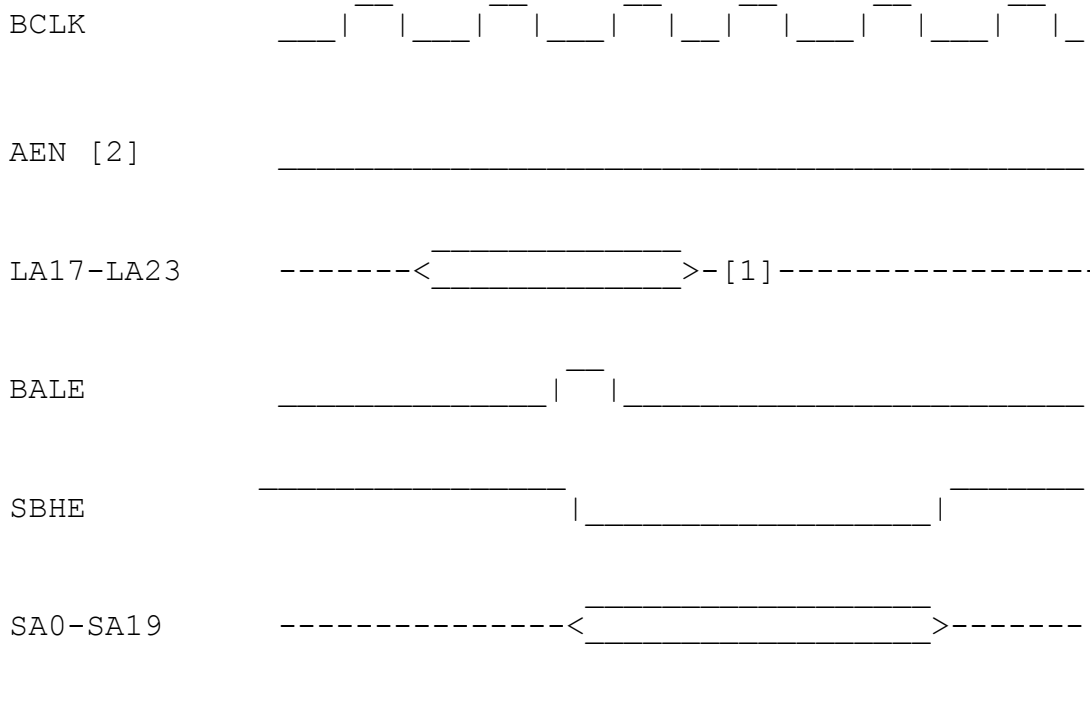
BALE is placed high, and the address is latched on the SA bus. The slave device may safely sample the address during the falling edge of BALE, and the address on the SA bus remains valid until the end of the transfer cycle. Note that AEN remains low throughout the entire transfer cycle.

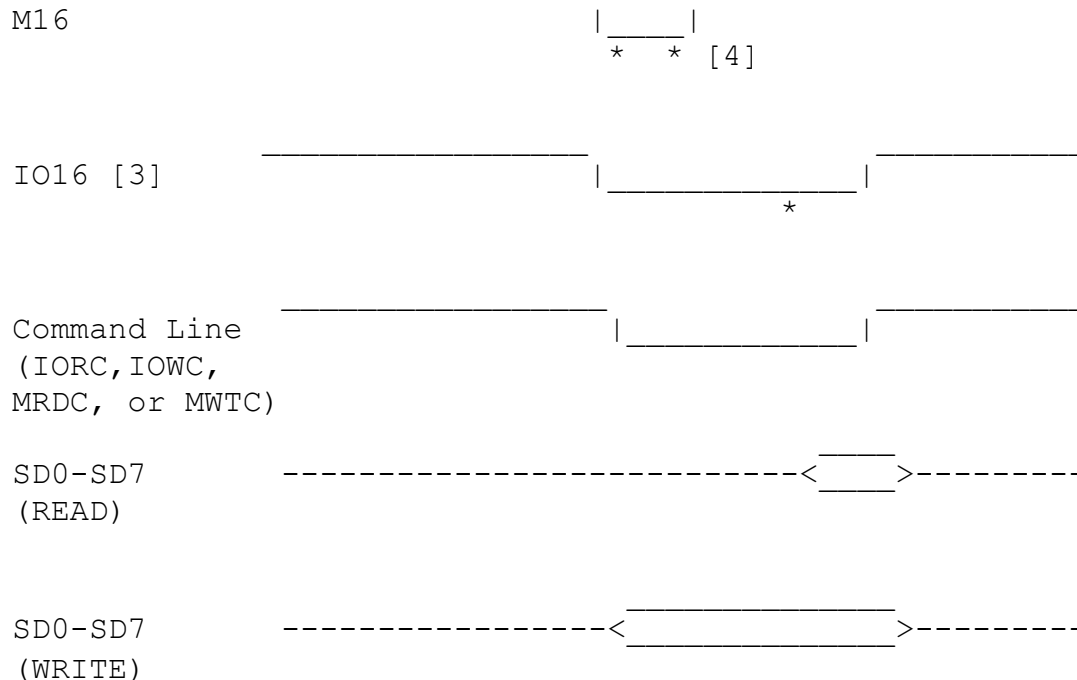
The command line is then pulled low (IORC or IOWC for I/O commands, SMRDSC or SMWTC for memory commands, read and write respectively). For write operations, the data remains on the SD bus for the remainder of the transfer cycle. For read operations, the data must be valid on the falling edge of the last cycle.

NOWS is sampled at the midpoint of each wait cycle. If it is low, the transfer cycle terminates without further wait states. CHRDY is sampled during the first half of the clock cycle. If it is low, further wait cycles will be inserted.

The default for 8 bit transfers is 4 wait states. Some computers allow the number of default wait states to be changed.

## 16 Bit Memory or I/O Transfer Timing Diagram (1 wait state shown)





An asterisk (\*) denotes the point where the signal is sampled.

[1] The portion of the address on the LA bus for the NEXT cycle may now be placed on the bus. This is used so that cards may begin decoding the address early. Address pipelining must be active.

[2] AEN remains low throughout the entire transfer cycle, indicating that a normal (non-DMA) transfer is occurring.

[3] Some bus controllers sample this signal during the same clock cycle as M16, instead of during the first wait state, as shown above. In this case, IO16 needs to be pulled low as soon as the address is decoded, which is before the I/O command lines are active.

[4] M16 is sampled a second time, in case the adapter card did not active the signal in time for the first sample (usually because the memory device is not monitoring the LA bus for early address information, or is waiting for the falling edge of BALE).

16 bit transfers follow the same basic timing as 8 bit transfers. A valid address may appear on the LA bus prior to the beginning of the transfer cycle. Unlike the SA bus, the LA bus is not latched, and is not valid for the entire transfer cycle (on most computers). The LA bus should be latched on the falling edge of BALE. Note that on some systems, the LA bus signals will follow the same timing as the SA bus. On either type of system, a valid address is present on the falling edge of BALE.

I/O adapter cards do not need to monitor the LA bus or BALE, since I/O addresses are always within the address space of the SA bus.

SBHE will be pulled low by the system board, and the adapter card must respond with IO16 or M16 at the appropriate time, or else the transfer will be split into two separate 8 bit transfers. Many systems expect IO16 or M16 before the command lines are valid. This requires that IO16 or M16 be pulled low as soon as the address is decoded (before it is known whether the cycle is I/O or Memory). If the system is starting a memory

cycle, it will ignore IO16 (and vice-versa for I/O cycles and M16).

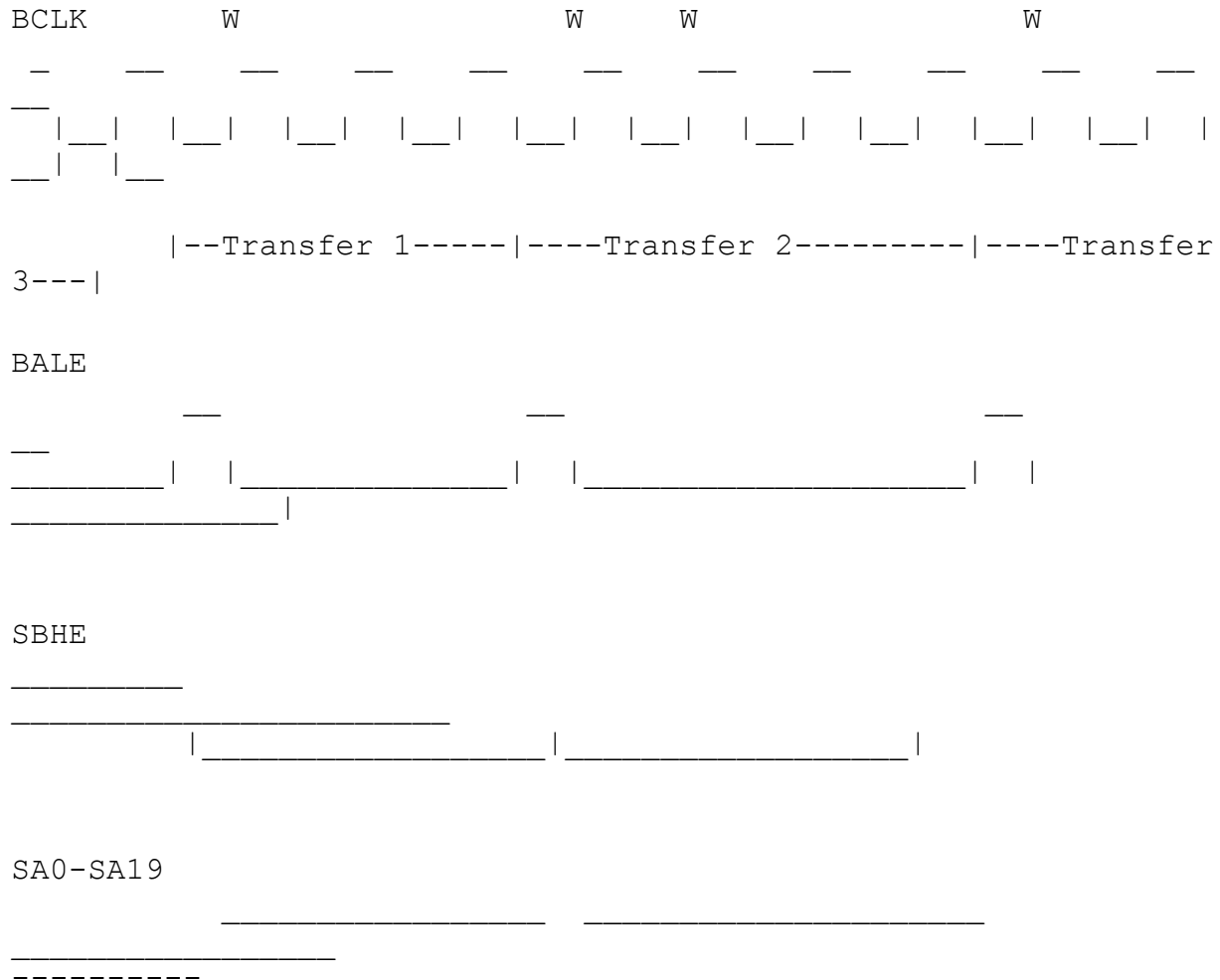
For read operations, the data is sampled on the rising edge of the last clock cycle. For write operations, valid data appears on the bus before the end of the cycle, as shown in the timing diagram. While the timing diagram indicates that the data needs to be sampled on the rising clock, on most systems it remains valid for the entire clock cycle.

The default for 16 bit transfers is 1 wait state. This may be shortened or lengthened in the same manner as 8 bit transfers, via NOWS and CHRDY. Many systems only allow 16 bit memory devices (and not I/O devices) to transfer using 0 wait states (NOWS has no effect on 16 bit I/O cycles).

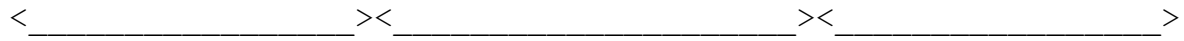
SMRDC/SMWTC follow the same timing as MRDC/MWTC respectively when the address is within the lower 1 MB. If the address is not within the lower 1 MB boundary, SMRDC/SMWTC will remain high during the entire cycle.

It is also possible for an 8 bit bus cycle to use the upper portion of the bus. In this case, the timing will be similar to a 16 bit cycle, but an odd address will be present on the bus. This means that the bus is transferring 8 bits using the upper data bits (SD8-SD15).

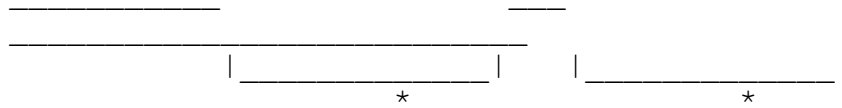
## Shortening or Lengthening the bus cycle:



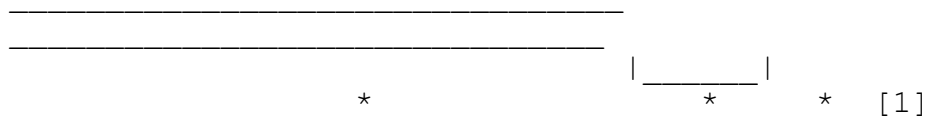




IO16



CHRDY



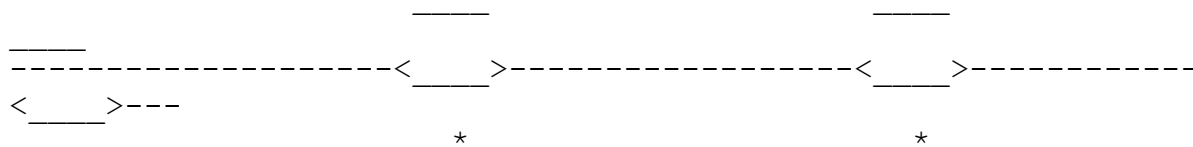
NOWS



IORC



SD0-SD15



\*

An asterisk (\*) denotes the point where the signal is sampled.

W=Wait Cycle

This timing diagram shows three different transfer cycles. The first is a 16 bit standard I/O read. This is followed by an almost identical 16 bit I/O read, with one wait state inserted. The I/O device pulls CHRDY low to indicate that it is not ready to complete the transfer (see [1]). This inserts a wait cycle, and CHRDY is again sampled. At this second sample, the I/O device has completed its operation and released CHRDY, and the bus cycle now terminates. The third cycle is an 8 bit transfer, which is shortened to 1 wait state (the default is 4) by the use of NOWS.

## I/O Port Addresses

Note: Only the first 10 address lines are decoded for I/O operations. This limits the I/O address space to address 3FF (hex) and lower. Some systems allow for 16 bit I/O address space, but may be limited due to some I/O cards only decoding 10 of these 16 bits.

### Port (hex) Port Assignments

000-00F	DMA Controller
010-01F	DMA Controller (PS/2)
020-02F	Master Programmable Interrupt Controller (PIC)
030-03F	Slave PIC
040-05F	Programmable Interval Timer (PIT)
060-06F	Keyboard Controller
070-071	Real Time Clock
080-083	DMA Page Register
090-097	Programmable Option Select (PS/2)
0A0-0AF	PIC #2
0C0-0CF	DMAC #2
0E0-0EF	reserved
0F0-0FF	Math coprocessor, PCJr Disk Controller
100-10F	Programmable Option Select (PS/2)
110-16F	AVAILABLE
170-17F	Hard Drive 1 (AT)
180-1EF	AVAILABLE
1F0-1FF	Hard Drive 0 (AT)
200-20F	Game Adapter
210-217	Expansion Card Ports
220-26F	AVAILABLE
278-27F	Parallel Port 3
280-2A1	AVAILABLE
2A2-2A3	clock
2B0-2DF	EGA/Video
2E2-2E3	Data Acquisition Adapter (AT)
2E8-2EF	Serial Port COM4
2F0-2F7	Reserved
2F8-2FF	Serial Port COM2
300-31F	Prototype Adapter, Periscope Hardware

	Debugger
320-32F	AVAILABLE
330-33F	Reserved for XT/370
340-35F	AVAILABLE
360-36F	Network
370-377	Floppy Disk Controller
378-37F	Parallel Port 2
380-38F	SDLC Adapter
390-39F	Cluster Adapter
3A0-3AF	reserved
3B0-3BF	Monochrome Adapter
3BC-3BF	Parallel Port 1
3C0-3CF	EGA/VGA
3D0-3DF	Color Graphics Adapter
3E0-3EF	Serial Port COM3
3F0-3F7	Floppy Disk Controller
3F8-3FF	Serial Port COM1

Soundblaster cards usually use I/O ports 220-22F.

Data acquisition cards frequently use 300-31F.

## **DMA Read and Write**

The ISA bus uses two DMA controllers (DMAC) cascaded together. The slave DMAC connects to the master DMAC via DMA channel 4 (channel 0 on the master DMAC). The slave therefore gains control of the bus through the master DMAC. On the ISA bus, the DMAC is programmed to use fixed priority (channel 0 always has the highest priority), which means that channel 0-4 from the slave have the highest priority (since they connect to the master channel 0), followed by channels 5-7 (which are channel 1-3 on the master).

The DMAC can be programmed for read transfers (data is read from memory and written to the I/O device), write transfers (data is read from the I/O device and written to memory), or verify transfers (neither a read or a write - this was used by DMA CH0 for DRAM refresh on early PCs).

Before a DMA transfer can take place, the DMA Controller (DMAC) must be programmed. This is done by writing the start address and the number of bytes to transfer (called the transfer count) and the direction of the transfer to the DMAC. After the DMAC has been programmed, the device may activate the appropriate DMA request (DRQx) line.

## **Slave DMA Controller**

**I/O Port**

- 0000 DMA CH0 Memory Address Register  
Contains the lower 16 bits of the memory address, written as two consecutive bytes.
- 0001 DMA CH0 Transfer Count  
Contains the lower 16 bits of the transfer count, written as two consecutive bytes.
- 0002 DMA CH1 Memory Address Register
- 0003 DMA CH1 Transfer Count
- 0004 DMA CH2 Memory Address Register
- 0005 DMA CH2 Transfer Count
- 0006 DMA CH3 Memory Address Register
- 0007 DMA CH3 Transfer Count
- 0008 DMAC Status/Control Register  
Status (I/O read) bits 0-3: Terminal Count, CH 0-3  
- bits 4-7: Request CH0-3  
Control (write)  
- bit 0: Mem to mem enable (1 = enabled)  
- bit 1: ch0 address hold enable (1 = enabled)  
- bit 2: controller disable (1 = disabled)  
- bit 3: timing (0 = normal, 1 = compressed)  
- bit 4: priority (0 = fixed, 1 = rotating)  
- bit 5: write selection (0 = late, 1 = extended)  
- bit 6: DRQx sense asserted (0 = high, 1 = low)  
- bit 7: DAKn sense asserted (0 = low, 1 = high)
- 0009 Software DRQn Request  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH0-3)  
- bit 2: request bit (0 = reset, 1 = set)
- 000 DMA mask register  
A  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH0-3)  
- bit 2: mask bit (0 = reset, 1 = set)
- 000 DMA Mode Register  
B  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH0-3)  
- bits 2-3: 00 = verify transfer, 01 = write transfer, 10 = read transfer, 11 = reserved  
- bit 4: Auto init (0 = disabled, 1 = enabled)  
- bit 5: Address (0 = increment, 1 = decrement)  
- bits 6-7: 00 = demand transfer mode, 01 = single transfer

mode, 10 = block transfer mode, 11 = cascade mode

000 DMA Clear Byte Pointer

C Writing to this causes the DMAC to clear the pointer used to keep track of 16 bit data transfers into and out of the DMAC for hi/low byte sequencing.

000 DMA Master Clear (Hardware Reset)

D

000 DMA Reset Mask Register - clears the mask register

E

000F DMA Mask Register  
- bits 0-3: mask bits for CH0-3 (0 = not masked, 1 = masked)

0081 DMA CH2 Page Register (address bits A16-A23)

0082 DMA CH3 Page Register

0083 DMA CH1 Page Register

0087 DMA CH0 Page Register

0089 DMA CH6 Page Register

008 DMA CH7 Page Register

A

008 DMA CH5 Page Register

B

## Master DMA Controller

### I/O Port

00C0 DMA CH4 Memory Address Register  
Contains the lower 16 bits of the memory address, written as two consecutive bytes.

00C2 DMA CH4 Transfer Count  
Contains the lower 16 bits of the transfer count, written as two consecutive bytes.

00C4 DMA CH5 Memory Address Register

00C6 DMA CH5 Transfer Count

00C8 DMA CH6 Memory Address Register

00C DMA CH6 Transfer Count

A

00C DMA CH7 Memory Address Register

C

00C DMA CH7 Transfer Count  
E

00D0 DMAC Status/Control Register  
Status (I/O read) bits 0-3: Terminal Count, CH 4-7  
- bits 4-7: Request CH4-7  
Control (write)- bit 0: Mem to mem enable (1 = enabled)  
- bit 1: ch0 address hold enable (1 = enabled)  
- bit 2: controller disable (1 = disabled)  
- bit 3: timing (0 = normal, 1 = compressed)  
- bit 4: priority (0 = fixed, 1 = rotating)  
- bit 5: write selection (0 = late, 1 = extended)  
- bit 6: DRQx sense asserted (0 = high, 1 = low)  
- bit 7: DAKn sense asserted (0 = low, 1 = high)

00D2 Software DRQn Request  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH4-7)  
- bit 2: request bit (0 = reset, 1 = set)

00D4 DMA mask register  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH4-7)  
- bit 2: mask bit (0 = reset, 1 = set)

00D6 DMA Mode Register  
- bits 0-1: channel select (CH4-7)  
- bits 2-3: 00 = verify transfer, 01 = write transfer, 10 = read transfer, 11 = reserved  
- bit 4: Auto init (0 = disabled, 1 = enabled)  
- bit 5: Address (0 = increment, 1 = decrement)  
- bits 6-7: 00 = demand transfer mode, 01 = single transfer mode, 10 = block transfer mode, 11 = cascade mode

00D8 DMA Clear Byte Pointer  
Writing to this causes the DMAC to clear the pointer used to keep track of 16 bit data transfers into and out of the DMAC for hi/low byte sequencing.

00D DMA Master Clear (Hardware Reset)  
A

00D DMA Reset Mask Register - clears the mask register  
C

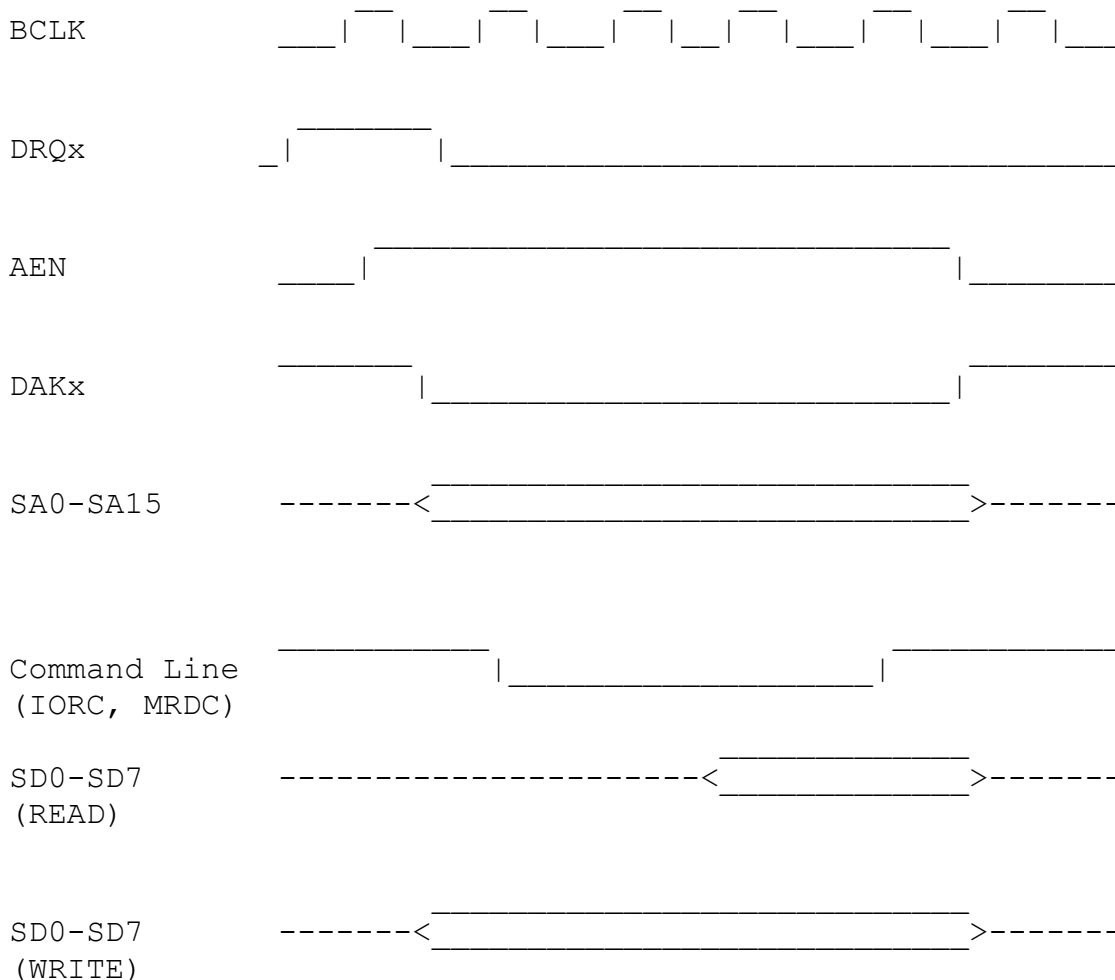
00D DMA Mask Register  
E - bits 0-3: mask bits for CH4-7 (0 = not masked, 1 =

masked)

## Single Transfer Mode

The DMAC is programmed for transfer. The DMA device requests a transfer by driving the appropriate DRQ line high. The DMAC responds by asserting AEN and acknowledges the DMA request through the appropriate DAK line. The I/O and memory command lines are also asserted. When the DMA device sees the DAK signal, it drops the DRQ line.

The DMAC places the memory address on the SA bus (at the same time as the command lines are asserted), and the device either reads from or writes to memory, depending on the type of transfer. The transfer count is incremented, and the address incremented/decremented. DAK is de-asserted. The cpu now once again has control of the bus, and continues execution until the I/O device is once again ready for transfer. The DMA device repeats the procedure, driving DRQ high and waiting for DAK, then transferring data. This continues for a number of cycles equal to the transfer count. When this has been completed, the DMAC signals the cpu that the DMA transfer is complete via the TC (terminal count) signal.



## Block Transfer Mode

The DMAC is programmed for transfer. The device attempting DMA transfer drives the appropriate DRQ line high. The motherboard responds by driving AEN high and DAK low. This indicates that the DMA device is now the bus master. In response to the DAK signal, the DMA device drops DRQ. The DMAC places the address for DMA transfer on the address bus. Both the memory and I/O command lines are asserted (since DMA involves both an I/O and a memory device). AEN prevents I/O devices from responding to the I/O command lines, which would not result in proper operation since the I/O lines are active, but a memory address is on the address bus. The data transfer is now done (memory read or write), and the DMAC increments/decrements the address and begins another cycle. This continues for a number of cycles equal to the DMAC transfer count. When this has been completed, the terminal count signal (TC) is generated by the DMAC to inform the cpu that the DMA transfer has been completed.

Note: Block transfer must be used carefully. The bus cannot be used for other things (like RAM refresh) while block mode transfers are being done.

## Demand Transfer Mode

The DMAC is programmed for transfer. The device attempting DMA transfer drives the appropriate DRQ line high. The motherboard responds by driving AEN high and DAK low. This indicates that the DMA device is now the bus master. Unlike single transfer and block transfer, the DMA device does not drop DRQ in response to DAK. The DMA device transfers data in the same manner as for block transfers. The DMAC will continue to generate DMA cycles as long as the I/O device asserts DRQ. When the I/O device is unable to continue the transfer (if it no longer had data ready to transfer, for example), it drops DRQ and the cpu once again has control of the bus. Control is returned to the DMAC by once again asserting DRQ. This continues until the terminal count has been reached, and the TC signal informs the cpu that the transfer has been completed.

## Interrupts on the ISA bus

Name	Interr upt	Description
NMI	2	Parity Error, Mem Refresh
IRQ0	8	8253 Channel 0 (System Timer)
IRQ1	9	Keyboard
IRQ2	A	Cascade from slave PIC
IRQ3	B	COM2
IRQ4	C	COM1
IRQ5	D	LPT2



IRQ6	E	Floppy Drive Controller
IRQ7	F	LPT1
IRQ8	F	Real Time Clock
IRQ9	F	Redirection to IRQ2
IRQ1	F	Reserved
0		
IRQ11	F	Reserved
IRQ1	F	Mouse Interface
2		
IRQ1	F	Coprocessor
3		
IRQ1	F	Hard Drive Controller
4		
IRQ1	F	Reserved
5		

IRQ0,1,2,8, and 13 are not available on the ISA bus.

The IBM PC and XT had only a single 8259 interrupt controller. The AT and later machines have a second interrupt controller, and the two are used in a master/slave combination. IRQ2 and IRQ9 are the same pin on most ISA systems. Interrupts on most systems may be either edge triggered or level triggered. The default is usually edge triggered, and active high (low to high transition). The interrupt level must be held high until the first interrupt acknowledge cycle (two interrupt acknowledge bus cycles are generated in response to an interrupt request).

The software aspects of interrupts and interrupt handlers is intentionally omitted from this document, due to the numerous syntactical differences in software tools and the fact that adequate documentation of this topic is usually provided with development software.

## Bus Mastering:

An ISA device may take control of the bus, but this must be done with caution. There are no safety mechanisms involved, and so it is easily possible to crash the entire system by incorrectly taking control of the bus. For example, most systems require bus cycles for DRAM refresh. If the ISA bus master does not relinquish control of the bus or generate its own DRAM refresh cycles every 15 microseconds, the system RAM can become corrupted. The ISA adapter card can generate refresh cycles without relinquishing control of the bus by asserting REFRESH. MRDC can be then monitored to determine when the refresh cycle ends.

To take control of the bus, the device first asserts its DRQ line. The DMAC sends a hold request to the cpu, and when the DMAC receives a hold acknowledge, it asserts the appropriate DAK line corresponding to the DRQ line asserted. The device is now the bus master. AEN is asserted, so if the device wishes to access I/O devices, it must

assert MASTER16 to release AEN. Control of the bus is returned to the system board by releasing DRQ.

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Niklas Edmundsson, Mark Sokos, Pieter Hollants

Sources: Mark Sokos ISA page

Sources: "ISA System Architecture, 3rd Edition" by Tom Shanley and Don Anderson ISBN 0-201-40996-8

Sources: "Eisa System Architecture, 2nd Edition" by Tom Shanley and Don Anderson ISBN 0-201-40995-X

Sources: "Microcomputer Busses" by R.M. Cram ISBN 0-12-196155-9

Sources: HelpPC v2.10 Quick Reference Utility, by David Jurgens

Sources: ZIDA 80486 Mother Board User's Manual, OPTi 486, 82C495sx

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Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.gl.umbc.edu/~msokos1/isa.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser.



E18	LA31#	Latchable Addressline 31
E19	GND	Ground
E20	LA30#	Latchable Addressline 30
E21	LA28#	Latchable Addressline 28
E22	LA27#	Latchable Addressline 27
E23	LA25#	Latchable Addressline 25
E24	GND	Ground
E25	KEY	Access Key
E26	LA15	Latchable Addressline 15
E27	LA13	Latchable Addressline 13
E28	LA12	Latchable Addressline 12
E29	LA11	Latchable Addressline 11
E30	GND	Ground
E31	LA9	Latchable Addressline 9
F1	GND	Ground
F2	+5V	+5 VDC
F3	+5V	+5 VDC
F4	---	
F5	---	
F6	KEY	Access Key
F7	---	
F8	---	
F9	+12V	+12 VDC
F10	M/IO#	Memory/Input-Output
F11	LOCK#	Lock bus
F12	RES	Reserved

F13	GND	Ground
F14	RES	Reserved
F15	BE3#	Byte Enable 3
F16	KEY	Access Key
F17	BE2#	Byte Enable 2
F18	BE0#	Byte Enable 0
F19	GND	Ground
F20	+5V	+5 VDC
F21	LA29#	Latchable Addressline 29
F22	GND	Ground
F23	LA26#	Latchable Addressline 26
F24	LA24#	Latchable Addressline 24
F25	KEY	Access Key
F26	LA16	Latchable Addressline 16
F27	LA14	Latchable Addressline 14
F28	+5V	+5 VDC
F29	+5V	+5 VDC
F30	GND	Ground
F31	LA10	Latchable Addressline 10
G1	LA7	Latchable Addressline 7
G2	GND	Ground
G3	LA4	Latchable Addressline 4
G4	LA3	Latchable Addressline 3
G5	GND	Ground
G6	KEY	Access Key
G7	D17	Data 17
G8	D19	Data 19



G9	D20	Data 20
G10	D22	Data 22
G11	GND	Ground
G12	D25	Data 25
G13	D26	Data 26
G14	D28	Data 28
G15	KEY	Access Key
G16	GND	Ground
G17	D30	Data 30
G18	D31	Data 31
G19	MREQx	Master Request
H1	LA8	Latchable Addressline 8
H2	LA6	Latchable Addressline 6
H3	LA5	Latchable Addressline 5
H4	+5V	+5 VDC
H5	LA2	Latchable Addressline 2
H6	KEY	Access Key
H7	D16	Data 16
H8	D18	Data 18
H9	GND	Ground
H10	D21	Data 21
H11	D23	Data 23
H12	D24	Data 24
H13	GND	Ground
H14	D27	Data 27
H15	KEY	Access Key
H16	D29	Data 29
H17	+5V	+5 VDC
H18	+5V	+5 VDC
H19	MAKx	Master Acknowledge

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Sokos

Sources: Mark Sokos EISA page

Sources: "Eisa System Architecture, 2nd Edition" by Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, ISBN 0-201-40995-X

Sources: [comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware.\\* FAQ Part 4](#), maintained by [Ralph Valentino](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.gl.umbc.edu/~msokos1/eisa.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

# EISA (Tech) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## EISA (Technical)

This section is currently based solely on the work by Mark Sokos.

This file is intended to provide a basic functional overview of the EISA Bus, so that hobbyists and amateurs can design their own EISA compatible cards.

It is not intended to provide complete coverage of the EISA standard.

EISA is an acronym for Extended Industry Standard Architecture. It is an extension of the ISA architecture, which is a standardized version of the bus originally developed by IBM for their PC computers. EISA is upwardly compatible, which means that cards originally designed for the 8 bit IBM bus (often referred to as the XT bus) and cards designed for the 16 bit bus (referred to as the AT bus, and also as the ISA bus), will work in an EISA slot. EISA specific cards will not work in an AT or an XT slot.

The EISA connector uses multiple rows of connectors. The upper row is the same as a regular ISA slot, and the lower row contains the EISA extension. The slot is keyed so that ISA cards cannot be inserted to the point where they connect with the EISA signals.

## Signal Descriptions

### **+5, -5, +12, -12**

Power supplies. -5 is often not implemented.

### **AEN**

Address Enable. This is asserted when a DMAC has control of the bus. This prevents an I/O device from responding to the I/O command lines during a DMA transfer.

### **BALE**

Bus Address Latch Enable. The address bus is latched on the rising edge of this signal. The address on the SA bus is valid from the falling edge of BALE to the end of the bus cycle. Memory devices should latch the LA bus on the falling edge of BALE.

### **BCLK**

Bus Clock, 33% Duty Cycle. Frequency Varies. 8.33 MHz is specified as the maximum, but many systems allow this clock to be set to 10 MHz and higher.

### **BE(x)**

Byte Enable. Indicates to the slave device which bytes on the data bus contain valid data. A 16 bit transfer would assert BE0 and BE1, for example, but not BE2 or BE3.

### **CHCHK**

Channel Check. A low signal generates an NMI. The NMI signal can be masked on a

PC, externally to the processor (of course). Bit 7 of port 70(hex) (enable NMI interrupts) and bit 3 of port 61 (hex) (recognition of channel check) must both be set to zero for an NMI to reach the cpu.

### **CHRDY**

Channel Ready. Setting this low prevents the default ready timer from timing out. The slave device may then set it high again when it is ready to end the bus cycle. Holding this line low for too long can cause problems on some systems. CHRDY and NOWS should not be used simultaneously. This may cause problems with some bus controllers.

### **CMD**

Command Phase. This signal indicates that the current bus cycle is in the command phase. After the start phase (see START), the data is transferred during the CMD phase. CMD remains asserted from the falling edge of START until the end of the bus cycle.

### **SD0-SD16**

System Data lines. They are bidirectional and tri-state.

### **DAKx**

DMA Acknowledge.

### **DRQx**

DMA Request.

### **EX16**

EISA Slave Size 16. This is used by the slave device to inform the bus master that it is capable of 16 bit transfers.

### **EX32**

EISA Slave Size 32. This is used by the slave device to inform the bus master that it is capable of 32 bit transfers.

### **EXRDY**

EISA Ready. If this signal is asserted, the cycle will end on the next rising edge of BCLK. The slave device drives this signal low to insert wait states.

### **IO16**

I/O size 16. Generated by a 16 bit slave when addressed by a bus master.

### **IORC**

I/O Read Command line.

### **IOWC**

I/O Write Command line.

## **IRQx**

Interrupt Request. IRQ2 has the highest priority.

## **LAXx**

Latchable Address lines.

## **LOCK**

Asserting this signal prevents other bus masters from requesting control of the bus.

## **MAKx**

Master Acknowledge for slot x: Indicates that the bus master request (MREQx) has been granted.

## **MASTER16**

16 bit bus master. Generated by the ISA bus master when initiating a bus cycle.

## **M/IO**

Memory/Input-Output. This is used to indicate whether the current bus cycle is a memory or an I/O operation.

## **M16**

Memory Access, 16 bit

## **MRDC**

Memory Read Command line.

## **MREQx**

Master Request for Slot x: This is a slot specific request for the device to become the bus master.

## **MSBURST**

Master Burst. The bus master asserts this signal in response to SLBURST. This tells the slave device that the bus master is also capable of burst cycles.

## **MWTC**

Memory Write Command line.

## **NOWS**

No Wait State. Used to shorten the number of wait states generated by the default ready timer. This causes the bus cycle to end more quickly, since wait states will not be inserted. Most systems will ignore NOWS if CHRDY is active (low). However, this may cause problems with some bus controllers, and both signals should not be active simultaneously.

## **OSC**

Oscillator, 14.318 MHz, 50% Duty Cycle. Frequency varies.

## **REFRESH**

Refresh. Generated when the refresh logic is bus master.

## **RESDRV**

This signal goes low when the machine is powered up. Driving it low will force a system reset.

## **SA0-SA19**

System Address Lines, tri-state.

## **SBHE**

System Bus High Enable, tristate. Indicates a 16 bit data transfer.

## **SLBURST**

Slave Burst. The slave device uses this to indicate that it is capable of burst cycles. The bus master will respond with MSBURST if it is also capable of burst cycles.

## **SMRDC**

Standard Memory Read Command line. Indicates a memory read in the lower 1 MB area.

## **SMWTC**

Standard Memory Write Command line. Indicates a memory write in the lower 1 MB area.

## **START**

Start Phase. This signal is low when the current bus cycle is in the start phase. Address and M/I/O signals are decoded during this phase. Data is transferred during the command phase (indicated by CMD).

## **TC**

Terminal Count. Notifies the cpu that that the last DMA data transfer operation is complete.

## **W/R**

Write or Read. Used to indicate if the current bus cycle is a read or a write operation.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Mark Sokos](#)*

*Sources: [Mark Sokos EISA page](#)*

*Sources: "Eisa System Architecture, 2nd Edition" by Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, ISBN 0-201-40995-X*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*





A7	INTC			Interrupt C
A8	+5V			+5 VDC
A9	RESV 01			Reserved VDC
A10	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A11	RESV 03			Reserved VDC
A12	GND0 3	(OPE N)	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
A13	GND0 5	(OPE N)	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
A14	RESV 05			Reserved VDC
A15	RESE T			Reset
A16	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A17	GNT			Grant PCI use
A18	GND0 8			Ground
A19	RESV 06			Reserved VDC
A20	AD30			Address/Data 30
A21	+3.3V 01			+3.3 VDC
A22	AD28			Address/Data 28
A23	AD26			Address/Data 26
A24	GND1 0			Ground
A25	AD24			Address/Data 24
A26	IDSEL			Initialization Device Select
A27	+3.3V 03			+3.3 VDC
A28	AD22			Address/Data 22
A29	AD20			Address/Data 20

A30	GND1 2	Ground
A31	AD18	Address/Data 18
A32	AD16	Address/Data 16
A33	+3.3V 05	+3.3 VDC
A34	FRAM E	Address or Data phase
A35	GND1 4	Ground
A36	TRDY	Target Ready
A37	GND1 5	Ground
A38	STOP	Stop Transfer Cycle
A39	+3.3V 07	+3.3 VDC
A40	SDON E	Snoop Done
A41	SBO	Snoop Backoff
A42	GND1 7	Ground
A43	PAR	Parity
A44	AD15	Address/Data 15
A45	+3.3V 10	+3.3 VDC
A46	AD13	Address/Data 13
A47	AD11	Address/Data 11
A48	GND1 9	Ground
A49	AD9	Address/Data 9
A52	C/BE0	Command, Byte Enable 0
A53	+3.3V 11	+3.3 VDC
A54	AD6	Address/Data 6
A55	AD4	Address/Data 4
A56	GND2	Ground

	1			
A57	AD2			Address/Data 2
A58	AD0			Address/Data 0
A59	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A60	REQ6 4			Request 64 bit ???
A61	VCC1 1			+5 VDC
A62	VCC1 3			+5 VDC
A63	GND			Ground
A64	C/ BE[7] #			Command, Byte Enable 7
A65	C/ BE[5] #			Command, Byte Enable 5
A66	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A67	PAR6 4			Parity 64 ???
A68	AD62			Address/Data 62
A69	GND			Ground
A70	AD60			Address/Data 60
A71	AD58			Address/Data 58
A72	GND			Ground
A73	AD56			Address/Data 56
A74	AD54			Address/Data 54
A75	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A76	AD52			Address/Data 52
A77	AD50			Address/Data 50
A78	GND			Ground
A79	AD48			Address/Data 48
A80	AD46			Address/Data 46

A81	GND			Ground
A82	AD44			Address/Data 44
A83	AD42			Address/Data 42
A84	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
A85	AD40			Address/Data 40
A86	AD38			Address/Data 38
A87	GND			Ground
A88	AD36			Address/Data 36
A89	AD34			Address/Data 34
A90	GND			Ground
A91	AD32			Address/Data 32
A92	RES			Reserved
A93	GND			Ground
A94	RES			Reserved
B1	-12V			-12 VDC
B2	TCK			Test Clock
B3	GND			Ground
B4	TDO			Test Data Output
B5	+5V			+5 VDC
B6	+5V			+5 VDC
B7	INTB			Interrupt B
B8	INTD			Interrupt D
B9	PRSN T1			Reserved
B10	RES			+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
B11	PRSN T2			??
B12	GND	(OPE N)	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
B13	GND	(OPE N)	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
B14	RES			Reserved VDC
B15	GND			Reset
B16	CLK			Clock

B17	GND			Ground
B18	REQ			Request
B19	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
B20	AD31			Address/Data 31
B21	AD29			Address/Data 29
B22	GND			Ground
B23	AD27			Address/Data 27
B24	AD25			Address/Data 25
B25	+3.3V			+3.3VDC
B26	C/BE3			Command, Byte Enable 3
B27	AD23			Address/Data 23
B28	GND			Ground
B29	AD21			Address/Data 21
B30	AD19			Address/Data 19
B31	+3.3V			+3.3 VDC
B32	AD17			Address/Data 17
B33	C/BE2			Command, Byte Enable 2
B34	GND1 3			Ground
B35	IRDY			Initiator Ready
B36	+3.3V 06			+3.3 VDC
B37	DEVS EL			Device Select
B38	GND1 6			Ground
B39	LOCK			Lock bus
B40	PERR			Parity Error
B41	+3.3V 08			+3.3 VDC
B42	SERR			System Error
B43	+3.3V 09			+3.3 VDC
B44	C/BE1			Command, Byte

				Enable 1
B45	AD14			Address/Data 14
B46	GND1			Ground
	8			
B47	AD12			Address/Data 12
B48	AD10			Address/Data 10
B49	GND2			Ground
	0			
B50	(OPE	GND	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
	N)			
B51	(OPE	GND	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
	N)			
B52	AD8			Address/Data 8
B53	AD7			Address/Data 7
B54	+3.3V			+3.3 VDC
	12			
B55	AD5			Address/Data 5
B56	AD3			Address/Data 3
B57	GND2			Ground
	2			
B58	AD1			Address/Data 1
B59	VCC0			+5 VDC
	8			
B60	ACK6			Acknowledge 64
	4			bit ???
B61	VCC1			+5 VDC
	0			
B62	VCC1			+5 VDC
	2			
B63	RES			Reserved
B64	GND			Ground
B65	C/			Command, Byte
	BE[6]			Enable 6
	#			
B66	C/			Command, Byte
	BE[4]			Enable 4

	#			
B67	GND			Ground
B68	AD63			Address/Data 63
B69	AD61			Address/Data 61
B70	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
B71	AD59			Address/Data 59
B72	AD57			Address/Data 57
B73	GND			Ground
B74	AD55			Address/Data 55
B75	AD53			Address/Data 53
B76	GND			Ground
B77	AD51			Address/Data 51
B78	AD49			Address/Data 49
B79	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
B80	AD47			Address/Data 47
B81	AD45			Address/Data 45
B82	GND			Ground
B83	AD43			Address/Data 43
B84	AD41			Address/Data 41
B85	GND			Ground
B86	AD39			Address/Data 39
B87	AD37			Address/Data 37
B88	+5V	+3.3 V	Signal Rail	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
B89	AD35			Address/Data 35
B90	AD33			Address/Data 33
B91	GND			Ground
B92	RES			Reserved
B93	RES			Reserved
B94	GND			Ground

*Notes: Pin 63-94 exists only on 64 bit PCI implementations.*

*+V I/O is 3.3V on 3.3V boards, 5V on 5V boards, and define signal rails on the Universal board.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Phil Toms*

*Source: ?*

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



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ptoms@m4.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## PCI (Tech) Connector

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### PCI (Technical)

This section is currently based solely on the work by Mark Sokos.

This file is not intended to be a thorough coverage of the PCI standard. It is for informational purposes only, and is intended to give designers and hobbyists an overview of the bus so that they might be able to design their own PCI cards. Thus, I/O operations are explained in the most detail, while memory operations, which will usually not be dealt with by an I/O card, are only briefly explained. Hobbyists are also warned that, due to the higher clock speeds involved, PCI cards are more difficult to design than ISA cards or cards for other slower buses. Many companies are now making PCI prototyping cards, and, for those fortunate enough to have access to FPGA programmers, companies like Xilinx are offering PCI compliant designs which you can use as a starting point for your own projects.

For a copy of the full PCI standard, contact:

*PCI Special Interest Group (SIG)*  
*PO Box 14070*  
*Portland, OR 97214*  
*1-800-433-5177*  
*1-503-797-4207*

### Signal Descriptions:

#### **AD(x)**

Address/Data Lines.

#### **CLK**

Clock. 33 MHz maximum.

#### **C/BE(x)**

Command, Byte Enable.

#### **FRAME**

Used to indicate whether the cycle is an address phase or or a data phase.

#### **DEVSEL**

Device Select.

#### **IDSEL**

Initialization Device Select

#### **INT(x)**

Interrupt

**IRDY**

Initiator Ready

**LOCK**

Used to manage resource locks on the PCI bus.

**REQ**

Request. Requests a PCI transfer.

**GNT**

Grant. indicates that permission to use PCI is granted.

**PAR**

Parity. Used for AD0-31 and C/BE0-3.

**PERR**

Parity Error.

**RST**

Reset.

**SBO**

Snoop Backoff.

**SDONE**

Snoop Done.

**SERR**

System Error. Indicates an address parity error for special cycles or a system error.

**STOP**

Asserted by Target. Requests the master to stop the current transfer cycle.

**TCK**

Test Clock

**TDI**

Test Data Input

**TDO**

Test Data Output

**TMS**

Test Mode Select

## TRDY

Target Ready

## TRST

Test Logic Reset

The PCI bus treats all transfers as a burst operation. Each cycle begins with an address phase followed by one or more data phases. Data phases may repeat indefinitely, but are limited by a timer that defines the maximum amount of time that the PCI device may control the bus. This timer is set by the CPU as part of the configuration space. Each device has its own timer (see the Latency Timer in the configuration space).

The same lines are used for address and data. The command lines are also used for byte enable lines. This is done to reduce the overall number of pins on the PCI connector.


The Command lines (C/BE3 to C/BE0) indicate the type of bus transfer during the address phase.

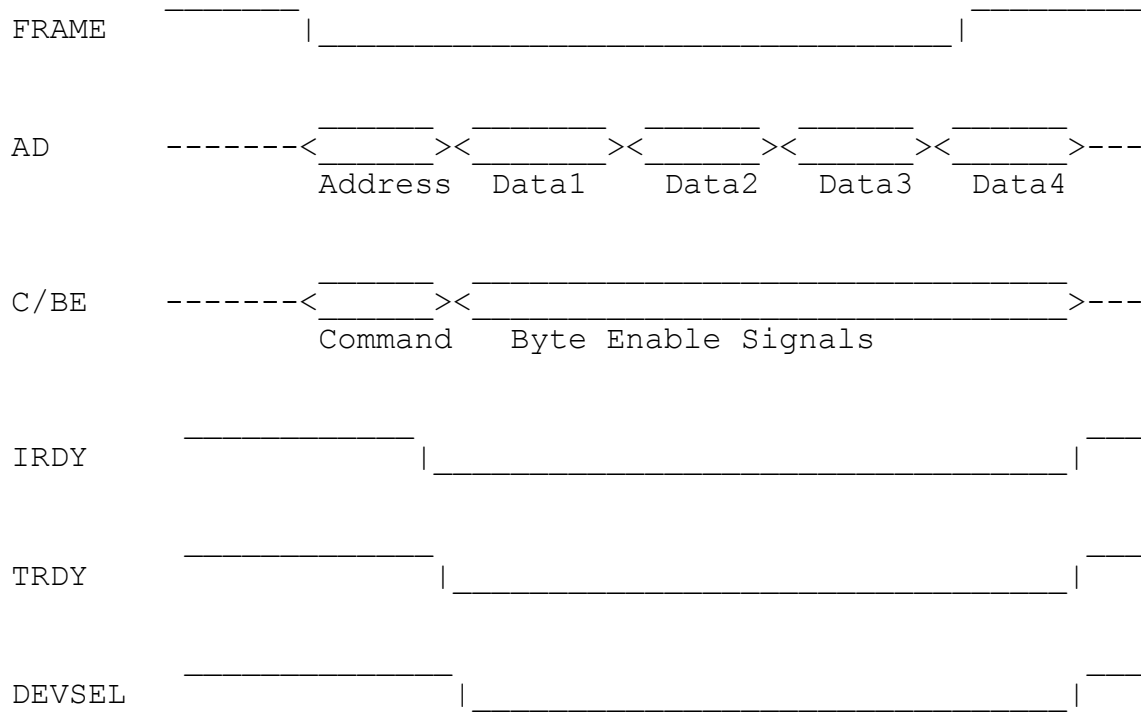
### **C/BE Command Type**

0000	Interrupt Acknowledge
0001	Special Cycle
0010	I/O Read
0011	I/O Write
0100	reserved
0101	reserved
0110	Memory Read
0111	Memory Write
1000	reserved
1001	reserved
1010	Configuration Read
1011	Configuration Write
1100	Multiple Memory Read
1101	Dual Address Cycle
1110	Memory-Read Line
1111	Memory Write and Invalidate

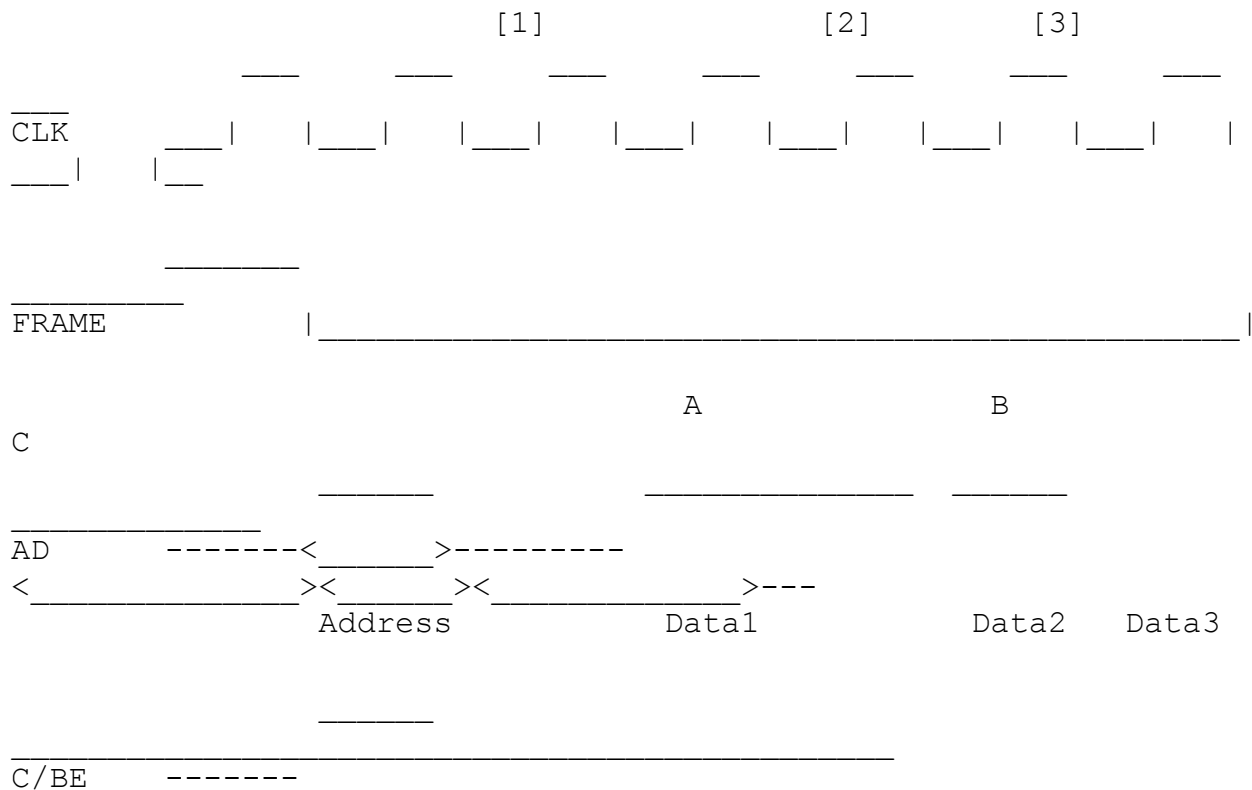
The three basic types of transfers are I/O, Memory, and Configuration.

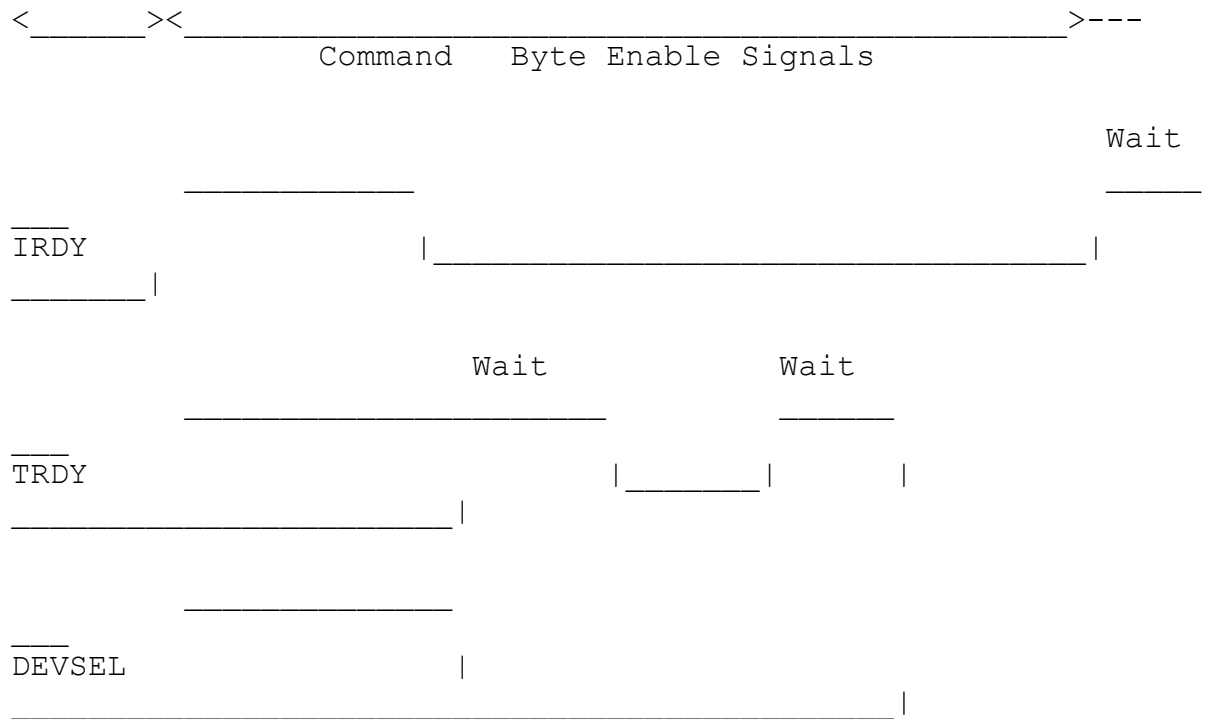
## **PCI timing diagrams:**

CLK 



PCI transfer cycle, 4 data phases, no wait states. Data is transferred on the rising edge of CLK.





PCI transfer cycle, with wait states. Data is transferred on the rising edge of CLK at points labeled A, B, and C.

## Bus Cycles:

### Interrupt Acknowledge (0000)

The interrupt controller automatically recognizes and reacts to the INTA (interrupt acknowledge) command. In the data phase, it transfers the interrupt vector to the AD lines.

### Special Cycle (0001)

AD15-AD0	Description
0x0000	Processor Shutdown
0x0001	Processor Halt
0x0002	x86 Specific Code
0x0003 to 0xFFFF	Reserved

### I/O Read (0010) and I/O Write (0011)

Input/Output device read or write operation. The AD lines contain a byte address (AD0 and AD1 must be decoded). PCI I/O ports may be 8 or 16 bits. PCI allows 32 bits of address space. On IBM compatible machines, the Intel CPU is limited to 16 bits of I/O

space, which is further limited by some ISA cards that may also be installed in the machine (many ISA cards only decode the lower 10 bits of address space, and thus mirror themselves throughout the 16 bit I/O space). This limit assumes that the machine supports ISA or EISA slots in addition to PCI slots.

The PCI configuration space may also be accessed through I/O ports 0x0CF8 (Address) and 0x0CFC (Data). The address port must be written first.

### Memory Read (0110) and Memory Write (0111)

A read or write to the system memory space. The AD lines contain a doubleword address. AD0 and AD1 do not need to be decoded. The Byte Enable lines (C/BE) indicate which bytes are valid.

### Configuration Read (1010) and Configuration Write (1011)

A read or write to the PCI device configuration space, which is 256 bytes in length. It is accessed in doubleword units. AD0 and AD1 contain 0, AD2-7 contain the doubleword address, AD8-10 are used for selecting the addressed unit a the malfunction unit, and the remaining AD lines are not used.

Address	Bit 32	16	15	0
00	Unit ID		Manufacturer ID	
04	Status		Command	
08	Class Code		Revision	
0C	BIST	Header	Latency	CLS
10-24	Base Address Register			
28	Reserved			
2C	Reserved			
30	Expansion ROM Base Address			
34	Reserved			
38	Reserved			
3C	MaxLat	MnGNT	INT-pin	INT-line
40-FF	available for PCI unit			

### Multiple Memory Read (1100)

This is an extension of the memory read bus cycle. It is used to read large blocks of memory without caching, which is beneficial for long sequential memory accesses.

### Dual Address Cycle (1101)

Two address cycles are necessary when a 64 bit address is used, but only a 32 bit physical address exists. The least significant portion of the address is placed on the AD lines first, followed by the most significant 32 bits. The second address cycle also contains the command for the type of transfer (I/O, Memory, etc). The PCI bus supports a 64 bit I/O address space, although this is not available on Intel based PCs due to limitations of the CPU.

### Memory-Read Line (1110)

This cycle is used to read in more than two 32 bit data blocks, typically up to the end of a cache line. It is more efficient than normal memory read bursts for a long series of sequential memory accesses.

### **Memory Write and Invalidate (1111)**

This indicates that a minimum of one cache line is to be transferred. This allows main memory to be updated, saving a cache write-back cycle.

### **Bus Arbitration:**

This section is under construction.

### **PCI Bios:**

This section is under construction.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Mark Sokos](#)*

*Sources: [Mark Sokos PCI page](#)*

*Sources: "Inside the PCI Local Bus" by Guy W. Kendall, Byte, February 1994 v 19 p. 177-180*

*Sources: "The Indispensable PC Hardware Book" by Hans-Peter Messmer, ISBN 0-201-8769-3*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.gl.umbc.edu/~msokos1/pci.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

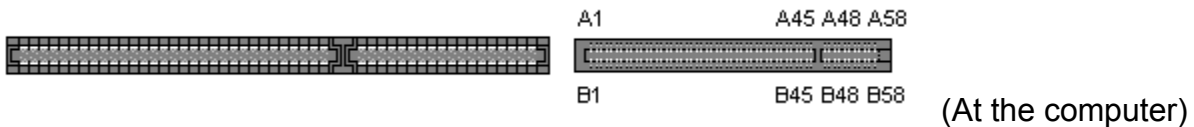
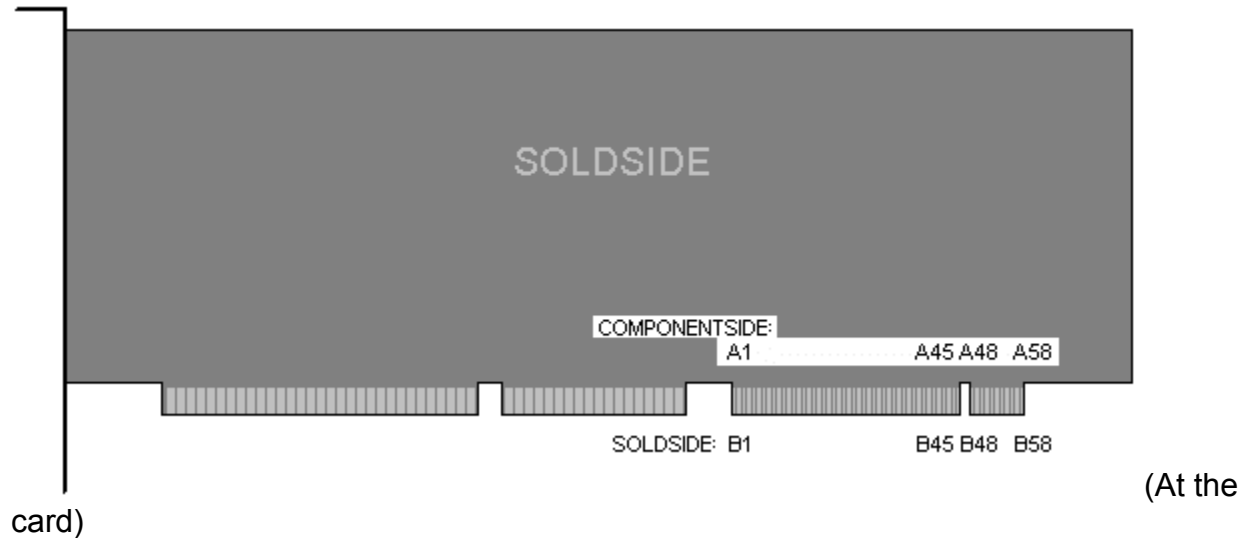
# VESA LocalBus (VLB) Connector

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## VESA LocalBus (VLB)

VLB=VESA Local Bus.

VESA=Video Electronics Standards Association.



58 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR MALE at the card.

58 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
A1	D1	Data 1
A2	D3	Data 3
A3	GND	Ground
A4	D5	Data 5
A5	D7	Data 7
A6	D9	Data 9
A7	D11	Data 11
A8	D13	Data 13
A9	D15	Data 15
A10	GND	Ground
A11	D17	Data 17
A12	Vcc	+5 VDC

A13	D19	Data 19
A14	D21	Data 21
A15	D23	Data 23
A16	D25	Data 25
A17	GND	Ground
A18	D27	Data 27
A19	D29	Data 2
A20	D31	Data 31
A21	A30	Address 30
A22	A28	Address 28
A23	A26	Address 26
A24	GND	Ground
A25	A24	Address 24
A26	A22	Address 22
A27	VCC	+5 VDC
A28	A20	Address 20
A29	A18	Address 18
A30	A16	Address 16
A31	A14	Address 14
A32	A12	Address 12
A33	A10	Address 10
A34	A8	Address 8
A35	GND	Ground
A36	A6	Address 6
A37	A4	Address 4
A38	WBAC K#	Write Back
A39	BE0#	Byte Enable 0
A40	VCC	+5 VDC
A41	BE1#	Byte Enable 1
A42	BE2#	Byte Enable 2
A43	GND	Ground
A44	BE3#	Byte Enable 3
A45	ADS#	Address Strobe
A48	LRDY#	Local Ready
A49	LDEV	Local Device

A50	LREQ	Local Request
A51	GND	Ground
A52	LGNT	Local Grant
A53	VCC	+5 VDC
A54	ID2	Identification 2
A55	ID3	Identification 3
A56	ID4	Identification 4
A57	LKEN#	
A58	LEADS #	Local Enable Address Strobe

B1	D0	Data 0
B2	D2	Data 2
B3	D4	Data 4
B4	D6	Data 6
B5	D8	Data 8
B6	GND	Ground
B7	D10	Data 10
B8	D12	Data 12
B9	VCC	+5 VDC
B10	D14	Data 14
B11	D16	Data 16
B12	D18	Data 18
B13	D20	Data 20
B14	GND	Ground
B15	D22	Data 22
B16	D24	Data 24
B17	D26	Data 26
B18	D28	Data 28
B19	D30	Data 30
B20	VCC	+5 VDC
B21	A31	Address 31
B22	GND	Ground
B23	A29	Address 29
B24	A27	Address 27
B25	A25	Address 25
B26	A23	Address 23

B27	A21	Address 21
B28	A19	Address 19
B29	GND	Ground
B30	A17	Address 17
B31	A15	Address 15
B32	VCC	+5 VDC
B33	A13	Address 13
B34	A11	Address 11
B35	A9	Address 9
B36	A7	Address 7
B37	A5	Address 5
B38	GND	Ground
B39	A3	Address 3
B40	A2	Address 2
B41	n/c	Not connected
B42	RESET	Reset
	#	
B43	DC#	Data/Command
B44	M/IO#	Memory/IO
B45	W/R#	Write/Read
B48	RDYRT	Ready Return
	N#	
B49	GND	Ground
B50	IRQ9	Interrupt 9
B51	BRDY#	Burst Ready
B52	BLAST	Burst Last
	#	
B53	ID0	Identification 0
B54	ID1	Identification 1
B55	GND	Ground
B56	LCLK	Local Clock
B57	VCC	+5 VDC
B58	LBS16	Local Bus Size 16
	#	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware.\* FAQ Part 4, maintained by Ralph Valentino

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

# VESA LocalBus (VLB) (Tech) Connector

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## VESA LocalBus (VLB) (Technical)

This section is currently based solely on the work by Mark Sokos.

This file is intended to provide a basic functional overview of the Vesa Local Bus, so that hobbyists and amateurs can design their own VLB compatible cards.

It is not intended to provide complete coverage of the VLB standard.

VLB Connectors are usually inline with ISA connectors, so that adapter cards may use both. However, the VLB is separate, and does not need to connect to the ISA portion of the bus.

The 64 bit expansion of the bus (optional) does not add additional pins or connectors. Instead, it multiplexes the existing pins. The 32 bit VLB bus does not use the 64 bit signals shown in the above pinouts.

## Signal Descriptions

### A2-A31

Address Bus

### ADS

Address Strobe

### BE0-BE3

Byte Enable. Indicates that the 8 data lines corresponding to each signal will deliver valid data.

### BLAST

Burst Last. Indicates a VLB Burst Cycle, which will complete with \*BRDY. The VLB Burst cycle consists of an address phase followed by four data phases.

### BRDY

Burst Ready. Indicates the end of the current burst transfer.

### D0-D31

Data Bus. Valid bytes are indicated by \*BE(x) signals.

### D/C

Data/Command. Used with M/IO and W/R to indicate the type of cycle.

**M/IO D/ W/  
C R**

0	0	0	INTA sequence
0	0	1	Halt/Special (486)
0	1	0	I/O Read
0	1	1	I/O Write
1	0	0	Instruction Fetch
1	0	1	Halt/Shutdown (386)
1	1	0	Memory Read
1	1	1	Memory Write

### **ID0-ID4**

Identification Signals.

<b>ID0</b>	<b>ID</b>	<b>ID</b>	<b>CP</b>	<b>Bus</b>	<b>Burst</b>
	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>U</b>	<b>Width</b>	
0	0	0	(re s)		
0	0	1	(re s)		
0	1	0	48	16/32	Burst Possible
0	1	1	48	16/32	Read Burst
1	0	0	38	16/32	None
1	0	1	38	16/32	None
1	1	0	(re s)		
1	1	1	48	16/32/64	Read/Write Burst

ID2 Indicates wait:      0 = 1 wait cycle (min)  
                                  1 = no wait

ID3 Indicates bus      0 = greater than 33.3  
 speed:                    MHz  
                                  1 = less than 33.3 MHz



## **IRQ9**

Interrupt Request. Connected to IRQ9 on ISA bus. This allows standalone VLB adapters (not connected to ISA portion of the bus) to have one IRQ.

## **LEADS**

Local Enable Address Strobe. Set low by VLB master (not CPU). Also used for cache invalidation signal.

## **LBS16**

Local Bus Size 16. Used by slave device to indicate that it has a transfer width of only 16 bits.

## **LCLK**

Local Clock. Runs at the same frequency as the CPU, up to 50 MHz. 66 MHz is allowed for on-board devices.

## **LDEV**

Local Device: When appropriate address and M/IO signals are present on the bus, the VLB device must pull this line low to indicate that it is a VLB device. The VLB controller will then use the VLB bus for the transfer.

## **LRDY**

Local Ready. Indicates that the VLB device has completed the cycle. This signal is only used for single cycle transfers. \*BRDY is used for burst transfers.

## **LGNT**

Local Grant. Indicates that an \*LREQ signal has been granted, and control is being transferred to the new VLB master.

## **LREQ**

Local Request. Used by VLB Master to gain control of the bus.

## **M/IO**

Memory/IO. See D/C for signal description.

## **RDYRTN**

Ready Return. Indicates VLB cycle has been completed. May precede LRDY by one cycle.

## **RESET**

Reset. Resets all VLB devices.

## **WBACK**

Write Back.

# 64-bit Expansion Signals

## ACK64

Acknowledge 64 bit transfer. Indicates that the device can perform the requested 64 bit transfer cycle.

## BE4-BE7

Byte Enable. Indicates which bytes are valid (similar to BE0-BE3).

## D32-D63

Upper 32 bits of data bus. Multiplexed with address bus.

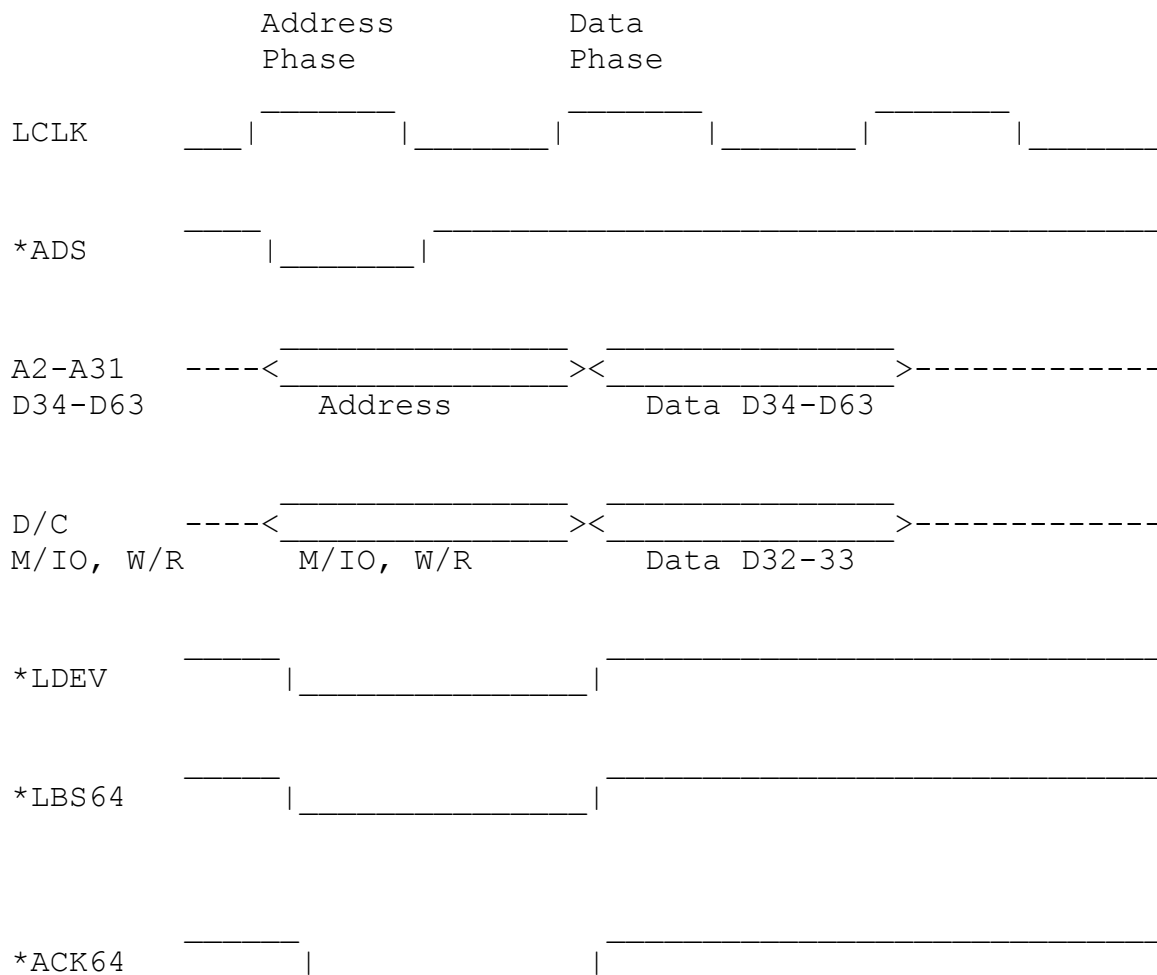
## LBS64

Local Bus Size 64 bits. Used by VLB Master to indicate that it desires a 64 bit transfer.

## W/R

Write/Read. See D/C for signal description.

## 64 Bit Data Transfer Timing Diagram:



D0-D31      -----<----->-----

LRDY      \_\_\_\_\_|\_\_\_\_\_

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Sokos*

*Sources: Mark Sokos VLB page*

*Sources: "The Indispensible PC Hardware Book" by Hans-Peter Messmer, ISBN 0-201-8769-3*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

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## CompactPCI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# CompactPCI

PCI=Peripheral Component Interconnect.

CompactPCI is a version of PCI adapted for industrial and/or embedded applications.

NEW (At the backplane)

NEW (At the device (card))

7x47 PIN (IEC917 and IEC1076-4-101) CONNECTOR at the backplane.

7x47 PIN (IEC917 and IEC1076-4-101) CONNECTOR at the device (card).

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
Z1	GND	Ground
Z2	GND	Ground
Z3	GND	Ground
Z4	GND	Ground
Z5	GND	Ground
Z6	GND	Ground
Z7	GND	Ground
Z8	GND	Ground
Z9	GND	Ground
Z10	GND	Ground
Z11	GND	Ground
Z12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
Z13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
Z14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
Z15	GND	Ground
Z16	GND	Ground
Z17	GND	Ground
Z18	GND	Ground
Z19	GND	Ground
Z20	GND	Ground
Z21	GND	Ground
Z22	GND	Ground
Z23	GND	Ground
Z24	GND	Ground
Z25	GND	Ground

Z26	GND	Ground
Z27	GND	Ground
Z28	GND	Ground
Z29	GND	Ground
Z30	GND	Ground
Z31	GND	Ground
Z32	GND	Ground
Z33	GND	Ground
Z34	GND	Ground
Z35	GND	Ground
Z36	GND	Ground
Z37	GND	Ground
Z38	GND	Ground
Z39	GND	Ground
Z40	GND	Ground
Z41	GND	Ground
Z42	GND	Ground
Z43	GND	Ground
Z44	GND	Ground
Z45	GND	Ground
Z46	GND	Ground
Z47	GND	Ground

A1	5V	+5 VDC
A2	TCK	Test Clock
A3	INTA#	Interrupt A
A4	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
A5	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
A6	REQ#	Request PCI transfer
A7	AD(30)	Address/Data 30
A8	AD(26)	Address/Data 26
A9	C/ BE(3)#	Command: Byte Enable
A10	AD(21)	Address/Data 21
A11	AD(18)	Address/Data 18
A12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
A13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)

A14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
A15	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
A16	DEVSE L#	Device Select
A17	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
A18	SERR#	System Error
A19	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
A20	AD(12)	Address/Data 12
A21	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
A22	AD(7)	Address/Data 7)
A23	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
A24	AD(1)	Address/Data 1)
A25	5V	+5 VDC
A26	CLK1	Clock ?? MHz
A27	CLK2	Clock ?? MHz
A28	CLK4	Clock ?? MHz
A29	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
A30	C/ BE(5)#	Command: Byte Enable
A31	AD(63)	Address/Data 63
A32	AD(59)	Address/Data 59
A33	AD(56)	Address/Data 56
A34	AD(52)	Address/Data 52
A35	AD(49)	Address/Data 49
A36	AD(45)	Address/Data 45
A37	AD(42)	Address/Data 42
A38	AD(38)	Address/Data 38
A39	AD(35)	Address/Data 35
A40	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
A41	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
A42	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
A43	USR	User Defined
A44	USR	User Defined
A45	USR	User Defined
A46	USR	User Defined
A47	USR	User Defined

B1	-12V	-12 VDC
B2	5V	+5 VDC
B3	INTB#	Interrupt B
B4	GND	Ground
B5	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
B6	GND	Ground
B7	AD(29)	Address/Data 29
B8	GND	Ground
B9	IDSEL	Initialization Device Select
B10	GND	Ground
B11	AD(17)	Address/Data 17
B12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
B13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
B14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
B15	FRAM	Address or Data phase
	E#	
B16	GND	Ground
B17	SDON	Snoop Done
	E	
B18	GND	Ground
B19	AD(15)	Address/Data 15
B20	GND	Ground
B21	AD(9)	Address/Data 9)
B22	GND	Ground
B23	AD(4)	Address/Data 4)
B24	5V	+5 VDC
B25	REQ64	
	#	
B26	GND	Ground
B27	CLK3	Clock ?? MHz
B28	GND	Ground
B29	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
B30	GND	Ground
B31	AD(62)	Address/Data 62
B32	GND	Ground
B33	AD(55)	Address/Data 55
B34	GND	Ground



B35	AD(48)	Address/Data 48
B36	GND	Ground
B37	AD(41)	Address/Data 41
B38	GND	Ground
B39	AD(34)	Address/Data 34
B40	GND	Ground
B41	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
B42	GND	Ground
B43	USR	User Defined
B44	USR	User Defined
B45	USR	User Defined
B46	USR	User Defined
B47	USR	User Defined

C1	TRST#	Test Logic Reset
C2	TMS	Test Mode Select
C3	INTC#	Interrupt C
C4	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C5	RST	Reset
C6	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
C7	AD(28)	Address/Data 28
C8	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C9	AD(23)	Address/Data 23
C10	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
C11	AD(16)	Address/Data 16
C12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
C13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
C14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
C15	IRDY#	Initiator Ready
C16	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C17	SBO#	Snoop Backoff
C18	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
C19	AD(14)	Address/Data 14
C20	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C21	AD(8)	Address/Data 8)
C22	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
C23	AD(3)	Address/Data 3)

C24	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C25	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
C26	REQ1#	Request PCI transfer
C27	SYSEN#	
C28	GNT3#	Grant
C29	C/BE(7)	Command: Byte Enable
C30	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C31	AD(61)	Address/Data 61
C32	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C33	AD(54)	Address/Data 54
C34	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C35	AD(47)	Address/Data 47
C36	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C37	AD(40)	Address/Data 40
C38	V(I/O)	+3.3 VDC or +5 VDC
C39	AD(33)	Address/Data 33
C40	FAL#	Power Supply Status FAL (CompactPCI specific)
C41	DEG#	Power Supply Status DEG (CompactPCI specific)
C42	PRST#	Push Button Reset (CompactPCI specific)
C43	USR	User Defined
C44	USR	User Defined
C45	USR	User Defined
C46	USR	User Defined
C47	USR	User Defined
D1	+12V	+12 VDC
D2	TDO	Test Data Output
D3	5V	+5 VDC
D4	INTP	
D5	GND	Ground
D6	CLK	
D7	GND	Ground
D8	AD(25)	Address/Data 25

D9	GND	Ground
D10	AD(20)	Address/Data 20
D11	GND	Ground
D12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
D13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
D14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
D15	GND	Ground
D16	STOP#	Stop transfer cycle
D17	GND	Ground
D18	PAR	Parity for AD0-31 & C/BE0-3
D19	GND	Ground
D20	AD(11)	Address/Data 11
D21	M66EN	
D22	AD(6)	Address/Data 6)
D23	5V	+5 VDC
D24	AD(0)	Address/Data 0)
D25	3.3V	+3.3 VDC
D26	GNT1#	Grant
D27	GNT2#	Grant
D28	REQ4#	Request PCI transfer
D29	GND	Ground
D30	C/ BE(4)#	Command: Byte Enable
D31	GND	Ground
D32	AD(58)	Address/Data 58
D33	GND	Ground
D34	AD(51)	Address/Data 51
D35	GND	Ground
D36	AD(44)	Address/Data 44
D37	GND	Ground
D38	AD(37)	Address/Data 37
D39	GND	Ground
D40	REQ5#	Request PCI transfer
D41	GND	Ground
D42	REQ6#	Request PCI transfer
D43	USR	User Defined
D44	USR	User Defined

D45	USR	User Defined
D46	USR	User Defined
D47	USR	User Defined
E1	5V	+5 VDC
E2	TDI	Test Data Input
E3	INTD#	Interrupt D
E4	INTS	
E5	GNT#	Grant
E6	AD(31)	Address/Data 31
E7	AD(27)	Address/Data 27
E8	AD(24)	Address/Data 24
E9	AD(22)	Address/Data 22
E10	AD(19)	Address/Data 19
E11	C/ BE(2)#	Command: Byte Enable
E12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
E13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
E14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
E15	TRDY#	Target Ready
E16	LOCK#	Lock resource
E17	PERR#	Parity Error
E18	C/ BE(1)#	Command: Byte Enable
E19	AD(13)	Address/Data 13
E20	AD(10)	Address/Data 10
E21	C/ BE(0)#	Command: Byte Enable
E22	AD(5)	Address/Data 5)
E23	AD(2)	Address/Data 2)
E24	ACK64 #	
E25	5V	+5 VDC
E26	REQ2#	Request PCI transfer
E27	REQ3#	Request PCI transfer
E28	GNT4#	Grant
E29	C/	Command: Byte Enable

	BE(6)#	
E30	PAR64	
E31	AD(60)	Address/Data 60
E32	AD(57)	Address/Data 57
E33	AD(53)	Address/Data 53
E34	AD(50)	Address/Data 50
E35	AD(46)	Address/Data 46
E36	AD(43)	Address/Data 43
E37	AD(39)	Address/Data 39
E38	AD(36)	Address/Data 36
E39	AD(32)	Address/Data 32
E40	GNT5#	Grant
E41	BRSV	Bused Reserved (don't use)
E42	GNT6#	Grant
E43	USR	User Defined
E44	USR	User Defined
E45	USR	User Defined
E46	USR	User Defined
E47	USR	User Defined

F1	GND	Ground
F2	GND	Ground
F3	GND	Ground
F4	GND	Ground
F5	GND	Ground
F6	GND	Ground
F7	GND	Ground
F8	GND	Ground
F9	GND	Ground
F10	GND	Ground
F11	GND	Ground
F12	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
F13	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
F14	KEY	Keyed (no pin)
F15	GND	Ground
F16	GND	Ground
F17	GND	Ground

F18	GND	Ground
F19	GND	Ground
F20	GND	Ground
F21	GND	Ground
F22	GND	Ground
F23	GND	Ground
F24	GND	Ground
F25	GND	Ground
F26	GND	Ground
F27	GND	Ground
F28	GND	Ground
F29	GND	Ground
F30	GND	Ground
F31	GND	Ground
F32	GND	Ground
F33	GND	Ground
F34	GND	Ground
F35	GND	Ground
F36	GND	Ground
F37	GND	Ground
F38	GND	Ground
F39	GND	Ground
F40	GND	Ground
F41	GND	Ground
F42	GND	Ground
F43	GND	Ground
F44	GND	Ground
F45	GND	Ground
F46	GND	Ground
F47	GND	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Sources: [CompactPCI specifications v1.0](#) at [CompactPCI's homepage](#)

Sources: [Mark Sokos PCI page](#)

Sources: "Inside the PCI Local Bus" by Guy W. Kendall, Byte, February 1994 v 19 p. 177-180

Sources: "The Indispensable PC Hardware Book" by Hans-Peter Messmer, ISBN 0-201-8769-3

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

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## CompactPCI (Tech) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# CompactPCI (Technical)

This section does not currently contain so much in depth information as I would like.

Since CompactPCI is based on PCI you should first refer to the PCI standard. This only explains the extensions CompactPCI specifies.

For a copy of the full CompactPCI standard, contact:

*PCI Industrial Computer Manufacturers Group (PICMG)  
c/o Roger Communications  
301 Edgewater place  
Suite 220  
Wakewater  
MA01880  
Phone: 1-617-224-1100  
Fax: 1-617-224-1239*

## Overview:

A CompactPCI system is composed of up to eight CompactPCI card locations:

- One System Slot
- Up to seven Peripheral Slots

The connector has 7 columns with 47 rows. They're divided into groups:

- Row 1-25: 32-bit PCI
- Row 26-47: Additional pins for 64-bit PCI (System Slot boards must use it).
- Row 26-28 and 40-42: Primarily implemented on System Slot boards.

The following signals must be terminated:

- AD0-31
- C/BE0#-C/BE3#
- PAR
- FRAME#
- IRDY#
- TRDY#
- STOP#
- LOCK#
- IDSEL
- DEVSEL#
- PERR#
- SERR#
- RST#

The following signals must be terminated if used:

- INTA#

- INTB#
- INTC#
- INTD#
- SB0#
- SDOBE
- AD32-AD63
- C/BE4#-C/BE7#
- REQ64#
- ACK64#
- PAR64#

The following signals do not require a stub termination:

- CLK
- REQ#
- GNT#
- TDI#
- TDO
- TCK
- TMS
- TRST#

The System Slot board must pullup the following signals (even if not used):

- REQ64#
- ACK64#

### Connector:

1	G	5V	-12V	TRST	12V	5V	G
	ND			#			N
							D
2	G	TCK	5V	TMS	DO	TDI	G
	ND						N
							D
3	G	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#	5V	INTD#	G
	ND						N
							D
4	G	BRSV	GND	V(I/O)	INTP	INTS	G
	ND						N
							D
5	G	BRSV	BRSV	RST	GND	GNT#	G
	ND						N
							D
6	G	REQ#	GND	3.3V	CLK	AD(31	G
	ND					)	N

7	G ND	AD(30) )	AD(29) )	AD(28) )	GND	AD(27) )	D G N D
8	G ND	AD(26)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(25) )	AD(24) )	D G N D
9	G ND	C/ BE(3)#	IDSEL	AD(23) )	GND	AD(22) )	G N D
10	G ND	AD(21)	GND	3.3V	AD(20) )	AD(19) )	G N D
11	G ND	AD(18) )	AS(17) )	AD(16) )	GND	C/ BE(2) #	G N D
12	KE Y	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KE Y
13	KE Y	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KE Y
14	KE Y	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KEY	KE Y
15	G ND	3.3V	FRAM E#	IRDY#	GND	TRDY #	G N D
16	G ND	DEVSE L#	GND	V(I/O)	STOP #	LOCK #	G N D
17	G ND	3.3V	SDON E	SBO#	GND	PERR #	G N D
18	G ND	SERR#	GND	3.3V	PAR	C/ BE(1) #	G N D
19	G ND	3.3V	AD(15) )	AD(14) )	GND	AD(13) )	G N D

20	G ND	AD(12)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(11)	AD(10)	G N D
21	G ND	3.3V	AD(9)	AD(8)	M66E N	C/ BE(0) #	G N D
22	G ND	AD(7)	GND	3.3V	AD(6)	AD(5)	G N D
23	G ND	3.3V	AD(4)	AD(3)	5V	AD(2)	G N D
24	G ND	AD(1)	5V	V(I/O)	AD(0)	ACK6 4#	G N D
25	G ND	5V	REQ6 4#	BRSV	3.3V	5V	G N D
26	G ND	CLK1	GND	REQ1 #	GNT1 #	REQ2 #	G N D
27	G ND	CLK2	CLK3	SYSE N#	GNT2 #	REQ3 #	G N D
28	G ND	CLK4	GND	GNT3 #	REQ4 #	GNT4 #	G N D
29	G ND	V(I/O)	BRSV	C/ BE(7 )	GND	C/ BE(6) #	G N D
30	G ND	C/ BE(5)#	GND	V(I/O)	C/ BE(4)#	PAR64	G N D
31	G ND	AD(63)	AD(62)	AD(61)	GND	AD(60)	G N D
32	G	AD(59)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(58)	AD(57)	G

	ND			)	)		N
				)	)		D
<b>33</b>	G	AD(56)	AD(55	AD(54	GND	AD(53	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>34</b>	G	AD(52)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(51	AD(50	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>35</b>	G	AD(49)	AD(48	AD(47	GND	AD(46	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>36</b>	G	AD(45)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(44	AD(43	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>37</b>	G	AD(42)	AD(41	AD(40	GND	AD(39	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>38</b>	G	AD(38)	GND	V(I/O)	AD(37	AD(36	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>39</b>	G	AD(35)	AD(34	AD(33	GND	AD(32	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>40</b>	G	BRSV	GND	FAL#	REQ5	GNT5	G
	ND	)	)	)	#	#	N
							D
<b>41</b>	G	BRSV	BRSV	DEG#	GND	BRSV	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>42</b>	G	BRSV	GND	PRST	REQ6	GNT6	G
	ND	)	)	#	#	#	N
							D
<b>43</b>	G	USR	USR	USR	USR	USR	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N
							D
<b>44</b>	G	USR	USR	USR	USR	USR	G
	ND	)	)	)	)	)	N

<b>45</b>	G	USR	USR	USR	USR	USR	D
	ND						G
							N
							D
<b>46</b>	G	USR	USR	USR	USR	USR	G
	ND						N
							D
<b>47</b>	G	USR	USR	USR	USR	USR	G
	ND						N
							D
	<b>Z</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F</b>

## Signal Descriptions:

### PRST

Push Button Reset.

### DEG

Power Supply Status DEG

### FAL

Power Supply Status FAL

### SYSEN

System Slot Identification

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Mark Sokos](#)*

*Sources: [CompactPCI specifications v1.0](#) at [CompactPCI's homepage](#)*

*Sources: [Mark Sokos PCI page](#)*

*Sources: "Inside the PCI Local Bus" by Guy W. Kendall, Byte, February 1994 v 19 p. 177-180*

*Sources: "The Indispensable PC Hardware Book" by Hans-Peter Messmer, ISBN 0-201-8769-3*

*Info: [CompactPCI - An Open Industrial Computer Standard](#) article by [Joseph S. Pavlat](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

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## IndustrialPCI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### IndustrialPCI (IPCI)

PCI=Peripheral Component Interconnect.

IndustrialPCI is a a version of PCI adapted for industrial and/or embedded applications.

The IPCI connector has three parts:

- Optional 60 pin PCI 64 bit extension (Top)
  - Mandatory 120 pin PCI 32 bit (Middle)
  - Optional 60 pin Custom I/O (Bottom)
- NEW (At the backplane)

NEW (At the device (card))

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the backplane.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device (card).

### System Slot (Middle)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
A1	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
A2	AD2	Address 2	
A3	AD6	Address 6	
A4	GND	Ground	
A5	AD10	Address 10	
A6	AD13	Address 13	
A7	GND	Ground	
A8	SDONE	Snoop Done	1
A9	GND	Ground	
A10	FRAME#	Indicate Address or Data phase	1
A11	AD18	Address 18	
A12	GND	Ground	
A13	+5V	+5 VDC	
A14	AD24	Address 24	
A15	AD27	Address 27	
A16	GND	Ground	
A17	REQ2	Request 2	1
A18	GND	Ground	

A19	CLK1	33 or 66 MHz Clock	
A20	CLK2		
A21	GND	Ground	
A22	CLK3		
A23	CLK4		
A24	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B1	REQ64#	Request 64 ???	1
B2	AD3	Address 3	
B3	+5V	+5 VDC	
B4	AD8	Address 8	
B5	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B6	AD14	Address 14	
B7	PAR	Parity	
B8	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B9	STOP#	Stop	1
B10	C/BE2#	Command, Byte Enable 2	
B11	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B12	AD21	Address 21	
B13	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B14	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B15	AD28	Address 28	
B16	AD31	Address 31	
B17	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B18	GNT3	Grant 3	
B19	RST#	Reset	
B20	NMI#	Non Maskable Interrupt	
B21	X6	Reserved (6)	
B22	+5V	+5 VDC	:
B23	RSTIN#		2
B24	USB+	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (+)	
C1	ACK64#	Acknowledge 64 ???	1
C2	GND	Ground	
C3	AD7	Address 7	
C4	AD9	Address 9	
C5	AD11	Address 11	
C6	GND	Ground	

C7	SERR#	System Error	1
C8	PERR#	Parity Error	1
C9	DEVSEL#	Device Select	1
C10	GND	Ground	
C11	AD19	Address 19	
C12	AD22	Address 22	
C13	GND	Ground	
C14	AD25	Address 25	
C15	GND	Ground	
C16	X1	Reserved (1)	
C17	GNT2	Grant 2	
C18	REQ4	Request 4	1
C19	SLEEP#/ SDAT	Sleep/Serial Data (I2C)	3
C20	X4	Reserved (4)	
C21	INTD#	Interrupt D	1
C22	INTB#	Interrupt B	1
C23	+5V	+5 VDC	
C24	USB-	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (-)	
D1	AD0	Address 0	
D2	AD4	Address 4	
D3	C/BE0#	Command, Byte Enable 0	
D4	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D5	AD12	Address 12	
D6	AD15	Address 15	
D7	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D8	LOCK#	Resource Lock	1
D9	TRDY#	Test Logic Ready	1
D10	AD16	Address 16	
D11	AD20	Address 20	
D12	+5V	+5 VDC	
D13	+5V	+5 VDC	
D14	AD26	Address 26	
D15	AD29	Address 29	
D16	REQ1	Request 1	1
D17	REQ3	Request 3	1

D18	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D19	X2	Reserved (2)	
D20	X5	Reserved (5)	
D21	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D22	INTA#	Interrupt A	1
D23	ICPEN#/ SCLK	ICPEN/Serial Clock (I2C)	3
D24	OSC (PWDN)		
E1	AD1	Address 1	
E2	AD5	Address 5	
E3	GND	Ground	
E4	M66EN	Enable 66Mhz PCI-bus	
E5	GND	Ground	
E6	C/BE1#	Command, Byte Enable 1	
E7	SBO#	Snoop Backoff	1
E8	+5V	+5 VDC	
E9	IRDY#	Initiator Ready	1
E10	AD17	Address 17	
E11	GND	Ground	
E12	AD23	Address 23	
E13	C/BE3#	Command, Byte Enable 3	
E14	GND	Ground	
E15	AD30	Address 30	
E16	GNT1	Grant 1	
E17	+5V	+5 VDC	
E18	GNT4	Grant 4	
E19	X3	Reserved (3)	
E20	GND	Ground	
E21	INTC#	Interrupt C	1
E22	-12V	-12 VDC	
E23	+12V	+12 VDC	
E24	VBATT		

1 = Pullup resistor of 2,7 kW on the System Slot (CPU).

2 = Pullup resistor of 330 W on the System Slot (CPU).

3 = Pullup resistor of 4,7 kW, if not supported by the System Slot (CPU).

## Module Bus Slot (Middle)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
A1	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
A2	AD2	Address 2	
A3	AD6	Address 6	
A4	GND	Ground	
A5	AD10	Address 10	
A6	AD13	Address 13	
A7	GND	Ground	
A8	SDONE	Snoop Done	1
A9	GND	Ground	
A10	FRAME#	Indicate Address or Data phase	1
A11	AD18	Address 18	
A12	GND	Ground	
A13	+5V	+5 VDC	
A14	AD24	Address 24	
A15	AD27	Address 27	
A16	GND	Ground	
A17	REQ2	Request 2	1
A18	CLKM		
A19	CLK1	33 or 66 MHz Clock	
A20	CLK2		
A21	GND	Ground	
A22	CLK3		
A23	CLK4		
A24	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B1	REQ64#	Request 64 ???	1
B2	AD3	Address 3	
B3	+5V	+5 VDC	
B4	AD8	Address 8	
B5	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B6	AD14	Address 14	
B7	PAR	Parity	
B8	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B9	STOP#	Stop	1
B10	C/BE2#	Command, Byte Enable 2	

B11	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B12	AD21	Address 21	
B13	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B14	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B15	AD28	Address 28	
B16	AD31	Address 31	
B17	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B18	GNT3	Grant 3	
B19	RST#	Reset	
B20	NMI#	Non Maskable Interrupt	
B21	X6	Reserved (6)	
B22	+5V	+5 VDC	:
B23	RSTIN#		
B24	USB+	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (+)	
C1	ACK64#	Acknowledge 64 ???	1
C2	GND	Ground	
C3	AD7	Address 7	
C4	AD9	Address 9	
C5	AD11	Address 11	
C6	GND	Ground	
C7	SERR#	System Error	1
C8	PERR#	Parity Error	1
C9	DEVSEL#	Device Select	1
C10	GND	Ground	
C11	AD19	Address 19	
C12	AD22	Address 22	
C13	GND	Ground	
C14	AD25	Address 25	
C15	GND	Ground	
C16	X1	Reserved (1)	
C17	GNT2	Grant 2	
C18	REQ4	Request 4	1
C19	SLEEP#/ SDAT	Sleep/Serial Data (I2C)	
C20	X4	Reserved (4)	
C21	INTD#	Interrupt D	1

C22	INTB#	Interrupt B	1
C23	+5V	+5 VDC	
C24	USB-	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (-)	
D1	AD0	Address 0	
D2	AD4	Address 4	
D3	C/BE0#	Command, Byte Enable 0	
D4	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D5	AD12	Address 12	
D6	AD15	Address 15	
D7	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D8	LOCK#	Resource Lock	1
D9	TRDY#	Test Logic Ready	1
D10	AD16	Address 16	
D11	AD20	Address 20	
D12	+5V	+5 VDC	
D13	+5V	+5 VDC	
D14	AD26	Address 26	
D15	AD29	Address 29	
D16	REQ1	Request 1	1
D17	REQ3	Request 3	1
D18	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D19	X2	Reserved (2)	
D20	X5	Reserved (5)	
D21	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D22	INTA#	Interrupt A	1
D23	ICPEN#/ SCLK	ICPEN/Serial Clock (I2C)	3
D24	OSC (PWDN)		
E1	AD1	Address 1	
E2	AD5	Address 5	
E3	GND	Ground	
E4	M66EN	Enable 66Mhz PCI-bus	
E5	GND	Ground	
E6	C/BE1#	Command, Byte Enable 1	
E7	SBO#	Snoop Backoff	1

E8	+5V	+5 VDC	
E9	IRDY#	Initiator Ready	1
E10	AD17	Address 17	
E11	GND	Ground	
E12	AD23	Address 23	
E13	C/BE3#	Command, Byte Enable 3	
E14	GND	Ground	
E15	AD30	Address 30	
E16	GNT1	Grant 1	
E17	+5V	+5 VDC	
E18	GNT4	Grant 4	
E19	X3	Reserved (3)	
E20	GND	Ground	
E21	INTC#	Interrupt C	1
E22	-12V	-12 VDC	
E23	+12V	+12 VDC	
E24	VBATT		

1 = Pullup resistor of 2,7 kW on the System Slot (CPU).

### Card Slot (Middle)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
A1	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
A2	AD2	Address 2	
A3	AD6	Address 6	
A4	GND	Ground	
A5	AD10	Address 10	
A6	AD13	Address 13	
A7	GND	Ground	
A8	SDONE	Snoop Done	1
A9	GND	Ground	
A10	FRAME#	Indicate Address or Data phase	1
A11	AD18	Address 18	
A12	GND	Ground	
A13	+5V	+5 VDC	
A14	AD24	Address 24	



A15	AD27	Address 27	
A16	GND	Ground	
A17	IDSEL0	IDSEL0	1
A18	GND	Ground	
A19	CLK1	33 or 66 MHz Clock	
A20	GND	Ground	
A21	GND	Ground	
A22	GND	Ground	
A23	GND	Ground	
A24	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B1	REQ64#	Request 64 ???	1
B2	AD3	Address 3	
B3	+5V	+5 VDC	
B4	AD8	Address 8	
B5	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B6	AD14	Address 14	
B7	PAR	Parity	
B8	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B9	STOP#	Stop	1
B10	C/BE2#	Command, Byte Enable 2	
B11	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B12	AD21	Address 21	
B13	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B14	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
B15	AD28	Address 28	
B16	AD31	Address 31	
B17	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
B18	GND	Ground	
B19	RST#	Reset	
B20	NMI#	Non Maskable Interrupt	
B21	X6	Reserved (6)	
B22	+5V	+5 VDC	:
B23	RSTIN#		
B24	USB+	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (+)	
C1	ACK64#	Acknowledge 64 ???	1
C2	GND	Ground	

C3	AD7	Address 7	
C4	AD9	Address 9	
C5	AD11	Address 11	
C6	GND	Ground	
C7	SERR#	System Error	1
C8	PERR#	Parity Error	1
C9	DEVSEL#	Device Select	1
C10	GND	Ground	
C11	AD19	Address 19	
C12	AD22	Address 22	
C13	GND	Ground	
C14	AD25	Address 25	
C15	GND	Ground	
C16	X1	Reserved (1)	
C17	IDSEL1	Initialization Device Select 1	
C18	GND	Ground	
C19	SLEEP#/ SDAT	Sleep/Serial Data (I2C)	
C20	X4	Reserved (4)	
C21	INTD#	Interrupt D	1
C22	INTB#	Interrupt B	1
C23	+5V	+5 VDC	
C24	USB-	Universal Serial Bus (USB) (-)	
D1	AD0	Address 0	
D2	AD4	Address 4	
D3	C/BE0#	Command, Byte Enable 0	
D4	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D5	AD12	Address 12	
D6	AD15	Address 15	
D7	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D8	LOCK#	Resource Lock	1
D9	TRDY#	Test Logic Ready	1
D10	AD16	Address 16	
D11	AD20	Address 20	
D12	+5V	+5 VDC	
D13	+5V	+5 VDC	

D14	AD26	Address 26	
D15	AD29	Address 29	
D16	REQ1	Request 1	1
D17	IDSEL2	Initialization Device Select 2	
D18	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
D19	X2	Reserved (2)	
D20	X5	Reserved (5)	
D21	+3,3V	+3.3 VDC	
D22	INTA#	Interrupt A	1
D23	ICPEN#/ SCLK	ICPEN/Serial Clock (I2C)	3
D24	OSC (PWDN)		
E1	AD1	Address 1	
E2	AD5	Address 5	
E3	GND	Ground	
E4	M66EN	Enable 66Mhz PCI-bus	
E5	GND	Ground	
E6	C/BE1#	Command, Byte Enable 1	
E7	SBO#	Snoop Backoff	1
E8	+5V	+5 VDC	
E9	IRDY#	Initiator Ready	1
E10	AD17	Address 17	
E11	GND	Ground	
E12	AD23	Address 23	
E13	C/BE3#	Command, Byte Enable 3	
E14	GND	Ground	
E15	AD30	Address 30	
E16	GNT1	Grant 1	
E17	+5V	+5 VDC	
E18	GNT4	Grant 4	
E19	X3	Reserved (3)	
E20	GND	Ground	
E21	INTC#	Interrupt C	1
E22	-12V	-12 VDC	
E23	+12V	+12 VDC	
E24	VBATT		

1 = Pullup resistor of 2,7 kW on the System Slot (CPU).

## 64-bit PCI (Top)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
A1	GND	Ground	
A2	X10	Reserved (10)	
A3	AD35	Address 35	2
A4	AD38	Address 38	2
A5	AD42	Address 42	2
A6	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
A7	V(I/O)	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
A8	AD52	Address 52	2
A9	AD56	Address 56	2
A10	AD60	Address 60	2
A11	AD63	Address 63	2
A12	GND	Ground	
B1	X7	Reserved (7)	
B2	GND	Ground	
B3	AD36	Address 36	2
B4	AD39	Address 39	2
B5	AD43	Address 43	2
B6	AD46	Address 46	2
B7	AD49	Address 49	2
B8	AD53	Address 53	2
B9	AD57	Address 57	2
B10	AD61	Address 61	2
B11	GND	Ground	
B12	C/BE6#	Command, Byte Enable 6	2
C1	X8	Reserved (8)	
C2	AD32	Address 32	2
C3	GND	Ground	
C4	AD40	Address 40	2
C5	AD44	Address 44	2

C6	GND	Ground	
C7	GND	Ground	
C8	AD54	Address 54	2
C9	AD58	Address 58	2
C10	GND	Ground	
C11	PAR6	Parity 64 ???	2
	4		
C12	C/	Command, Byte	2
	BE7#	Enable 7	
D1	X9	Reserved (9)	
D2	AD33	Address 33	2
D3	AD37	Address 37	2
D4	GND	Ground	
D5	AD45	Address 45	2
D6	AD47	Address 47	2
D7	AD50	Address 50	2
D8	AD55	Address 55	2
D9	GND	Ground	
D10	AD62	Address 62	2
D11	C/	Command, Byte	2
	BE4#	Enable 4	
D12	X11	Reserved (11)	
E1	GND	Ground	
E2	AD34	Address 34	2
E3	V(I/	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
	O)		
E4	AD41	Address 41	2
E5	GND	Ground	
E6	AD48	Address 48	2
E7	AD51	Address 51	2
E8	GND	Ground	
E9	AD59	Address 59	2
E10	V(I/	+3.3 or +5 VDC	
	O)		
E11	C/	Command, Byte	2
	BE5#	Enable 5	
E12	X12	Reserved (12)	

2 = Pullup resistor of 2,7 kW (5V bus system) or 8,2 kW (3,3V bus system) on the backplane.

## ISA96/AT96 (Bottom)

Pin	Name	Description	Not e
A1	RSTDR V		
A2	IRQ9	Interrupt 9	
A3	SD11	Data 11	
A4	SD9	Data 9	
A5	IOCHR DY		1
A6	IOW#	I/O Write	
A7	SA15	Address 15	
A8	CLK	Clock	
A9	SA10	Address 10	
A10	SA7	Address 7	
A11	T/C		
A12	SA2	Address 2	
B1	SD15	Data 15	
B2	SD13	Data 13	
B3	SD3	Data 3	
B4	SD1	Data 1	
B5	SMEM W#	System Memory Write	
B6	SA18	Address 18	
B7	SA14	Address 14	
B8	DACK6 #	DMA Acknowledge 6	
B9	SA9	Address 9	
B10	IRQ3	Interrupt 3	
B11	IOCS1 6#	I/O 16-bit chip select	1
B12	SA1	Address 1	
C1	SD7	Data 7	
C2	SD5	Data 5	
C3	SD10	Data 10	

C4	SD8	Data 8	
C5	AEN	Address Enable	
C6	IOR#	I/O Read	
C7	SA13	Address 13	
C8	SA11	Address 11	
C9	IRQ5	Interrupt 5	
C10	SA6	Address 6	
C11	SA4	Address 4	
C12	IRQ11	Interrupt 11	
D1	SD14	Data 14	
D2	SD12	Data 12	
D3	SD2	Data 2	
D4	SD0	Data 0	
D5	SMEM	System Memory	
	R#	Read	
D6	SA17	Address 17	
D7	REF#		
D8	IRQ7	Interrupt 7	
D9	SA8	Address 8	
D10	MCS16		1
	#		
D11	BALE		
D12	SA0	Address 0	
E1	SD6	Data 6	
E2	SD4	Data 4	
E3	OWS		1
E4	SBHE#		
E5	SA19	Address 19	
E6	SA16	Address 16	
E7	SA12	Address 12	
E8	DRQ6	DMA Request 6	
E9	IRQ4	Interrupt 4	
E10	SA5	Address 5	
E11	SA3	Address 3	
E12	IRQ10	Interrupt 10	

1 = Pullup resistor must be integrated into the System Slot (CPU).

## VMEbus (Bottom)

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
A1	D0	Data 0
A2	D2	Data 2
A3	D12	Data 12
A4	D7	Data 7
A5	DS1#	
A6	BR3#	
A7	AM1	
A8	AM3	
A9	IACKO UT#	
A10	A14	Address 14
A11	A12	Address 12
A12	A10	Address 10
B1	BBSY#	
B2	D10	Data 10
B3	D5	Data 5
B4	D15	Data 15
B5	SYSRE S#	
B6	A23	Address 23
B7	A21	Address 21
B8	A19	Address 19
B9	A16	Address 16
B10	A6	Address 6
B11	A4	Address 4
B12	A2	Address



		2
C1	D8	Data 8
C2	D3	Data 3
C3	D13	Data 13
C4	SYSCLK	
C5	DS0#	
C6	DTACK#	
C7	AS#	
C8	IACK#	
C9	AM4	
C10	A13	Address 13
C11	A11	Address 11
C12	A9	Address 9
D1	D1	Data 1
D2	D11	Data 11
D3	D6	Data 6
D4	BG3OUT#	
D5	WR#	Write
D6	AM0	
D7	AM2	
D8	A18	Address 18
D9	A15	Address 15
D10	A5	Address 5
D11	A3	Address 3
D12	A1	Address 1
E1	D9	Data 9

E2	D4	Data 4
E3	D14	Data 14
E4	BERR#	Bus Error
E5	AM5	
E6	A22	Address 22
E7	A20	Address 20
E8	A17	Address 17
E9	A7	Address 7
E10	IRQ5#	Interrupt 5
E11	IRQ3#	Interrupt 3
E12	A8	Address 8

### **ECB (Bottom)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
A1	D5	Data 5
A2	D2	Data 2
A3	A4	Data 4
A4	A7	Address 7
A5	BAI	
A6	2F	
A7	A10	Address 10
A8	INT#	
A9	VCMOS	
A10	PWRCL R#	
A11	A13	Address 13
A12	RESET #	Reset
B1	D0	Data 0
B2	D4	Data 4

B3	A1	Address 1
B4	WAIT#	
B5	A17	Address 17
B6	IEO	
B7	n/c	Not connected
B8	DMARD Y	
B9	RD#	Read
B10	IORQ#	
B11	?	
B12	n/c	Not connected
C1	D6	Data 6
C2	A0	Address 0
C3	A5	Address 5
C4	A16	Address 16
C5	A18	Address 18
C6	BAO	
C7	M1#	
C8	WR#	
C9	n	
C10	A12	Address 12
C11	A9	Address 9
C12	n/c	Not connected
D1	D7	Data 7
D2	A2	Address 2
D3	A8	Address 8
D4	BUSRQ #	
D5	A19	Address 19
D6	A11	Address 11
D7	NMI#	Non Maskable Interrupt
D8	PF	
D9	HALT#	
D10	RFSH#	
D11	MRQ#	
D12	n/c	Not connected

E1	D3	Data 3
E2	A3	Address 3
E3	A6	Address 6
E4	IEI	
E5	D1	Data 1
E6	A14	Address 14
E7	n/c	Not connected
E8	n/c	Not connected
E9	DESLC	
	T#	
E10	A15	Address 15
E11	BUSAK	
	#	
E12	n/c	Not connected

### **SMP16 (Bottom)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
A1	NMI#	Non Maskable Interrupt
A2	IRQ0#	Interrupt 0
A3	D11	Data 11
A4	D9	Data 9
A5	RDYIN	
A6	IOW#	
A7	A15	Address 15
A8	CLK	
A9	A10	Address 10
A10	A7	Address 7
A11	TC/ EOP#	
A12	A2	Address 2
B1	D15	Data 15
B2	D13	Data 13
B3	D3	Data 3
B4	D1	Data 1
B5	MEMW	
	#	

B6	A18	Address 18
B7	A14	Address 14
B8	DACKx	
	#	
B9	A9	Address 9
B10	IRQ3#	Interrupt 3
B11	IOCS1	
	6#	
B12	A1	Address 1
C1	D7	Data 7
C2	D5	Data 5
C3	D10	Data 10
C4	D8	Data 8
C5	BUSEN	
C6	IOR#	
C7	A13	Address 13
C8	A11	Address 11
C9	IRQ1#	Interrupt 1
C10	A6	Address 6
C11	A4	Address 4
C12	IRQ4#	Interrupt 4
D1	D14	Data 14
D2	D12	Data 12
D3	D2	Data 2
D4	D0	Data 0
D5	MEMR	
	#	
D6	A17	Address 17
D7	INTA#	
D8	INT#	
D9	A8	Address 8
D10	MECS1	
	6#	
D11	ALE	
D12	A0	Address 0
E1	D6	Data 6
E2	D4	Data 4

E3	MMIO#	
E4	BHEN	
E5	A19	Address 19
E6	A16	Address 16
E7	A12	Address 12
E8	DRQx#	
E9	IRQ2#	Interrupt 2
E10	A5	Address 5
E11	A3	Address 3
E12	IRQ5#	Interrupt 5

### **Floppy/EIDE (Bottom)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
A1	FDSEL1	Floppy Select 1
A2	FDSEL0	Floppy Select 0
A3	FDME1	Floppy ?
A4	DIR	Floppy Direction
A5	STEP	Floppy Step
A6	WRDAT	Floppy Write
	A	Data
A7	WE	Floppy Write?
A8	TRK0	Floppy Track 0
A9	WP	Floppy Write?
A10	RDDAT	Floppy ?
	A	
A11	HDSEL	Floppy HD
		Select
A12	DSKCH	Floppy
	G	DiskChange
B1	DRVDE	?
	N1	
B2	DRVDE	?
	N0	
B3	IDECS3	IDE ?
	P#	
B4	IDEA2	IDE ?
B5	IDEIRQ	IDE ?

S

B6 IDEPUS IDE ?

B7 IDEDR IDE ?

QP

B8 IDED14 IDE Data 14

B9 IDED8 IDE Data 8

B10 IDED6 IDE Data 6

B11 IDED11 IDE Data 11

B12 IDED3 IDE Data 3

C1 FDME0 Floppy Me?

C2 INDX Floppy Index

C3 IDECS3 IDE ?

S#

C4 IDEA0 IDE ?

C5 IDEDAK IDE ?

S#

C6 IDEIOR IDE ?

#

C7 IDEDR IDE ?

QS

C8 IDED1 IDE Data 1

C9 #IDERS IDE ?

T

C10 IDED10 IDE Data 10

C11 IDED4 IDE Data 4

C12 IDED2 IDE Data 2

D1 IDELED IDE LED ?

S#

D2 IDELED IDE LED ?

P#

D3 IDECS1 IDE ?

S#

D4 IDEIRQ IDE ?

P

D5 IDEPUP IDE Pull Up ?

D6 IDEIOW IDE ?

#

D7	IDED15	IDE Data 15
D8	IDED13	IDE Data 13
D9	IDED7	IDE Data 7
D10	GND	Ground
D11	GND	Ground
D12	GND	Ground
E1	GND	Ground
E2	GND	Ground
E3	IDECS1	IDE ? P#
E4	IDEA1	IDE ?
E5	IDEDAK	IDE ? P#
E6	IDEIOR	IDE ? DY
E7	IDED0	IDE Data 0
E8	IDED12	IDE Data 12
E9	IDED9	IDE Data 9
E10	IDED5	IDE Data 5
E11	GND	Ground
E12	GND	Ground

### **SCSI (Bottom)**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Na</b>	<b>Descripti</b>
	<b>me</b>	<b>on</b>
A1	TER	
	M	
A2	GN	Ground
	D	
A3	I/O#	
A4	RE	
	Q#	
A5	ATN	
	#	
A6	D8	Data 8
A7	D9	Data 9
A8	D10	Data 10



A9	D2	Data 2
A10	D4	Data 4
A11	DP0	
A12	GN	Ground
	D	
B1	TER	
	M	
B2	GN	Ground
	D	
B3	GN	Ground
	D	
B4	GN	Ground
	D	
B5	GN	Ground
	D	
B6	GN	Ground
	D	
B7	GN	Ground
	D	
B8	GN	Ground
	D	
B9	GN	Ground
	D	
B10	GN	Ground
	D	
B11	GN	Ground
	D	
B12	GN	Ground
	D	
C1	TER	
	M	
C2	GN	Ground
	D	
C3	C/	
	D#	
C4	MS	
	G#	

C5	ACK	
	#	
C6	D12	Data 12
C7	DP1	Data P1
C8	D13	Data 13
C9	D1	Data 1
C10	D5	Data 5
C11	D7	Data 7
C12	GN	Ground
	D	
D1	TER	
	M	
D2	GN	Ground
	D	
D3	GN	Ground
	D	
D4	GN	Ground
	D	
D5	GN	Ground
	D	
D6	GN	Ground
	D	
D7	GN	Ground
	D	
D8	GN	Ground
	D	
D9	GN	Ground
	D	
D10	GN	Ground
	D	
D11	GN	Ground
	D	
D12	GN	Ground
	D	
E1	TER	
	M	
E2	GN	Ground

D  
E3 SEL  
#  
E4 RST  
#  
E5 BSY  
#  
E6 D14 Data 14  
E7 D15 Data 15  
E8 D11 Data 11  
E9 D0 Data 0  
E10 D3 Data 3  
E11 D6 Data 6  
E12 GN Ground  
D

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Sources: IndustrialPCI page at Standard Industrial PC Systems's (SIPS) homepage*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.sips.com/ipci.htm>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.sips.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## SmallPCI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SmallPCI (SPCI)

PCI=Peripheral Component Interconnect.

SmallPCI is a version of PCI adapted for small computers and PDAs.

NEW (At the motherboard)

NEW (At the device)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the motherboard.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device.

**I don't have any technical information about SmallPCI at the moment. If you have any information of value please send it to me.**

The specifications can be obtained from:

*PCI Special Interest Group*

*2575 NE Kathryn St. #17*

*Hillsboro, OR 97124*

*Phone: 1-800-433-5177*

*Fax: 1-503-693-8344*

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Info: [SmallPCI overview at PCI Speacial Interrest Group's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.pcisig.com/current/smallpci.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.pcisig.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.



## Miniature Card Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Miniature Card

Developed by Intel.

Miniature Card is a memory-only expansion card.

NEW (At the device)

NEW (At the card)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.

Pin	Name	Description	Dir
1	A18	Address Bus	NEW
2	A16	Address Bus	NEW
3	A14	Address Bus	NEW
4	Vccr	Voltage Refresh	NEW
5	CEH#	Card Enable High Byte	NEW
6	A11	Address Bus	NEW
7	A9	Address Bus	NEW
8	A8	Address Bus	NEW
9	A6	Address Bus	NEW
10	A5	Address Bus	NEW
11	A3	Address Bus	NEW
12	A2	Address Bus	NEW
13	A0	Address Bus	NEW
14	RAS#	Row Address Strobe	NEW
15	A24	Address Bus	NEW
16	A23	Address Bus	NEW
17	A22	Address Bus	NEW
18	OE#	Output Enable	NEW
19	D15	Data Bus	NEW
20	D13	Data Bus	NEW
21	D12	Data Bus	NEW
22	D10	Data Bus	NEW
23	D9	Data Bus	NEW
24	D0	Data Bus	NEW
25	D2	Data Bus	NEW

26	D4	Data Bus	NEW
27	RFU	Reserved for future use	
28	D7	Data Bus	NEW
29	SDA	Serial Data and Address	NEW
30	SCL	Serial Clock	NEW
31	A19	Address Bus	NEW
32	A17	Address Bus	NEW
33	A15	Address Bus	NEW
34	A13	Address Bus	NEW
35	A12	Address Bus	NEW
36	RESE	Reset	NEW
	T#		
37	A10	Address Bus	NEW
38	VS1#	Voltage Sense 1	NEW
39	A7	Address Bus	NEW
40	BS8#	Bus Size 8	NEW
41	A4	Address Bus	NEW
42	CEL#	Card Enable Low Byte	NEW
43	A1	Address Bus	NEW
44	CASL	Column Address Strobe Low	NEW
	#	Byte	
45	CASH	Column Address Strobe High	NEW
	#	Byte	
46	CD#	Card Detect	NEW
47	A21	Address Bus	NEW
48	BUSY	Ready/Busy	NEW
	#		
49	WE#	Write Enable	NEW
50	D14	Data Bus	NEW
51	RFU	Reserved for future use	
52	D11	Data Bus	NEW
53	VS2#	Voltage Sense 2	NEW
54	D8	Data Bus	NEW
55	D1	Data Bus	NEW
56	D3	Data Bus	NEW
57	D5	Data Bus	NEW
58	D6	Data Bus	NEW

59 RFU Reserved for future use  
60 A20 Address Bus

NEW

The following three is separate:

**Name Descriptio Dir**

**n**

GND Ground

VCC Power

CINS Card

NEW

# Insertion

*Note: Direction is card relative device.*

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Minicature Card v1.1 spec at Miniature Card Implementers Forum's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.mcif.org/spec.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Miniature Card (Tech) Connector



# Miniature Card (Technical)

This section is currently based solely on the Miniature Card specification v1.1.

## Signal Descriptions:

### A0-A24

Address A0 to A24 are the address bus lines that can address up to 32 Mwords (64 MBytes). The Miniature Card specification does not require the Miniature Card to decode the upper address lines. A 2 Mbyte Miniature Card that does not decode the upper address lines would repeat its address space every 2 Mbytes. Address 0h would access the same physical location as 200000h, 400000h, 600000h, etc.

### D0-D15

Data lines D0 through D15 constitute the data bus. The data bus is composed of two bytes, the low byte D[7:0] and the high byte D[15:8].

### OE#

OE# indicates that the current bus cycle is a read cycle.

### WE#

WE# indicates that the current bus cycle is a write cycle.

### VS1#

Voltage Sense 1 signal. The card grounds this signal to indicate it can operate at 3.3 Volts. This signal must either be connected to card GND or left open.

### VS2#

Voltage Sense 2 signal. The card grounds this signal to indicate it can operate at x.x Volts (the value to be determined at a later date). This signal must either be connected to card GND or left open.

### CEL#

CEL# enables the low byte of the data bus (D[7:0]) on the card. This signal is not used in DRAM cards.

### CEH#

CEH# enables the high byte of the data bus (D[15:8]) on the card. This signal is not used in DRAM cards.

### RAS#

RAS# strobes in the row address for DRAM cards.

## **CASL#**

CASL# strobes in the low byte column address for DRAM cards.

## **CASH#**

CASH# strobes in the high byte column address for DRAM cards.

## **RESET#**

RESET# controls card initialization. When RESET# transitions from a low state to a high state, the Miniature Card must reset to a predetermined state.

## **BUSY#**

BUSY# is a signal generated by the card to indicate the status of operations within the Miniature Card. When BUSY# is high, the Miniature Card is ready to accept the next command from the host. When BUSY# is low, the Miniature Card is busy and unable to accept some data operations from the host. For example, in Flash Miniature Cards the BUSY# signal is tied to the components RY/BY# signal. However, ROM Miniature Cards would always drive BUSY# high since the host will always be able to read from a ROM Miniature Card.

## **Vccr**

Vccr provides a low current (refresh) voltage supply. Vccr is a feature used by DRAM Miniature Cards to "self-refresh" during "sleep" mode.

## **SDA**

I2C: Serial Data/Address.

## **SCL**

I2C: Serial Clock are used to read the attribute information structure (AIS) from the serial EEPROM in a DRAM card.

## **CD#**

CD# is a grounded interface signal. After a Miniature Card has been inserted, CD# will be forced low. The card detect signal is located in the center of the second row of interface signals, and should be one of the last interface signals to connect to the host. Do not confuse CD# with CINS#. CINS# is an early card detect that is one of the first signals to connect to the host.

## **BS8#**

BS8# is a signal driven by the host to indicate if the data bus is x8 or x16. An 8-bit host must drive BS8# low and tie the high byte data bus D[15:8] to the low byte data bus D[7:0]. A 16-bit host must drive this signal high.

## **GND**

Ground

## **Vcc**

Vcc is used to supply power to the card.

## **CINS#**

CINS# is a grounded signal on the front of the Miniature Card that can be used for early detection of a card insertion. CINS# makes contact on the host when the front of the card is inserted into the socket, before the interface signals connect.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Miniature Card v1.1 spec](#) at [Miniature Card Implementers Forum's homepage](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## NuBus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### NuBus

Available on old Apple Macintosh computers.  
Standard: IEEE 1196, "Nubus-A simple 32-bit backplane bus"

NEW (At the card)

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.  
UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

### Row A

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	-12	-12 VDC
	V	
2	-	
3	/SPV	
4	/SP	
5	/TM1	
6	/AD1	Address/Data 1
7	/AD3	Address/Data 3
8	/AD5	Address/Data 5
9	/AD7	Address/Data 7
10	/AD9	Address/Data 9
11	/	Address/Data AD1 11 1
12	/	Address/Data AD1 13 3
13	/	Address/Data



	AD1	15	
	5		
14	/	Address/Data	
	AD1	17	
	7		
15	/	Address/Data	
	AD1	19	
	9		
16	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	21	
	1		
17	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	23	
	3		
18	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	25	
	5		
19	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	27	
	7		
20	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	29	
	9		
21	/	Address/Data	
	AD3	31	
	1		
22	GND	Ground	
23	GND	Ground	
24	/		
	ARB		
	1		
25	/		
	ARB		
	3		
26	/ID1		
27	/ID3		
28	/		

	ACK	
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	/	
	RQS	
	T	
31	/	
	NMR	
	Q	
32	+12 V	+12 VDC

### Row B

Pin	Na	Descripti me on
1	-12 V	-12 VDC
2	GN D	Ground
3	GN D	Ground
4	+5 V	+5 VDC
5	+5 V	+5 VDC
6	+5 V	+5 VDC
7	+5 V	+5 VDC
8	*	Reserved ?
9	*	Reserved ?
10	*	Reserved ?
11	*	Reserved ?
12	GN D	Ground
13	GN D	Ground
14	GN	Ground

	D	
15	GN	Ground
	D	
16	GN	Ground
	D	
17	GN	Ground
	D	
18	GN	Ground
	D	
19	GN	Ground
	D	
20	GN	Ground
	D	
21	GN	Ground
	D	
22	GN	Ground
	D	
23	GN	Ground
	D	
24	**	Reserved ?
25	**	Reserved ?
26	**	Reserved ?
27	**	Reserved ?
28	+5 V	+5 VDC
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	GN	Ground
	D	
31	GN	Ground
	D	
32	+12	
	V	

## Row C

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Nam e</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	/ RES ET	Reset
2	-	
3	+5 V	+5 VDC
4	+5 V	+5 VDC
5	/TM0	
6	/AD0	Address/Data 0
7	/AD2	Address/Data 2
8	/AD4	Address/Data 4
9	/AD6	Address/Data 6
10	/AD8	Address/Data 8
11	/ AD10	Address/Data 10
12	/ AD12	Address/Data 12
13	/ AD14	Address/Data 14
14	/ AD16	Address/Data 16
15	/ AD18	Address/Data 18
16	/ AD20	Address/Data 20
17	/ AD22	Address/Data 22
18	/ AD24	Address/Data 24
19	/ AD26	Address/Data 26

20	/	Address/Data
	AD28	28
21	/	Address/Data
	AD30	30
22	GND	Ground
23	/PFW	
24	/	
	ARB	
	0	
25	/	
	ARB	
	2	
26	/ID0	
27	/ID2	
28	/	
	STAR	
	T	
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	+5 V	+5 VDC
31	GND	Ground
32	/CLK	Clock

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Karsten Wenke, Michael Van den Acker

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

Karsten.Wenke@t-online.de

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

[rdsmv@huntsman.cse.rmit.edu.au](mailto:rdsmv@huntsman.cse.rmit.edu.au)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## NuBus 90 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### NuBus 90

Available on old Apple Macintosh computers.

NEW (At the card)

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

### Row A

Pin	Nam	Description
	e	
1	-12	-12 VDC
	V	
2	SB0	
3	/SPV	
4	/SP	
5	/TM1	
6	/AD1	Address/Data 1
7	/AD3	Address/Data 3
8	/AD5	Address/Data 5
9	/AD7	Address/Data 7
10	/AD9	Address/Data 9
11	/	Address/Data AD1 11 1
12	/	Address/Data AD1 13 3
13	/	Address/Data



	AD1	15	
	5		
14	/	Address/Data	
	AD1	17	
	7		
15	/	Address/Data	
	AD1	19	
	9		
16	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	21	
	1		
17	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	23	
	3		
18	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	25	
	5		
19	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	27	
	7		
20	/	Address/Data	
	AD2	29	
	9		
21	/	Address/Data	
	AD3	31	
	1		
22	GND	Ground	
23	GND	Ground	
24	/		
	ARB		
	1		
25	/		
	ARB		
	3		
26	/ID1		
27	/ID3		
28	/		

	ACK	
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	/	
	RQS	
	T	
31	/	
	NMR	
	Q	
32	+12	+12 VDC
	V	

## Row B

Pin	Name	Description
1	-12 V	-12 VDC
2	GND	Ground
3	GND	Ground
4	+5 V	+5 VDC
5	+5 V	+5 VDC
6	+5 V	+5 VDC
7	+5 V	+5 VDC
8	/TM2	
9	/CM0	
10	/CM1	
11	/CM2	
12	GND	Ground
13	GND	Ground
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground
17	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground

24	/CLK2X	
25	STDBYP	
	WR	
26	/	
	CLK2XE	
	N	
27	/CBUSY	
28	+5 V	+5 VDC
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	GND	Ground
31	GND	Ground
32	+12 V	+12 VDC

### Row C

Pin	Name	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	/	Reset
	RES	
	ET	
2	SB1	
3	+5 V	+5 VDC
4	+5 V	+5 VDC
5	/TM0	
6	/AD0	Address/Data 0
7	/AD2	Address/Data 2
8	/AD4	Address/Data 4
9	/AD6	Address/Data 6
10	/AD8	Address/Data 8
11	/	Address/Data
	AD10	10
12	/	Address/Data
	AD12	12

13	/	Address/Data
	AD14	14
14	/	Address/Data
	AD16	16
15	/	Address/Data
	AD18	18
16	/	Address/Data
	AD20	20
17	/	Address/Data
	AD22	22
18	/	Address/Data
	AD24	24
19	/	Address/Data
	AD26	26
20	/	Address/Data
	AD28	28
21	/	Address/Data
	AD30	30
22	GND	Ground
23	/PFW	
24	/	
	ARB	
	0	
25	/	
	ARB	
	2	
26	/ID0	
27	/ID2	
28	/	
	STAR	
	T	
29	+5 V	+5 VDC
30	+5 V	+5 VDC
31	GND	Ground
32	/CLK	Clock

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Karsten Wenke

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Zorro II Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Zorro II

NEW (At the A2000)

86 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR at the A2000.

*None: All of my X's suddenly disappeared. I have now put them back again. I hope the table is correct. Please contact me if not. I don't remember where I found this information.*

Pin	A50	A100	A200	A2000	Name	Description
	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>B</b>		
1	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
2	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
3	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
4	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
5	X	X	X	X	+5V	+5 Volts DC
6	X	X	X	X	+5V	+5 Volts DC
7	X	X	X	X	n/c	
8	X	X	X	X	-5V	-5 Volts DC
9	X	X			n/c	
			X	X	28CLOCK	28MHz Clock
10	X	X	X	X	+12V	+12 Volts DC
11	X	X			n/c	
			X	X	/COPCFG	Configuration Out
12	X	X	X	X	CONFIG IN, Grounded	
13	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
14	X	X	X	X	/C3	C3 Clock
15	X	X	X	X	CDAC	Clock
16	X	X	X	X	/C1	C1 Clock
17	X	X	X	X	/OVR	
18	X	X	X	X	RDY	Ready
19	X	X	X	X	/INT2	Interrupt 2
20	X	X			/PALOPE	
			X		n/c	
				X	/BOSS	

21	X	X	X	X	A5	Address 5
22	X	X	X	X	/INT6	Interrupt 6
23	X	X	X	X	A6	Address 6
24	X	X	X	X	A4	Address 4
25	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
26	X	X	X	X	A3	Address 3
27	X	X	X	X	A2	Address 2
28	X	X	X	X	A7	Address 7
29	X	X	X	X	A1	Address 1
30	X	X	X	X	A8	Address 8
31	X	X	X	X	FC0	Processor status 0
32	X	X	X	X	A9	Address 9
33	X	X	X	X	FC1	Processor status 1
34	X	X	X	X	A10	Address 10
35	X	X	X	X	FC2	Processor status 2
36	X	X	X	X	A11	Address 11
37	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
38	X	X	X	X	A12	Address 12
39	X	X	X	X	A13	Address 13
40	X	X	X	X	/IPL0	
41	X	X	X	X	A14	Address 14
42	X	X	X	X	/IPL1	
43	X	X	X	X	A15	Address 15
44	X	X	X	X	/IPL2	
45	X	X	X	X	A16	Address 16
46	X	X	X	X	/BEER	Bus Error
47	X	X	X	X	A17	Address
48	X	X	X	X	/VPA	
49	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
50	X	X	X	X	ECLK	E Clock
51	X	X	X	X	/VMA	
52	X	X	X	X	A18	Address 18
53	X	X	X	X	RST	Reset
54	X	X	X	X	A19	Address 19

55	X	X	X	X	/HLT	Halt
56	X	X	X	X	A20	Address 20
57	X	X	X	X	A22	Address 22
58	X	X	X	X	A21	Address 21
59	X	X	X	X	A23	Address 23
60	X	X			/BR	
			X	X	/CBR	
61	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
62	X	X	X	X	/BGACK	
63	X	X	X	X	D15	Data 15
64	X	X			/BG	
			X	X	/CBG	
65	X	X	X	X	D14	Data 14
66	X	X	X	X	/DTACK	
67	X	X	X	X	D13	Data 13
68	X	X	X	X	R/W	Read/Write
69	X	X	X	X	D12	Data 12
70	X	X	X	X	/LDS	
71	X	X	X	X	D11	Data 11
72	X	X	X	X	/UDS	
73	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
74	X	X	X	X	/AS	
75	X	X	X	X	D0	Data 0
76	X	X	X	X	D10	Data 10
77	X	X	X	X	D1	Data 1
78	X	X	X	X	D9	Data 9
79	X	X	X	X	D2	Data 2
80	X	X	X	X	D8	Data 8
81	X	X	X	X	D3	Data 3
82	X	X	X	X	D7	Data 7
83	X	X	X	X	D4	Data 4
84	X	X	X	X	D6	Data 6
85	X	X	X	X	GND	Ground
86	X	X	X	X	D5	Data 5

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.





## Zorro II/III Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Zorro II/III

NEW (At the computer)

100 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Physical Name	Zorro II Name	Zorro III Address Phase	Zorro III Data Phase
1	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
2	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
3	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
4	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
5	+5VDC	+5VDC	+5VDC	+5VDC
6	+5VDC	+5VDC	+5VDC	+5VDC
7	/OWN	/OWN	/OWN	/OWN
8	-5VDC	-5VDC	-5VDC	-5VDC
9	/SLAVEn SLAVE	/SLAVEn	/SLAVEn	/SLAVEn
10	+12VDC	+12VDC	+12VDC	+12VDC
11	/CFGOUTn CFGOUTn	/CFGOUTn	/CFGOUTn	/CFGOUTn
12	/CFGINn CFGINn	/CFGINn	/CFGINn	/CFGINn
13	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
14	/C3	/C3 Clock	/C3 Clock	/C3 Clock
15	CDAC	CDAC Clock	CDAC Clock	CDAC Clock
16	/C1	/C1 Clock	/C1 Clock	/C1 Clock
17	/CINH	/OVR	/CINH	/CINH
18	/MTCR	XRDY	/MTCR	/MTCR
19	/INT2	/INT2	/INT2	/INT2
20	-12VDC	-12VDC	-12VDC	-12VDC

21	A5	A5	A5	A5
22	/INT6	/INT6	/INT6	/INT6
23	A6	A6	A6	A6
24	A4	A4	A4	A4
25	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
26	A3	A3	A3	A3
27	A2	A2	A2	A2
28	A7	A7	A7	A7
29	/LOCK	A1	/LOCK	/LOCK
30	AD8	A8	A8	D0
31	FC0	FC0	FC0	FC0
32	AD9	A9	A9	D1
33	FC1	FC1	FC1	FC1
34	AD10	A10	A10	D2
35	FC2	FC2	FC2	FC2
36	AD11	A11	A11	D3
37	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
38	AD12	A12	A12	D4
39	AD13	A13	A13	D5
40	Reserv ed	(/EINT7)	Reserved	Reserved
41	AD14	A14	A14	D6
42	Reserv ed	(/EINT5)	Reserved	Reserved
43	AD15	A15	A15	D7
44	Reserv ed	(/EINT4)	Reserved	Reserved
45	AD16	A16	A16	D8
46	/BERR	/BERR	/BERR	/BERR
47	AD17	A17	A17	D9
48	/ MTACK	(/VPA)	/MTACK	/MTACK
49	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
50	E Clock	E Clock	E Clock	E Clock
51	/DS0	(/VMA)	/DS0	/DS0
52	AD18	A18	A18	D10
53	/RESET	/RST	/RESET	/RESET

54	AD19	A19	A19	D11
55	/HLT	/HLT	/HLT	/HLT
56	AD20	A20	A20	D12
57	AD22	A22	A22	D14
58	AD21	A21	A21	D13
59	AD23	A23	A23	D15
60	/BRn	/BRn	/BRn	/BRn
61	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
62	/	/BGACK	/BGACK	/BGACK
	BGACK			
63	AD31	D15	A31	D31
64	/BGn	/BGn	/BGn	/BGn
65	AD30	D14	A30	D30
66	/DTACK	/DTACK	/DTACK	/DTACK
67	AD29	D13	A29	D29
68	READ	READ	READ	READ
69	AD28	D12	A28	D28
70	/DS2	/LDS	/DS2	/DS2
71	AD27	D11	A27	D27
72	/DS3	/UDS	/DS3	/DS3
73	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
74	/CCS	/AS	/CCS	/CCS
75	SD0	D0	Reserved	D16
76	AD26	D10	A26	D26
77	SD1	D1	Reserved	D17
78	AD25	D9	A25	D25
79	SD2	D2	Reserved	D18
80	AD24	D8	A24	D24
81	SD3	D3	Reserved	D19
82	SD7	D7	Reserved	D23
83	SD4	D4	Reserved	D20
84	SD6	D6	Reserved	D22
85	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
86	SD5	D5	Reserved	D21
87	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
88	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
89	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground

90	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
91	SenseZ	Ground	SenseZ3	SenseZ3
	3			
92	7M	E7M	7M	7M
93	DOE	DOE	DOE	DOE
94	/IORST	/BUSRST	/IORST	/IORST
95	/BCLR	/GBG	/BCLR	/BCLR
96	Reserv	(/EINT1)	Reserved	Reserved
	ed			
97	/FCS	No	/FCS	/FCS
		Connect		
98	/DS1	No	/DS1	/DS1
		Connect		
99	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground
100	Ground	Ground	Ground	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: *Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Amiga 1200 CPU-port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga 1200 CPU-port

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	n/c	Reserved
2	n/c	Reserved
3	n/c	Reserved
4	n/c	Reserved
5	n/c	Reserved
6	n/c	Reserved
7	n/c	Reserved
8	n/c	Reserved
9	GND	Ground
10	+5V	+5 Volts DC
11	A23	Address 23
12	A22	Address 22
13	A21	Address 21
14	A20	Address 20
15	A19	Address 19
16	A18	Address 18
17	A17	Address 17
18	A16	Address 16
19	GND	Ground
20	+5V	+5 Volts DC
21	A15	Address 15
22	A14	Address 14
23	A13	Address 13
24	A12	Address 12
25	A11	Address 11
26	A10	Address 10
27	A9	Address 9
28	A8	Address 8
29	GND	Ground
30	+5V	+5 Volts DC

31	A7	Address 7
32	A6	Address 6
33	A5	Address 5
34	A4	Address 4
35	A3	Address 3
36	A2	Address 2
37	A1	Address 1
38	A0	Address 0
39	GND	Ground
40	+5V	+5 Volts DC
41	D31	Data 31
42	D30	Data 30
43	D29	Data 29
44	D28	Data 28
45	D27	Data 27
46	D26	Data 26
47	D25	Data 25
48	D24	Data 24
49	GND	Ground
50	+5V	+5 Volts DC
51	D23	Data 23
52	D22	Data 22
53	D21	Data 21
54	D20	Data 20
55	D19	Data 19
56	D18	Data 18
57	D17	Data 17
58	D16	Data 16
59	GND	Ground
60	+5V	+5 Volts DC
61	D15	Data 15
62	D14	Data 14
63	D13	Data 13
64	D12	Data 12
65	D11	Data 11
66	D10	Data 10
67	D9	Data 9

68	D8	Data 8
69	GND	Ground
70	+5V	+5 Volts DC
71	D7	Data 7
72	D6	Data 6
73	D5	Data 5
74	D4	Data 4
75	D3	Data 3
76	D2	Data 2
77	D1	Data 1
78	D0	Data 0
79	GND	Ground
80	+5V	+5 Volts DC
81	/IPL2	
82	/IPL1	
83	/IPL0	
84	n/c	Reserved
85	/RST	Reset
86	/HLT	Halt
87	n/c	Reserved
88	n/c	Reserved
89	SIZE1	
90	SIZE0	
91	/AS	Address Strobe
92	/DS	Data Strobe
93	R/W	Read/Write
94	/BERR	Bus Error
95	n/c	Reserved
96	/AVEC	
97	/DSACK1	
98	/DSACK2	
99	CPUCKLA	
100	ECLOCK	EClock pulse
101	GND	Ground
102	+5V	+5 Volts DC
103	FC2	Processor Status 2
104	FC1	Processor Status 1



105	FC0	Processor Status 0
106	/RMC	
107	n/c	Reserved
108	n/c	Reserved
109	n/c	Reserved
110	n/c	Reserved
111	/BR	Slot specific Bus Arbitration
112	/BG	Slot specific Bus Arbitration
113	n/c	Reserved
114	/BOSS	
115	/FPUCS	FPU Chip select
116	/	FPU Sense
	FPUSENS	
	E	
117	CCKA	
118	/RESET	Reset
119	GND	Ground
120	+5V	+5 Volts DC
121	/NETCS	
122	/SPARECS	
123	/RTCCS	Realtime Clock Chip select
124	/FLASH	
125	/REG	
126	/CCENA	
127	/WAIT	
128	/KBRESET	Keyboard reset
129	/IORD	IO Read
130	/IOWR	IO Write
131	/OE	Output enable
132	/WE	
133	/OVR	/DTACK Override
134	XRDY	External Ready
135	/ZORRO	
136	/WIDE	

137	/INT2	Interrupt level 2
138	/INT6	Interrupt level 6
139	GND	Ground
140	+5V	+5 Volts DC
141	SYSTEM1	System1 Ground
142	SYSTEM0	System0 Ground
143	/xRxD	
144	/xTxD	
145	/CONFIG OUT	
146	AGND	Audio Ground
147	ALEFT	Audio Left
148	ARIGHT	Audio Right
149	+12V	+12 Volts DC
150	-12V	-12 Volts DC

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Amiga 1000 Ramex Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga 1000 Ramex

NEW (At the computer)

60 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR (.156") at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	D15	Data 15
3	+5V	+5 Volts DC
4	D12	Data 12
5	GND	Ground
6	D11	Data 11
7	+5V	+5 Volts DC
8	D8	Data 8
9	GND	Ground
10	D7	Data 7
11	+5V	+5 Volts DC
12	D4	Data 4
13	GND	Ground
14	D3	Data 3
15	+5V	+5 Volts DC
16	D0	Data 0
17	GND	Ground
18	DRA 4	
19	DRA 5	
20	DRA 6	
21	DRA 7	

22	GND	Ground
23	/RAS	
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	/	
	CAS	
	U0	
27	GND	Ground
28	/	
	CAS	
	L0	
29	+5V	+5 Volts DC
30	+5V	+5 Volts DC
A	GND	Ground
B	D14	Data 14
C	+5V	+5 Volts DC
D	D13	Data 13
E	GND	Ground
F	D10	Data 10
H	+5V	+5 Volts DC
J	D9	Data 9
K	GND	Ground
L	D6	Data 6
M	+5V	+5 Volts DC
N	D5	Data 5
P	GND	Ground
R	D2	Data 2
S	+5V	+5 Volts DC
T	D1	Data 1
U	GND	Ground

V DRA  
3  
W DRA  
2  
X DRA  
1  
Y DRA  
0  
Z GND Ground  
AA /  
RRW  
BB GND Ground  
CC GND Ground  
DD /  
CAS  
U1  
EE GND Ground  
FF /  
CAS  
L1  
HH +5V +5 Volts  
DC  
JJ +5V +5 Volts  
DC

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Amiga Video Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Video Expansion (Amiga)

NEW (At the computer)

36+54 PIN EDGE CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
1	RGB16	NEW	Red Bit 0
2	RGB17	NEW	Red Bit 1
3	LINELF	NEW	Audio Line Out Left
4	LINERT	NEW	Audio Line Out Right
5	C28D	NEW	Pixel-Synchronous Clock
6	+5V	-	+5 Volts DC (1 A)
7	ARED	NEW	Analog Red
8	+5V	-	+5 Volts DC (1 A)
9	GND	-	Digital Ground
10	+12V	-	+12 Volts DC (40 mA)
11	AGREE	NEW	Analog Green
	N		
12	GND	-	Digital Ground
13	GND	-	Digital Ground
14	/	NEW	Composite Sync
	CSYNC		
15	ABLUE	NEW	Analog Blue
16	/	NEW	Genlock Clock Enable
	XCLKE		
	N		
17	GND	-	Digital Ground
18	BURST	NEW	Burst Gate
19	/C4	NEW	3.55/3.58 MHz Clock
20	GND	-	Digital Ground
21	GND	-	Digital Ground
22	/	NEW	Horizontal Sync (47 Ohm)
	HSYNC		
23	RGB4	NEW	Blue Bit 4
24	GND	-	Digital Ground
25	RGB7	NEW	Blue Bit 7

26	/	NEW	Vertical Sync (47 Ohm)
	VSYNC		
27	RGB15	NEW	Green Bit 7
28	BLANK	NEW	Video Blank
29	RGB23	NEW	Red 7
30	/	NEW	Genlock Overlay (47 Ohm)
	PIXELS		
	W		
31	-5V	-	-5 Volts DC
32	GND	-	Digital Ground
33	/XCLK	NEW	Genlock Clock
34	/C1	NEW	C1 Clock
35	+5V	-	+5 Volts DC (1 A)
36	PSTRO	NEW	Printer Port Handshake
	BE		
1	GND	-	Digital Ground
2	RGB20	NEW	Red Bit 4
3	RGB21	NEW	Red Bit 5
4	RGB22	NEW	Red Bit 6
5	GND	-	Digital Ground
6	RGB12	NEW	Green Bit 4
7	RGB13	NEW	Green Bit 5
8	RGB14	NEW	Green Bit 6
9	GND	-	Digital Ground
10	RGB5	NEW	Blue Bit 5
11	RGB6	NEW	Blue Bit 6
12	GND	-	Ground
13	SOG	NEW	Sync-On-Green Indicator
14	TBASE	NEW	50/60 Hz Software Clock
			Timebase
15	CDAC	NEW	7.09/7.16 MHz Clock
16	PPOUT	NEW	Printer Port Paper Out
17	/C3	NEW	3.55/3.58 MHz Clock
18	PBUSY	NEW	Printer Port Busy
19	/LPEN	NEW	Light Pen Input
20	/PACK	NEW	Printer Port Acknowledge

			Handshake
21	PSEL	NEW	Printer Port Select
22	GND	-	Digital Ground
23	PPD0	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 0
24	PPD1	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 1
25	PPD2	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 2
26	PPD3	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 3
27	PPD4	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 4
28	PPD5	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 5
29	PPD6	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 6
30	PPD7	NEW	Printer Port Data Bit 7
31	/LED	NEW	LED (Audio filter bypass)
			Setting
32	GND	-	Digital Ground
33	RAWLF	NEW	Raw (Unfiltered) Audio Left
34	AGND	-	Audio Ground
35	RAWRT	NEW	Raw (Unfiltered) Audio Right
36	AGND	-	Audio Ground
37	n/c	-	Reserved for future expansion
38	n/c	-	Reserved for future expansion
39	GND	-	Digital Ground
40	GND	-	Digital Ground
41	n/c	-	Reserved for future expansion
42	n/c	-	Reserved for future expansion
43	GND	-	Digital Ground
44	GND	-	Digital Ground
45	RGB18	NEW	Red Bit 2
46	RGB19	NEW	Red Bit 3
47	RGB8	NEW	Green Bit 0
48	RGB9	NEW	Green Bit 1
49	RGB10	NEW	Green Bit 2
50	RGB11	NEW	Green Bit 3
51	RGB0	NEW	Blue Bit 0
52	RGB1	NEW	Blue Bit 1
53	RGB2	NEW	Blue Bit 2
54	RGB3	NEW	Blue Bit 3

*Note: Direction is Motherboard relative Card.*



*Note: Do not mix analog & digital grounds.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## CD32 Expansion-port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CD32 Expansion-port

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN 182 PIN CONNECTOR (SAME AS MCA) at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description	Comment
1	A31	Address 31	Probably not connected since 68EC02
2	A30	Address 30	Probably not connected since 68EC02
3	A29	Address 29	Probably not connected since 68EC02
4	A28	Address 28	Probably not connected since 68EC02
5	A27	Address 27	Probably not connected since 68EC02
6	A26	Address 26	Probably not connected since 68EC02
7	A25	Address 25	Probably not connected since 68EC02
8	A24	Address 24	
9	DGND	Data Ground	
10	VCC	+5 VDC	
11	A23	Address 23	
12	A22	Address 22	
13	A21	Address 21	
14	A20	Address 20	
15	A19	Address 19	
16	A18	Address 18	
17	A17	Address 17	
18	A16	Address 16	
19	DGND	Data Ground	
20	VCC	+5 VDC	
21	A15	Address 15	
22	A14	Address 14	
23	A13	Address 13	
24	A12	Address 12	
25	A11	Address 11	
26	A10	Address 10	
27	A9	Address 9	
28	A8	Address 8	
29	DGND	Data Ground	
30	VCC	+5 VDC	

31	A7	Address 7
32	A6	Address 6
33	A5	Address 5
34	A4	Address 4
35	A3	Address 3
36	A2	Address 2
37	A1	Address 1
38	A0	Address 0
39	DGND	Data Ground
40	VCC	+5 VDC
41	D31	Data 31
42	D30	Data 30
43	D29	Data 29
44	D28	Data 28
45	D27	Data 27
46	D26	Data 26
47	D25	Data 25
48	D24	Data 24
49	DGND	Data Ground
50	VCC	+5 VDC
51	D23	Data 23
52	D22	Data 22
53	D21	Data 21
54	D20	Data 20
55	D19	Data 19
56	D18	Data 18
57	D17	Data 17
58	D16	Data 16
59	DGND	Data Ground
60	VCC	+5 VDC
61	D15	Data 15
62	D14	Data 14
63	D13	Data 13
64	D12	Data 12
65	D11	Data 11
66	D10	Data 10
67	D9	Data 9

68	D8	Data 8	
69	DGND	Data Ground	
70	VCC	+5 VDC	
71	D7	Data 7	
72	D6	Data 6	
73	D5	Data 5	
74	D4	Data 4	
75	D3	Data 3	
76	D2	Data 2	
77	D1	Data 1	
78	D0	Data 0	
79	DGND	Data Ground	
80	VCC	+5 VDC	
81	/IPL2	Interrupt Priority Level 2	
82	/IPL1	Interrupt Priority Level 1	
83	/IPL0	Interrupt Priority Level 0	
84			
85	/RST	Reset	
86	/HALT	Halt	
87	/ECS	ECS??	
88	/OCS	OCS??	
89	SIZE1	Size 1	Indicates number of bytes remaining to transfer
90	SIZE0	Size 0	Indicates number of bytes remaining to transfer
91	/AS	Address Strobe	
92	/DS	Data Strobe	
93	/R/W	Read/Write	
94	/BERR	Bus Error	
95			
96	/AVEC	Autovector Req	Autovector request during interrupt acknowledge
97	/DSACK1	Data Ack 1	Data transfer and size acknowledge
98	/DSACK0	Data Ack 0	Data transfer and size acknowledge
99	CPUCLK_A		
100			
101	DGND	Data Ground	

102	VCC	+5 VDC	
103	FC2	Function Codes 2	
104	FC1	Function Codes 1	
105	FC0	Function Codes 0	
106			
107			
108			
109			
110			
111	/CPU_BR	CPU bus request??	
112	/EXP_BG	Expansion bus granted??	
113	/CPU_BG	CPU bus granted??	
114	/EXP_BR	Expansion bus request??	
115			
116			
117	/PUNT		
118	/RESET	68020 RESET	
119	/INT2	Interrupt 2	Generate a level 2 interrupt
120	/INT6	Interrupt 2	Generate a level 6 interrupt
121	/	Keyboard clock	
	KB_CLOCK		
122	/KB_DATA	Keyboard data	
123	/FIRE0	Fire Button 0??	
124	/FIRE1	Fire Button 1??	
125	/LED	Power On LED ??	
126	/ACTIVE	Disk active LED	
127	/RXD	Serial Receive	Serial data in
128	/TXD	Serial Transmit	Serial data out
129	/DKRD		Floppy interface (Paula?)
130	/DKWD		Floppy interface (Paula?)
131	SYSTEM		
132	/DKWE		Floppy interface (Paula?)
133	CONFIG_O UT		
134			

135	DGND	Data Ground	
136	+12V	+12V DC	
137	DGND	Data Ground	
138	+12V	+12V DC	
139	17MHZ		For FMV interface ??
140	EXT_AUDI O		For FMV interface ??
141	DA_DATA		For FMV interface ??
142	/MUTE		For FMV interface ??
143	DA_LRCLK		For FMV interface ??
144	DA_BCLK		For FMV interface ??
145	DGND	Data Ground	
146	VCC	+5 VDC	
147	DR	Digital Red	
148	DG	Digital Green	
149	DB	Digital Blue	
150	DI	Digital Intensity	
151	/ PIXELSW_ EXT		
152	/PIXELSW		
153	/BLANK		
154	PIXELCLK	Pixelclock	For manipulating RBG data
155	DGND	Data Ground	
156	VCC	+5 VDC	
157	/CSYNC	Composite sync	Not buffered.
158	CCK_B	Color clock ??	
159	/HSYNC	Horizontal sync	
160	/VSYNC	Vertical sync	
161	VGND	Video ground	
162	VGND	Video ground	
163	AR_EXT	Analog Red External	
164	AR	Analog Red	
165	AG_EXT	Analog Green External	
166	AG	Analog Green	
167	AB_EXT	Analog Blue External	
168	AB	Analog Blue	

169	VGND	Video ground	
170	VGND	Video ground	
171	/NTSC		
172	/XCLKEN	Enable External video clock	(Genlock)
173	XCLK	External video clock	(Genlock)
174	/EXT_VIDEO O	External Video	Disable internal video interfaces
175	DGND	Data Ground	
176	VCC	+5 VDC	
177	AGND	Audio Ground	
178	+12V	+12V DC	
179	LEFT_EXT	Left sound External	
180	LEFT	Left sound	
181	RIGHT_EX T	Right sound External	
182	RIGHT	Right sound	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: CD32 expansion port info, usenet posting by Anders Stenkvist..

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the ftp:

<ftp://ftp.demon.co.uk/pub/amiga/docs/cd32-pinouts.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser or FTP client.



This the e-mail address:

`ask_me@elixir.e.kth.se`

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## CardBus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CardBus

32-bit bus defined by PCMCIA.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

68 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

68 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	CAD0	Address/Data 0
3	CAD1	Address/Data 1
4	CAD3	Address/Data 3
5	CAD5	Address/Data 5
6	CAD7	Address/Data 7
7	CCBE0#	Command/Byte Enable 0
8	CAD9	Address/Data 9
9	CAD11	Address/Data 11
10	CAD12	Address/Data 12
11	CAD14	Address/Data 14
12	CCBE1#	Command/Byte Enable 1
13	CPAR	Parity
14	CPERR#	Parity error
15	CGNT#	Grant
16	CINT#	Interrupt
17	Vcc	Vcc
18	Vpp1	Vpp1
19	CCLK	CCLK
20	CIRDY#	Initiator Ready
21	CCBE2#	Command/Byte Enable 2
22	CAD18	Address/Data 18
23	CAD20	Address/Data 20

24	CAD21	Address/Data 21
25	CAD22	Address/Data 22
26	CAD23	Address/Data 23
27	CAD24	Address/Data 24
28	CAD25	Address/Data 25
29	CAD26	Address/Data 26
30	CAD27	Address/Data 27
31	CAD29	Address/Data 29
32	RSRVD	Reserved
33	CCLKR	CCLKRUN# UN#
34	GND	Ground
35	GND	Ground
36	CCD1#	Card Detect 1
37	CAD2	Address/Data 2
38	CAD4	Address/Data 4
39	CAD6	Address/Data 6
40	RSRVD	Reserved
41	CAD8	Address/Data 8
42	CAD10	Address/Data 10
43	CVS1	
44	CAD13	Address/Data 13
45	CAD15	Address/Data 15
46	CAD16	Address/Data 16
47	RSRVD	Reserved
48	CBLOC	Block ??? K#
49	CSTOP#	Stop transfer cycle
50	CDEVS	Device Select EL#
51	Vcc	Vcc
52	Vpp2	Vpp2
53	CTRDY#	Target Ready
54	CFRAM	Address or Data E# phase
55	CAD17	Address/Data 17
56	CAD19	CAD19

57 CVS2  
58 CRST# Reset  
59 CSERR# System Error  
60 CREQ# Request ???  
61 CCBE3# Command/Byte  
Enable 3  
62 CAUDIO Audio ???  
63 CSTSC  
HG  
64 CAD28 Address/Data 28  
65 CAD30 Address/Data 30  
66 CAD31 Address/Data 31  
67 CCD2# Card Detect 2  
68 GND Ground

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [PC Card Standard at PC Card's homepage](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.pc-card.com/stand\\_overview.html](http://www.pc-card.com/stand_overview.html)

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.pc-card.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## PC Card Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC Card

16-bit bus defined by PCMCIA.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

68 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

68 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

Pin	Memo	I/O	Description
1	GND	GND	Ground
2	D3	D3	Data 3
3	D4	D4	Data 4
4	D5	D5	Data 5
5	D6	D6	Data 6
6	D7	D7	Data 7
7	CE1#	CE1#	
8	A10	A10	Address 10
9	OE#	OE#	Output Enable
10	A11	A11	Address 11
11	A9	A9	Address 9
12	A8	A8	Address 8
13	A13	A13	Address 13
14	A14	A14	Address 14
15	WE#	WE#	Write Enable ???
16	READY	IREQ#	
17	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc
18	Vpp1	Vpp1	Vpp1
19	A16	A16	Address 16
20	A15	A15	Address 15
21	A12	A12	Address 12
22	A7	A7	Address 7
23	A6	A6	Address 6

24	A5	A5	Address 5
25	A4	A4	Address 4
26	A3	A3	Address 3
27	A2	A2	Address 2
28	A1	A1	Address 1
29	A0	A0	Address 0
30	D0	D0	Data 0
31	D1	D1	Data 1
32	D2	D2	Data 2
33	WP	IOIS16 #	
34	GND	GND	Ground
35	GND	GND	Ground
36	CD1#	CD1#	Card Detect 1
37	D11	D11	Data 11
38	D12	D12	Data 12
39	D13	D13	Data 13
40	D14	D14	Data 14
41	D15	D15	Data 15
42	CE2#	CE2#	
43	VS1#	VS1#	
44	RSRV	IORD#	Reserved / IORD#
		D	
45	RSRV	IOWR#	Reserved / IOWR#
		D	
46	A17	A17	Address 17
47	A18	A18	Address 18
48	A19	A19	Address 19
49	A20	A20	Address 20
50	A21	A21	Address 21
51	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc
52	Vpp2	Vpp2	Vpp2
53	A22	A22	Address 22
54	A23	A23	Address 23
55	A24	A24	Address 24
56	A25	A25	Address 25
57	VS2#	VS2#	



58	RESE	RESET	Reset
	T		
59	WAIT	WAIT#	
	#		
60	RSRV	INPAC	Reserved / ???
	D	K#	
61	REG#	REG#	
62	BVD2	SPKR#	Battery Voltage 2 / Speaker ???
63	BVD1	STSCH	Battery Voltage 1 / ???
		G#	
64	D8	D8	Data 8
65	D9	D9	Data 9
66	D10	D10	Data 10
67	CD2#	CD2#	
68	GND	GND	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [PC Card Standard at PC Card's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## PC Card ATA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC Card ATA

This specification makes it possible to share ATA & PC Card with the same connectors.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

68 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

68 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

Pin	Name	Hos	Dir	Dev	PC-Card equiv
1	Ground	x	NEW	x	Ground
2	DD3	x	NEW	x	D3
3	DD4	x	NEW	x	D4
4	DD5	x	NEW	x	D5
5	DD6	x	NEW	x	D6
6	DD7	x	NEW	x	D7
7	/CS0	x	NEW	x	/CE1
8			NEW	i	A10
9	/SELAT	x	NEW	x	/OE
10	A				
11	/CS1	x	NEW	x 1)	A9
12			NEW	i	A8
13					
14					
15			NEW	i	/WE
16	INTR	x	NEW	x	/READY:IREQ
17	VCC	x	NEW	x	VCC
18					
19					
20					
21					

22			<del>NEW</del>	i	A7
23			<del>NEW</del>	i	A6
24			<del>NEW</del>	i	A5
25			<del>NEW</del>	i	A4
26			<del>NEW</del>	i	A3
27	DA2	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	A2
28	DA1	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	A1
29	DA0	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	A0
30	DD0	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D0
31	DD1	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D1
32	DD2	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D2
33	/	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	/WP:IOIS16
	IOCS1				
	6				
34	Ground	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	Ground
	d				
35	Ground	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	Ground
	d				
36	/CD1	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	/CD1
37	DD11	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D11
38	DD12	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D12
39	DD13	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D13
40	DD14	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D14
41	DD15	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	D15
42	/CS1	x	<del>NEW</del>	x 1)	/CE2
43			<del>NEW</del>	i	/VS1
44	/DIOR	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	/IORD
45	/DIOW	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	/IOWR
46					
47					
48					
49					
50					
51	VCC	x	<del>NEW</del>	x	VCC
52					
53					
54					

55	M/S-	x	NEW	x 2)	
56	CSEL	x	NEW	x 2)	
57			NEW	i	/VS2
58	/	x	NEW	x	RESET
	RESE T				
59	IORD	o	NEW	x 3)	/WAIT
	Y				
60	DMAR	o	NEW	x 3)	/INPACK
	Q				
61	/	o	NEW	o	/REG
	DMAC K				
62	/DASP	x	NEW	x	/BVD2:SPKR
63	/	x	NEW	x	/
	PDIA G				BVD1:STSCH G
64	DD8	x	NEW	x	D8
65	DD9	x	NEW	x	D9
66	DD10	x	NEW	x	D10
67	/CD2	x	NEW	x	/CD2
68	Groun d	x	NEW	x	Ground

*x = Required.*

*i = Ignored by host in ATA mode.*

*o = Optional.*

*nothing = Not connected.*

*1) Device shall support only one /CS1 signal pin.*

*2) Device shall support either /M/S or CSEL but not both.*

*3) Device shall hold this signal negated if it does not support this function.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ATA-2 specifications*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## PCMCIA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# PCMCIA

PCMCIA=Personal Computer Memory Card International Association.



NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

68 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

68 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	D3	NEW Data 3
3	D4	NEW Data 4
4	D5	NEW Data 5
5	D6	NEW Data 6
6	D7	NEW Data 7
7	/CE1	NEW Card Enable 1
8	A10	NEW Address 10
9	/OE	NEW Output Enable
10	A11	NEW Address 11
11	A9	NEW Address 9
12	A8	NEW Address 8
13	A13	NEW Address 13
14	A14	NEW Address 14
15	/WE:/P	NEW Write Enable : Program
16	/READY:/ IREQ	NEW Ready : Busy (IREQ)
17	VCC	NEW +5V
18	VPP1	NEW Programming Voltage (EPROM)
19	A16	NEW Address 16
20	A15	NEW Address 15
21	A12	NEW Address 12
22	A7	NEW Address 7
23	A6	NEW Address 6

24	A5	NEW	Address 5
25	A4	NEW	Address 4
26	A3	NEW	Address 3
27	A2	NEW	Address 2
28	A1	NEW	Address 1
29	A0	NEW	Address 0
30	D0	NEW	Data 0
31	D1	NEW	Data 1
32	D2	NEW	Data 2
33	/WP:/IOIS16	NEW	Write Protect : IOIS16
34	GND		Ground
35	GND		Ground
36	/CD1	NEW	Card Detect 1
37	D11	NEW	Data 11
38	D12	NEW	Data 12
39	D13	NEW	Data 13
40	D14	NEW	Data 14
41	D15	NEW	Data 15
42	/CE2	NEW	Card Enable 2
43	/VS1	NEW	Refresh
44	/IORD	?	I/O Read
45	/IOWR	?	I/O Write
46	A17	NEW	Address 17
47	A18	NEW	Address 18
48	A19	NEW	Address 19
49	A20	NEW	Address 20
50	A21	NEW	Address 21
51	VCC	NEW	+5V
52	VPP2	NEW	Programmeing Voltage 2 (EPROM)
53	A22	NEW	Address 22
54	A23	NEW	Address 23
55	A24	NEW	Address 24
56	A25	NEW	Address 25
57	/VS2	?	RFU
58	RESET	?	RESET
59	/WAIT	?	WAIT

60	/INPACK	?	
61	/REG	NEW	Register Select
62	/	NEW	Battery Voltage Detect 2 :
	BVD2:SPKR		SPKR
63	/	NEW	Battery Voltage Detect 1 :
	BVD1:STSC		STSCHG
	HG		
64	D8	NEW	Data 8
65	D9	NEW	Data 9
66	D10	NEW	Data 10
67	/CD2	NEW	Card Detect 2
68	GND	—	Ground

*Note: Direction is Controller (computer) relative PCMCIA-card.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Karsten Wenke*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## CompactFlash Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# CompactFlash

Developed by SanDisk.

Is compatible with PC-Card ATA with a simple passive adapter.

See [PC-Card ATA](#) for more information.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

50 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

50 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	D3	Data 3
3	D4	Data 4
4	D5	Data 5
5	D6	Data 6
6	D7	Data 7
7	/CE1	Card Enable 1
8	A10	Address 10
9	/OE	Output Enable
10	A9	Address 9
11	A8	Address 8
12	A7	Address 7
13	VCC	+5V
14	A6	Address 6
15	A5	Address 5
16	A4	Address 4
17	A3	Address 3
18	A2	Address 2
19	A1	Address 1
20	A0	Address 0
21	D0	Data 0
22	D1	Data 1
23	D2	Data 2
24	/WP:/IOIS16	Write Protect : IOIS16



25	/CD2	Card Detect 2
26	/CD1	Card Detect 1
27	D0	Data 0
28	D0	Data 0
29	D0	Data 0
30	D0	Data 0
31	D0	Data 0
32	/CE2	Card Enable 2
33	/VS1	Refresh
34	/IORD	I/O Read
35	/IOWR	I/O Write
36	/WE	Write Enable
37	/READY:/RDY:/ IREQ	Ready : Busy : IREQ
38	VCC	+5V
39	CSEL	
40	/VS2	RFU
41	RESET	Reset
42	/WAIT	Wait
43	/INPACK	
44	/REG	Register Select
45	/BVD2:SPKR	Battery Voltage Detect 2 : SPKR
46	/ BVD1:STSCHG	Battery Voltage Detect 1 : STSCHG
47	D8	Data 8
48	D9	Data 9
49	D10	Data 10
50	GND	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [SanDisk's CompactFlash ABC at SanDisk's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.sandisk.com/sd/support/teched/cfpc\\_5.htm](http://www.sandisk.com/sd/support/teched/cfpc_5.htm)

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<http://www.sandisk.com>

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## C-bus II Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C-bus II

Developed by Corolla

C-bus II is the successor to C-bus & Extended C-bus.

NEW (At the backplane)

NEW (At the device (card))

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the backplane.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device (card).

PA=Component side

PB=Solder side

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>
PA1	GND
PA2	AUX18
PA3	AUX16
PA4	GND
PA5	AUX14
PA6	AUX12
PA7	GND
PA8	AUX10
PA9	AUX8
PA10	GND
PA11	AUX6
PA12	AUX4
PA13	GND
PA14	AUX2
PA15	AUX0
PA16	GND
PA17	RESERV ED8
PA18	RESERV ED6
PA19	RESERV ED4
PA20	RESERV ED2

PA21	RESERV ED0
PA22	GND
PA23	GND
PA24	AGND
PA25	CID1
PA26	CBCLK
PA27	GND
PA28	CRST#
PA29	LED#
PA30	GND
PA31	CARB2
PA32	CARB0
PA33	GND
PA34	TM2#
PA35	TM0#
PA36	GND
PA37	STRT#
PA38	CD31
PA39	GND
PA40	CD30
PA41	CD29
PA42	GND
PA43	CD28
PA44	CD27
PA45	GND
PA46	CD26
PA47	CD25
PA48	GND
PA49	CD24
PA50	CD23
PA51	GND
PA52	CD22
PA53	CD21
PA54	GND
PA55	CD20
PA56	CD19

PA57	GND
PA58	CD18
PA59	CD17
PA60	GND
PA61	CD16
PA62	E3
PA63	GND
PA64	E2
PA65	CD15
PA66	GND
PA67	CD14
PA68	CD13
PA69	GND
PA70	CD12
PA71	CD11
PA72	GND
PA73	CD10
PA74	CD9
PA75	GND
PA76	CD8
PA77	CD7
PA78	GND
PA79	CD6
PA80	CD5
PA81	GND
PA82	CD4
PA83	CD3
PA84	GND
PA85	CD2
PA86	CD1
PA87	GND
PA88	CD0
PA89	E1
PA90	GND
PA91	E0
PB1	+5V

PB2	AUX19
PB3	AUX17
PB4	+5V
PB5	AUX15
PB6	AUX13
PB7	+5V
PB8	AUX11
PB9	AUX9
PB10	+5V
PB11	AUX7
PB12	AUX5
PB13	+5V
PB14	AUX3
PB15	AUX1
PB16	+5V
PB17	RESERV ED9
PB18	RESERV ED7
PB19	RESERV ED5
PB20	RESERV ED3
PB21	RESERV ED1
PB22	VTERM
PB23	+5V
PB24	CID3
PB25	CID2
PB26	CID0
PB27	+5V
PB28	FAULT#
PB29	LOCKCB#
PB30	+5V
PB31	CARB3
PB32	CARB1
PB33	+5V

PB34 TM3#  
PB35 TM1#  
PB36 +5V  
PB37 ACK#  
PB38 CD63  
PB39 +5V  
PB40 CD62  
PB41 CD61  
PB42 +5V  
PB43 CD60  
PB44 CD59  
PB45 +5V  
PB46 CD58  
PB47 CD57  
PB48 +5V  
PB49 CD56  
PB50 CD55  
PB51 +3.3V  
PB52 CD54  
PB53 CD53  
PB54 +3.3V  
PB55 CD52  
PB56 CD51  
PB57 +3.3V  
PB58 CD50  
PB59 CD49  
PB60 +3.3V  
PB61 CD48  
PB62 E7  
PB63 +3.3V  
PB64 E6  
PB65 CD47  
PB66 +3.3V  
PB67 CD46  
PB68 CD45  
PB69 +3.3V  
PB70 CD44



PB71 CD43  
PB72 +3.3V  
PB73 CD42  
PB74 CD41  
PB75 +3.3V  
PB76 CD40  
PB77 CD39  
PB78 +3.3V  
PB79 CD38  
PB80 CD37  
PB81 +3.3V  
PB82 CD36  
PB83 CD35  
PB84 +3.3V  
PB85 CD34  
PB86 CD33  
PB87 +3.3V  
PB88 CD32  
PB89 E5  
PB90 +3.3V  
PB91 E4

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Sources: [C-bus II Technology architecture at Collary's homepage](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.corollary.com/cbusii.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.collary.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## SSFDC Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SSFDC

SSFDC=Solid State Floppy Disk Card.

NEW (At the motherboard)

NEW (At the device)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the motherboard.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device.

**I don't have any technical information about SSFDC at the moment. If you have any information of value please send it to me.**

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Info: Solid State Floppy Disk Card Forum

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.ssfdc.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## PC/104 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# PC/104

NEW (At the backplane)

NEW (At the device (card))

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the backplane.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the device (card).

Pin Number	J1/P1 Row A	J1/P1 Row B	J2/P2 Row C1	J2/P2 Row D1
0	--	--	0V	0V
1	IOCHC HK*	0V	SBHE*	MEMCS 16*
2	SD7	RESETD RV	LA23	IOCS16*
3	SD6	+5V	LA22	IRQ10
4	SD5	IRQ9	LA21	IRQ11
5	SD4	-5V	LA20	IRQ12
6	SD3	DRQ2	LA19	IRQ15
7	SD2	-12V	LA18	IRQ14
8	SD1	ENDXFR *	LA17	DACK0*
9	SD0	+12V	MEMR *	DRQ0
10	IOCHR DY	(KEY)2	MEMW *	DACK5*
11	AEN	SMEMW *	SD8	DRQ5
12	SA19	SMEMR*	SD9	DACK6*
13	SA18	IOW*	SD10	DRQ6
14	SA17	IOR*	SD11	DACK7*
15	SA16	DACK3*	SD12	DRQ7
16	SA15	DRQ3	SD13	+5V
17	SA14	DACK1*	SD14	MASTE R*

18	SA13	DRQ1	SD15	0V
19	SA12	REFRES		(KEY)2
		H*		0V
20	SA11	SYSCLK	--	--
21	SA10	IRQ7	--	--
22	SA9	IRQ6	--	--
23	SA8	IRQ5	--	--
24	SA7	IRQ4	--	--
25	SA6	IRQ3	--	--
26	SA5	DACK2*	--	--
27	SA4	TC	--	--
28	SA3	BALE	--	--
29	SA2	+5V	--	--
30	SA1	OSC	--	--
31	SA0	0V	--	--
32	0V	0V	--	--

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Sources: [PC/104 v2.3 spec](#)

Sources: [PC/104 pinout](#)

Info: [PC/104 Consortium](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

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<http://www.pc104.org/pc104/consp5.html>

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<http://www.pc104.org/pc104/consp1.html>

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## Unibus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Unibus

Available on the old Digital PDP-11.

```
+-----//-----+   +-----//-----+
|AA1 AB1 AC1 // AU1 AV1|   |BA1 BB1 BC1 // BU1 BV1|
|AA2 AB2 AC2 // AU2 AV2|   |BA2 BB2 BC2 // BU2 BV2|
+-----//-----+   +-----//-----+
```

NEW (At the computer)

2 x 36 EDGE FEMALE at the backplane.

2 x 36 EDGE MALE at the cards/modules.

<b>PIN</b>	<b>SIGNAL</b>
AA1	/INIT
AA2	POWER(+ 5v)
AB1	/INTR
AB2	GROUND
AC1	/D00
AC2	GROUND
AD1	/D02
AD2	/D01
AE1	/D04
AE2	/D03
AF1	/D06
AF2	/D05
AH1	/D08
AH2	/D07
AJ1	/D10
AJ2	/D09
AK1	/D12
AK2	/D11
AL1	/D14
AL2	/D13
AM1	/PA
AM2	/D15
AN1	GROUND

AN2 /PB  
AP1 GROUND  
AP2 /BBSY  
AR1 GROUND  
AR2 /SACK  
AS1 GROUND  
AS2 /NPR  
AT1 GROUND  
AT2 /BR7  
AU1 NPG  
AU2 /BR6  
AV1 BG7  
AV2 GROUND

BA1 BG6  
BA2 POWER(+  
5v)  
BB1 BG5  
BB2 GROUND  
BC1 /BR5  
BC2 GROUND  
BD1 GROUND  
BD2 /BR4  
BE1 GROUND  
BE2 BG4  
BF1 /ACLO  
BF2 /DCLO  
BH1 /A01  
BH2 /A00  
BJ1 /A03  
BJ2 /A02  
BK1 /A05  
BK2 /A04  
BL1 /A07  
BL2 /A06  
BM1 /A09  
BM2 /A08

BN1 /A11  
BN2 /A10  
BP1 /A13  
BP2 /A12  
BR1 /A15  
BR2 /A14  
BS1 /A17  
BS2 /A16  
BT1 GROUND  
BT2 /C1  
BU1 /SSYN  
BU2 /CO  
BV1 /MSYN  
BV2 GROUND

*Contributor: Rob Gill*

*Source: Digital PDP-11 peripherals handbook*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

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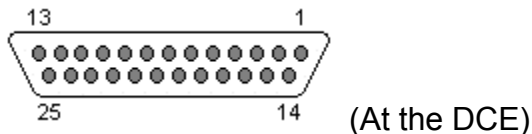
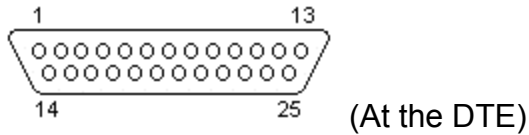
[gillz@mpx.com.au](mailto:gillz@mpx.com.au)

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## RS232 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### RS232



25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the DTE (Computer).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the DCE (Modem).

Pin	Na me	ITU- T	Di r	Description
1	GN D	101	—	Shield Ground
2	TXD	103	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	104	NEW	Receive Data
4	RTS	105	NEW	Request to Send
5	CTS	106	NEW	Clear to Send
6	DSR	107	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GN D	102	—	System Ground
8	CD	109	NEW	Carrier Detect
9	-	-	-	RESERVED
10	-	-	-	RESERVED
11	STF	126	NEW	Select Transmit Channel
12	S.C D	?	NEW	Secondary Carrier Detect
13	S.C TS	?	NEW	Secondary Clear to Send
14	S.T XD	?	NEW	Secondary Transmit Data
15	TCK	114	NEW	Transmission Signal Element Timing
16	S.R	?	NEW	Secondary Receive Data

	XD			
17	RCK	115	NEW	Receiver Signal Element Timing
18	LL	141	NEW	Local Loop Control
19	S.R	?	NEW	Secondary Request to Send
	TS			
20	DTR	108	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
21	RL	140	NEW	Remote Loop Control
22	RI	125	NEW	Ring Indicator
23	DSR	111	NEW	Data Signal Rate Selector
24	XCK	113	NEW	Transmit Signal Element Timing
25	TI	142	NEW	Test Indicator

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Note: Do not connect SHIELD(1) to GND(7).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



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magneton@mail.firstnet.cz

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## Serial (PC 9) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (PC 9)

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Computer.

Pin	Na	Di	Description
	me	r	
1	CD	NEW	Carrier Detect
2	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
3	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
4	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
5	GN		System Ground
	D		
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	NEW	Request to Send
8	CTS	NEW	Clear to Send
9	RI	NEW	Ring Indicator

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

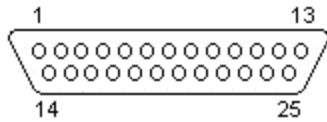
*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Serial (PC 25) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (PC 25)



(At the computer)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
1	SHIELD	-	Shield Ground
2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	RTS	NEW	Request to Send
5	CTS	NEW	Clear to Send
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GND	-	System Ground
8	CD	NEW	Carrier Detect
9	n/c	-	
10	n/c	-	
11	n/c	-	
12	n/c	-	
13	n/c	-	
14	n/c	-	
15	n/c	-	
16	n/c	-	
17	n/c	-	
18	n/c	-	
19	n/c	-	
20	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
21	n/c	-	
22	RI	NEW	Ring Indicator
23	n/c	-	
24	n/c	-	
25	n/c	-	

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).  
Note: Do not connect SHIELD(1) to GND(7).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

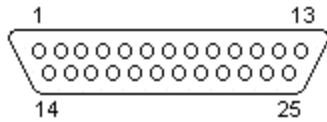
*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Serial (Amiga 1000) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (Amiga 1000)



(At the Amiga 1000)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Amiga 1000.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	SHIELD	—	Shield Ground
2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	RTS	NEW	Request to Send
5	CTS	NEW	Clear to Send
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GND	NEW	System Ground
8	CD	NEW	Carrier Detect
9	n/c	-	
10	n/c	-	
11	n/c	-	
12	n/c	-	
13	n/c	-	
14	-5V	NEW	-5 Volts DC (50mA max)
15	AUDIO	NEW	Amiga Audio Out (Left)
16	AUDI	NEW	Amiga Audio In (Right)
17	EB	-	EB=Buffered Port Clock 716 kHz
18	/INT2	?	Interrupt 2
19	n/c	-	
20	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
21	+5V	NEW	+5 Volts DC
22	n/c	-	
23	+12V	NEW	+12 Volts DC (20 mA max)
24	/C2	NEW	C2=Clock 3.58MHz

25 / <sup>NEW</sup> Reset  
RES  
ET

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Note: Do not connect SHIELD(1) to GND(7).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

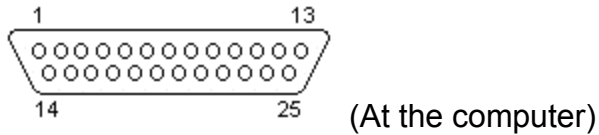
*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Serial (Amiga) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (Amiga)



NEW (At the cable)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	SHIELD	NEW	Shield Ground
2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	RTS	NEW	Request to Send
5	CTS	NEW	Clear to Send
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GND	NEW	System Ground
8	CD	NEW	Carrier Detect
9	+12V	NEW	+12 Volts DC (20 mA max)
10	-12V	NEW	-12 Volts DC (20 mA max)
11	AUDIO	NEW	Amiga Audio Out (Left)
12	n/c	-	Speed Indicate
13	n/c	-	
14	n/c	-	
15	n/c	-	
16	n/c	-	
17	n/c	-	
18	AUDI	NEW	Amiga Audio In (Right)
19	n/c	-	
20	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready

21	n/c	-	
22	RI	<b>NEW</b>	Ring Indicator
23	n/c	-	
24	n/c	-	
25	n/c	-	

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Note: Do not connect SHIELD(1) to GND(7).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## Serial (MSX) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (MSX)

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Computer.

Pin	Na	Di	Description
	me	r	
1	PG	-	Protective Ground
2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	RTS	NEW	Request to Send
5	CTS	NEW	Clear to Send
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GN	-	Signal Ground
	D		
8	DC	NEW	Carrier Detect
	D		
9	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

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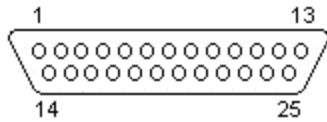
<http://www.freeflight.com/fms/MSX/Portar.txt>

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## Serial (Printer) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial (Printer)



(At the printer)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the printer.

#### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	SHIELD	NEW	Shield Ground
2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	n/c	-	Not connected
5	n/c	-	Not connected
6	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	GND	NEW	System Ground
8	DCD	NEW	Data Carrier Detect
9	n/c	-	Not connected
10	n/c	-	Not connected
11	?	NEW	Reverse Channel
12	n/c	-	Not connected
13	n/c	-	Not connected
14	n/c	-	Not connected
15	n/c	-	Not connected
16	n/c	-	Not connected
17	TTY- TXD	NEW	TTY Receive Data
18	n/c	-	Not connected
19	n/c	-	Not connected
20	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
21	n/c	-	Not connected
22	n/c	-	Not connected
23	?	NEW	TTY Receive Data Return
24	?	NEW	TTY Transmit Data

25 TTY- <sup>NEW</sup> TTY Receive Data  
RXD

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

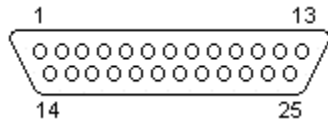
*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## DEC Dual RS-232 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### DEC Dual RS-232

Found on the DEC Multia and DEC UDB. It contains two Serial ports on one connector. The 1st Port is located on the normal pins, and the 2nd port is located on some "spare" pins.



(At the computer)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

Pin	Port	Na	Dir	Description
		<b>me</b>		
1		n/c		Not connected
2	1	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
3	1	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
4	1	RTS	NEW	Ready To Send
5	1	CTS	NEW	Clear To Send
6	1	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
7	1+2	GN	-	Ground
8	1	DCD	NEW	Data Carrier Detect
9		n/c		Not connected
10		n/c		Not connected
11	2	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal Ready
12	2	DCD	NEW	Data Carrier Detect
13	2	CTS	NEW	Clear To Send
14	2	TXD	NEW	Transmit Data
15		n/c		Not connected
16	2	RXD	NEW	Receive Data
17		n/c		Not connected
18		n/c		Not connected
19	2	RTS	NEW	Ready To Send
20	1	DTR	NEW	Data Terminal

				Ready
21		n/c		Not connected
22	1	RI	NEW	Ring Indicator
23	2	DSR	NEW	Data Set Ready
24		n/c		Not connected
25	2	RI	NEW	Ring Indicator

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Tommy's pinout Collection by Tommy Johnson*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://csgrad.cs.vt.edu/~tjohnson/pinouts>

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tjohnson@csgad.cs.vt.edu

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## Macintosh RS-422 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Macintosh RS-422

It's possible to connect RS-232 peripheral to the RS-422 port available on Macintosh computers. Use RXD- as RXD, TXD- as TXD, Ground RXD+, Leave TXD+ unconnected, GPi as CD.



(At the computer)

8 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	HSKo	NEW	Output Handshake
2	HSKi/ CLK	NEW	Input Handshake or External Clock
3	TXD-	NEW	Transmit Data (-)
4	GND	NEW	Ground
5	RXD-	NEW	Receive Data (-)
6	TXD+	NEW	Transmit Data (+)
7	GPi	NEW	General Purpose Input
8	RXD+	NEW	Receive Data (+)

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Note: GPi is connected to SCC Data Carrier Detect (or to Receive/Transmit Clock if the VIA1 SYNC signal is high). Not connected on the Macintosh Plus, Classic, Classic II, LC, LC II or IIsi.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Pierre Olivier](#), [Ben Harris](#)*

*Sources: [comp.sys.mac.comm FAQ Part 1](#)*

*Sources: Apple Tech Info Library, Article ID: TECHINFO-0001699*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

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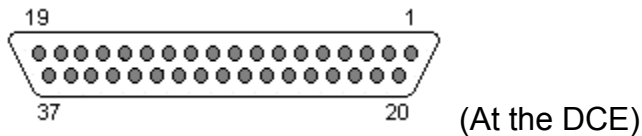
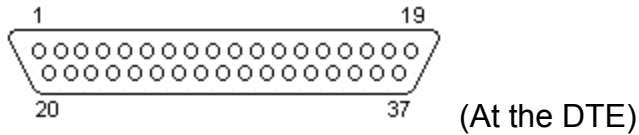
<http://www.cis.ohio-state.edu/hypertext/faq/usenet/macintosh/comm-faq/part1/faq.html>

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## RS422 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### RS422



37 PIN D-SUB MALE at the DTE (Computer).

37 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the DCE (Modem).

Pin	Na	Di	Description
1	GN	NEW	Shield Ground
2	SRI	NEW	Signal Rate Indicator
3	n/c	-	Spare
4	SD	NEW	Send Data
5	ST	NEW	Send Timing
6	RD	NEW	Receive Data
7	RTS	NEW	Request To Send
8	RR	NEW	Receiver Ready
9	CTS	NEW	Clear To Send
10	LL	NEW	Local Loopback
11	DM	NEW	Data Modem
12	TR	NEW	Terminal Ready
13	RR	NEW	Receiver Ready
14	RL	NEW	Remote Loopback
15	IC	NEW	Incoming Call
16	SF/ SR	NEW	Select Frequency/Select Rate
17	TT	NEW	Terminal Timing
18	TM	NEW	Test Mode
19	GN	NEW	Ground

20	RC	NEW	Receive Twister-Pair Common
21	GN D	NEW	Spare Twister-Pair Return
22	/SD	NEW	Send Data TPR
23	GN D	NEW	Send Timing TPR
24	GN D	NEW	Receive Timing TPR
25	/RS	NEW	Request To Send TPR
26	/RT	NEW	Receive Timing TPR
27	/CS	NEW	Clear To Send TPR
28	IS	NEW	Terminal In Service
29	/DM	NEW	Data Mode TPR
30	/TR	NEW	Terminal Ready TPR
31	/RR	NEW	Receiver TPR
32	SS	NEW	Select Standby
33	SQ	NEW	Signal Quality
34	NS	NEW	New Signal
35	/TT	NEW	Terminal Timing TPR
36	SB	NEW	Standby Indicator
37	SC	NEW	Send Twister Pair Common

*Note: Direction is DTE (Computer) relative DCE (Modem).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Macintosh Serial Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Macintosh Serial

Available on Macintosh Mac 512KE and earlier.

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Equipment)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the mouse cable.

### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC. Don't use this one, it may be converted into output handshake in later equipment.
3	GND	NEW	Ground
4	Tx+	NEW	Transmit Data, positive going component
5	Tx-	NEW	Transmit Data, negative going component
6	+12V	NEW	+12 VDC
7	DSR/ HSK	NEW	Handshake input. Signal name depends on mode: Used for Flow Control or Clock In.
8	Rx+	NEW	Receive Data, positive going component
9	Rx-	NEW	Receive Data, negative going component

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Equipment.*

*Contributor: Ben Harris*

*Source: Apple Tech Info Library, Article ID: TECHINFO-0001424*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](mailto:Joakim.Ögren).*

## C64 RS232 User Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64 RS232 User Port

Available on the Commodore C64/C128. Software emulated. The signals does not have true RS232 levels. It's TTL level, and RXD/TXD is inverted. It's just the normal User Port, used as a RS232 port.

**NEW** (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	RS23	Description
		<b>2</b>	
A	GND	GND	Protective Ground
B+	FLAG2+P	RxD	Receive Data (Must be applied to both pins!)
C	B0		
D	PB1	RTS	Ready To Send
E	PB2	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
F	PB3	RI	Ring Indicator
H	PB4	DCD	Data Carrier Detect
K	PB6	CTS	Clear To Send
L	PB7	DSR	Data Set Ready
M	PA2	TxD	Transmit Data
N	GND	GND	Signal Ground

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Arwin Vosselman](#), [Mark Sokos](#)*

*Source: Usenet posting in [comp.sys.cbm](#), [Help on modem -> c64](#) by [Lasher Glenn](#)*

*Sources: [Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



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gl8574@lima.albany.edu

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## DEC DLV11-J Serial Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### DEC DLV11-J Serial

Available on the DEC DLV11-J Serial card

NEW (at the serial card)

10 PIN IDC MALE at the Serial card.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	CLK	Clock
2	GN	Ground
3	TXD	Transmit data +
4	TXD	Transmit data - (0V for RS-232, Reader enable for 20mA)
5	GN	Ground
6	n/c	Not connected (no pin)
7	RXD	Receive data -
8	RXD	Receive data +
9	GN	Ground
10	+12	+12 VDC

*Note: Direction is Serial card relative other Devices.*

*Contributor: [Ben Harris](#)*

*Source: DEC DLV11-J Printset, M8043-0-1, sheet 7*

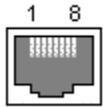
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## Cisco Console Port Connector

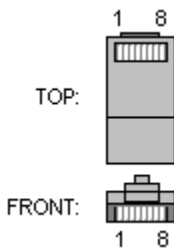
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Cisco Console Port

Used to configure a Cisco router.



(At the Cisco hub)



(At the cables)

RJ45 FEMALE CONNECTOR at the Cisco routers.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR at the cables.

Pin	Na	Description	Dir
	<b>me</b>		
1	RTS	Request To Send	NEW
2	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	NEW
3	TXD	Transceive Data	NEW
4	n/c	Not connected	
5	n/c	Not connected	
6	RXD	Receive Data	NEW
7	DSR	Data Set Ready	NEW
8	CTS	Clear To Send	NEW

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Damien Miller

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

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[dmiller@vitnet.com.sg](mailto:dmiller@vitnet.com.sg)

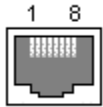
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# RocketPort Serialport Connector

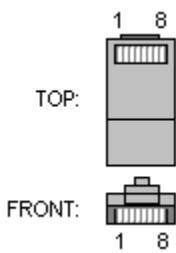
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## RocketPort Serialport

Available at RocketPort serialport expansion cards.



(At the RocketPort card)



(At the cables)

RJ45 FEMALE CONNECTOR at the RocketPort card.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR at the cables.

Pin	Na	Description	Di
	me		r
1	RTS	Request To Send	NEW
2	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	NEW
3	GN	Ground	NEW
3	TXD	Transceive Data	NEW
6	RXD	Receive Data	NEW
6	DC	Data Carrier Detect	NEW
7	DSR	Data Set Ready	NEW
8	CTS	Clear To Send	NEW

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Karl Asha

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

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[karl@blackdown.com](mailto:karl@blackdown.com)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

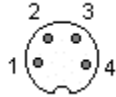


## CoCo Serial Printer Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# CoCo Serial Printer

Available on the Tandy Color Computer, also known as CoCo.



(At the computer)

4 PIN DIN 270° FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Na	Description
	<b>me</b>	
1	NC	
2	/	Enabled when the printer is BUS busy
	Y	
3	GN	
	D	
4	DAT	RS-232 level data
	A	

Contributer: [Rob Gill](#)

Source: *Tandy TRP 100 printer manual*

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Conrad Electronics MM3610D Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Conrad Electronics MM3610D

This connector is available on the Conrad Electronics Multimeter 3610D and is used to connect it to a computer.

NEW (At the multimeter).

5 PIN UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the multimeter

Conrad	Name	Description	Di
1	RTS	Request To Send	NEW
2	RXD	Receive Data	NEW
3	TXD	Transmit Data	NEW
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	NEW
5	GN	Ground	NEW

*Note: Since the multimeter is a DCE the pin naming can seem strange.*

*Contributors: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Anselm Belz](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[a.belz@samson.mbis.de](mailto:a.belz@samson.mbis.de)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Parallel (PC) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Parallel (PC)

NEW (At the PC)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the PC.

Pin	Name	Description
1	/STROBE	NEW Strobe
2	D0	NEW Data Bit 0
3	D1	NEW Data Bit 1
4	D2	NEW Data Bit 2
5	D3	NEW Data Bit 3
6	D4	NEW Data Bit 4
7	D5	NEW Data Bit 5
8	D6	NEW Data Bit 6
9	D7	NEW Data Bit 7
10	/ACK	NEW Acknowledge
11	BUSY	NEW Busy
12	PE	NEW Paper End
13	SEL	NEW Select
14	/AUTOFEED	NEW Autofeed
15	/ERROR	NEW Error
16	/INIT	NEW Initialize
17	/SELIN	NEW Select In
18	GND	NEW Signal Ground
19	GND	NEW Signal Ground
20	GND	NEW Signal

21	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
22	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
23	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
24	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
25	GND	NEW	Ground Signal Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Parallel (Amiga) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Parallel (Amiga)

NEW (At the Amiga)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Amiga.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
1	/STROBE	NEW	Strobe
2	D0	NEW	Data Bit 0
3	D1	NEW	Data Bit 1
4	D2	NEW	Data Bit 2
5	D3	NEW	Data Bit 3
6	D4	NEW	Data Bit 4
7	D5	NEW	Data Bit 5
8	D6	NEW	Data Bit 6
9	D7	NEW	Data Bit 7
10	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
11	BUSY	NEW	Busy
12	POUT	NEW	Paper Out
13	SEL	NEW	Select (Shared with RS232 RING-indicator)
14	+5V PULLUP	NEW	+5 Volts DC (10 mA max)
15	n/c	-	Not connected.
16	/RESET	NEW	Reset
17	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
18	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
19	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
20	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
21	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
22	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
23	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
24	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
25	GND	NEW	Signal Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Peripheral.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Parallel (Amiga 1000) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Parallel (Amiga 1000)

NEW (At the Amiga 1000)  
25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Amiga 1000.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	/	NEW	Strobe
	STRO		
	BE		
2	D0	NEW	Data Bit 0
3	D1	NEW	Data Bit 1
4	D2	NEW	Data Bit 2
5	D3	NEW	Data Bit 3
6	D4	NEW	Data Bit 4
7	D5	NEW	Data Bit 5
8	D6	NEW	Data Bit 6
9	D7	NEW	Data Bit 7
10	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
11	BUSY	NEW	Busy
12	POUT	NEW	Paper Out
13	SEL	NEW	Select (Shared with RS232 RING-indicator)
14	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
15	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
16	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
17	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
18	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
19	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
20	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
21	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
22	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
23	+5V	NEW	+5 Volts DC (10 mA max)
24	n/c	-	Not connected.
25	/	NEW	Reset
	RESE		



## T

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Peripheral.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## ECP Parallel Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ECP Parallel

ECP = Extended Capabilities Port

NEW (At the PC)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the PC.

#### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	nStrobe	NEW	Strobe
2	data0	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 0
3	data1	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 1
4	data2	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 2
5	data3	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 3
6	data4	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 4
7	data5	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 5
8	data6	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 6
9	data7	NEW	Address, Data or RLE Data Bit 7
10	/nAck	NEW	Acknowledge
11	Busy	NEW	Busy
12	PError	NEW	Paper End
13	Select	NEW	Select
14	/nAutoFd	NEW	Autofeed
15	/nFault	NEW	Error
16	/nInit	NEW	Initialize
17	/	NEW	Select In

nSelec  
tIn

18	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
19	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
20	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
21	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
22	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
23	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
24	GND	NEW	Signal Ground
25	GND	NEW	Signal Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Marco Furter](#)*

*Source: Microsoft MSDN Library: Extended Capabilities Port Specs*

*Info: [Microsoft MSDN Library](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

maf@pop.agri.ch

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.microsoft.com/msdn>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## ECP Parallel (Tech) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# ECP Parallel (Technical)

This file is designed to give a basic overview of the port found in most newer PC computers called ECP Parallel port.

This file is not intended to be a thorough coverage of the standard. It is for informational purposes only, and is intended to give designers and hobbyists sufficient information to design their own ECP compatible devices.

## Signal Descriptions:

### **nStrobe**

This signal registers data or address into the slave on the asserting edge during .

### **data 0-7**

Contains address, data or RLE data. Can be used in both directions.

### **nAck**

Valid data driven by the peripheral when asserted. This signal handshakes with nAutoFd in reverse.

### **Busy**

This signal deasserts to indicate that the peripheral can accept data. In forward direction this handshakes with nStrobe. In the reverse direction this signal indicates that the data is RLE compressed by being low.

### **PError**

Used to acknowledge a change in the direction of transfer. High=Forward.

### **Select**

Printer is online.

### **nAutoFd**

Requests a byte of data from the peripheral when asserted, handshaking with nAck in the reverse direction. In the forward direction this signal indicates whether the data lines contain ECP address or data.

### **nFault**

Generates an error interrupt when asserted.

### **nInit**

Sets the transfer direction. High=Reverse, Low=Forward.

## **nSelectIn**

Low in ECP mode.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: Microsoft MSDN Library: [Extended Capabilities Port Specs](#)*

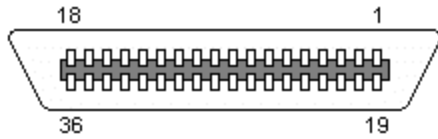
*Info: [Microsoft MSDN Library](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Centronics Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Centronics



(At the Printer)

36 PIN CENTRONICS FEMALE at the Printer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	/STROBE	NEW Strobe
2	D0	NEW Data Bit 0
3	D1	NEW Data Bit 1
4	D2	NEW Data Bit 2
5	D3	NEW Data Bit 3
6	D4	NEW Data Bit 4
7	D5	NEW Data Bit 5
8	D6	NEW Data Bit 6
9	D7	NEW Data Bit 7
10	/ACK	NEW Acknowledge
11	BUSY	NEW Busy
12	POUT	NEW Paper Out
13	SEL	NEW Select
14	/ AUTOFEED	NEW Autofeed
15	n/c	- Not used
16	0 V	NEW Logic Ground
17	CHASSIS GND	NEW Shield Ground
18	+5 V PULLUP	NEW +5 V DC (50 mA max)
19	GND	NEW Signal Ground (Strobe Ground)
20	GND	NEW Signal Ground (Data 0 Ground)
21	GND	NEW Signal Ground (Data 1 Ground)
22	GND	NEW Signal Ground (Data 2 Ground)
23	GND	NEW Signal Ground (Data 3 Ground)



24	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Data 4 Ground)
25	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Data 5 Ground)
26	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Data 6 Ground)
27	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Data 7 Ground)
28	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Acknowledge Ground)
29	GND	NEW	Signal Ground (Busy Ground)
30	/	NEW	Reset Ground
	GNDRESET		
31	/RESET	NEW	Reset
32	/FAULT	NEW	Fault (Low when offline)
33	0 V	NEW	Signal Ground
34	n/c	-	Not used
35	+5 V	NEW	+5 V DC
36	/SLCT IN	NEW	Select In (Taking low or high sets printer on line or off line respectively)

*Note: Direction is Printer relative Computer.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Peter Korsgaard, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

[jacmet@post5.tele.dk](mailto:jacmet@post5.tele.dk)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## MSX Parallel Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MSX Parallel

NEW (At the Computer)

14 PIN CENTRONICS FEMALE at the Computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	/ STB	NEW Strobe
2	PDB 0	NEW Data 0
3	PDB 1	NEW Data 1
4	PDB 2	NEW Data 2
5	PDB 3	NEW Data 3
6	PDB 4	NEW Data 4
7	PDB 5	NEW Data 5
8	PDB 6	NEW Data 6
9	PDB 7	NEW Data 7
10	n/c	-
11	BUS Y	NEW Printer is busy
12	n/c	-
13	n/c	-
14	GN D	- Signal Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Printer.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map*

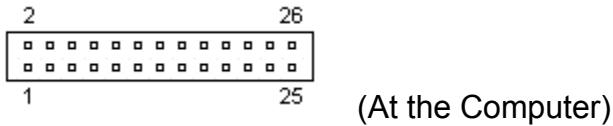
Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Parallel (Olivetti M10) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Parallel (Olivetti M10)

Available on an old portable computer called Olivetti M10.



26 PIN IDC MALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	/ STROBE	NEW Strobe
2	D0	NEW Data Bit 0
3	D1	NEW Data Bit 1
4	D2	NEW Data Bit 2
5	D3	NEW Data Bit 3
6	D4	NEW Data Bit 4
7	D5	NEW Data Bit 5
8	D6	NEW Data Bit 6
9	D7	NEW Data Bit 7
10	/ACK	NEW Acknowled ge
11	BUSY	NEW Busy
12	PE	NEW Paper End
13	SELIN	NEW Select In
14	GND	NEW Signal Ground
15	GND	NEW Signal Ground
16	GND	NEW Signal Ground
17	GND	NEW Signal Ground
18	GND	NEW Signal Ground
19	GND	NEW Signal

20	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
21	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
22	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
23	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
24	GND	NEW	Ground Signal
25	RESETG ND	NEW	Ground Reset
26	/RESET	NEW	Ground Reset

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Filippo Fiani*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

nathannever@rocketmail.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Amstrad CPC6128 Printer Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Printer Port

NEW (At the computer)

34 PIN FEMALE EDGE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	/ STROBE	Strobe
2	D0	Data 0
3	D1	Data 1
4	D2	Data 2
5	D3	Data 3
6	D4	Data 4
7	D5	Data 5
8	D6	Data 6
9	GND	Ground
10	n/c	Not connected
11	BUSY	Busy
12	n/c	Not connected
13	n/c	Not connected
14	GND	Ground
15	n/c	Not connected
16	n/c	Not connected
17	n/c	Not connected
16	GND	Ground
17	n/c	Not connected
19	GND	Ground



20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	GND	Ground
27	n/c	Not connected
28	GND	Ground
29	n/c	Not connected
30	n/c	Not connected
31	n/c	Not connected
32	n/c	Not connected
33	GND	Ground
34	n/c	Not connected
35	n/c	Not connected

*Note: Pin 18 doesn't exist*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Agnello Guarracino*

*Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

[aggy@ooh.diron.co.uk](mailto:aggy@ooh.diron.co.uk)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Universal Serial Bus (USB) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Universal Serial Bus (USB)

Developed by Compaq, Digital Equipment Corp, IBM PC Co., Intel, Microsoft, NEC and Northern Telecom.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the peripherals)

4 PIN ??? MALE at the controller.

4 PIN ??? FEMALE at the peripherals.

### Pin Name Description

1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	D-	Data -
3	D+	Data +
4	GN	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Sources: USB FAQ at USB Implementers Forum

Sources: USB Specification v1.0 at USB Implementers Forum

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.teleport.com/~usb/usbfaq.htm>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.usb.org>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Universal Serial Bus (USB) (Tech) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Universal Serial Bus (USB) (Technical)

USB was developed by Compaq, Digital Equipment Corp, IBM PC Co., Intel, Microsoft, NEC and Northern Telecom.

## Features:

- True Plug'n'Play.
- Hot plug and unplug
- Low cost
- Easy of use
- 127 physical devices
- Low cost cables and connectors

## Bandwidth:

- Full speed: 12 Mbps speed (requires shielded cable)
- Low speed: 1.5 Mbps speed (non-shielded cable)

## Definitions:

USB Host = The computer, only one host per USB system.

USB Device = A *hub* or a *Function*.

## Power usage:

**Bus-powered hubs:** Draw Max 100 mA at power up and 500 mA normally.

**Self-powered hubs:** Draw Max 100 mA, must supply 500 mA to each port.

**Low power, bus-powered functions:** Draw Max 100 mA.

**High power, bus-powered functions:** Self-powered hubs: Draw Max 100 mA, must supply 500 mA to each port.

**Self-powered functions:** Draw Max 100 mA.

**Suspended device:** Max 0.5 mA

## Voltage:

- Supplied voltage by a host or a powered hub ports is between 4.75 V and 5.25 V.
- Maximum voltage drop for bus-powered hubs is 0.35 V from it's host or hub to the hubs output port.
- All hubs and functions must be able to send configuration data at 4.4 V, but only low-power functions need to be working at this voltage.
- Normal operational voltage for functions is minimum 4.75 V.

## Shielding:

Shield should only be connected to Ground at the host. No device should connect Shield to Ground.

## Cable:

### Shielded:

Data: 28 AWG twisted

Power: 28 AWG - 20 AWG non-twisted

### Non-shielded:

Data: 28 AWG non-twisted

Power: 28 AWG - 20 AWG non-twisted

Power Gauge	Max length
28	0.81 m
26	1.31 m
24	2.08 m
22	3.33 m
20	5.00 m

## Cable colors:

Pin	Na	Cable	Descripti
	me	color	on
1	VCC	Red	+5 VDC
2	D-	White	Data -
3	D+	Green	Data +
4	GN	Black	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Sources: [USB FAQ at USB Implementers Forum](#)

Sources: [USB Specification v1.0 at USB Implementers Forum](#)

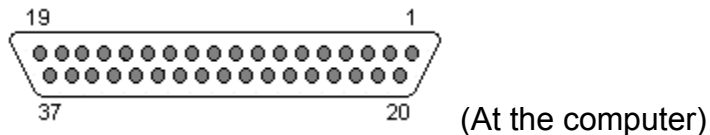
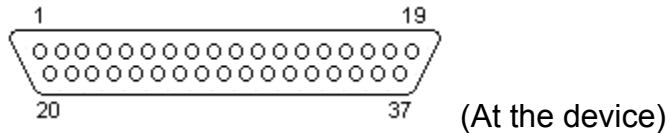
Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

# GeekPort Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## GeekPort

The GeekPort is a connector available at Be's BeBox computers. This is a dream for all hobby engineers who like to connect the computer to the coffee machine.



37 PIN D-SUB MALE CONNECTOR at the device.

37 PIN D-SUB FEMALE CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Na	Description	Dir
	<b>me</b>		
1	GN	Ground	
	D		
2	A1	Digital A 1	NEW
3	A3	Digital A 3	NEW
4	A5	Digital A 5	NEW
5	A7	Digital A 7	NEW
6	GN	Ground	
	D		
7	+5V	+5 VDC	
8	GN	Ground	
	D		
9	+12	+12 VDC	
	V		
10	GN	Ground	
	D		
11	-12V	-12 VDC	
12	GN	Ground	
	D		
13	+5V	+5 VDC	



14	GN	Ground	
	D		
15	B0	Digital B 0	NEW
16	B2	Digital B 2	NEW
17	B4	Digital B 4	NEW
18	B6	Digital B 6	NEW
19	GN	Ground	
	D		
20	A0	Digital A 0	NEW
21	A2	Digital A 2	NEW
22	A4	Digital A 4	NEW
23	A6	Digital A 6	NEW
24	Alref	Analog In Reference	NEW
25	A2D	Analog In 1	NEW
		1	
26	A2D	Analog In 2	NEW
		2	
27	A2D	Analog In 3	NEW
		3	
28	A2D	Analog In 4	NEW
		4	
29	D2A	Analog Out 1	NEW
		1	
30	D2A	Analog Out 2	NEW
		2	
31	D2A	Analog Out 3	NEW
		3	
32	D2A	Analog Out 4	NEW
		4	
33	AOr	Analog Out ef Reference	NEW
34	B1	Digital B 1	NEW
35	B3	Digital B 3	NEW
36	B5	Digital B 5	NEW
37	B7	Digital B 7	NEW

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Sources: BeBox GeekPort DeviceKit at Be's homepage*

*Sources: BeBox GeekPort DeviceKit: Analog port*

*Sources: BeBox GeekPort DeviceKit: Digital port*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.be.com/documentation/be\\_book/DeviceKit/geek.html](http://www.be.com/documentation/be_book/DeviceKit/geek.html)

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.be.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.be.com/documentation/be\\_book/DeviceKit/A2D2A.html](http://www.be.com/documentation/be_book/DeviceKit/A2D2A.html)

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.be.com/documentation/be\\_book/DeviceKit/DPort.html](http://www.be.com/documentation/be_book/DeviceKit/DPort.html)

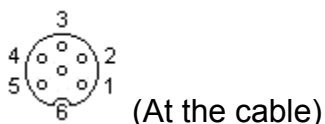
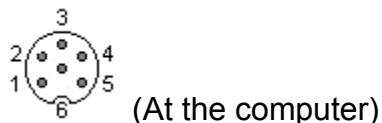
Open this address in your WWW browser.

## C64 Serial I/O Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64/C16/C116/+4 Serial I/O

Available on the Commodore C64, C16, C116 and +4 computers.



6 PIN DIN (DIN45322) FEMALE at the Computer.

6 PIN DIN (DIN45322) MALE at the Cable.

#### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
1	/ SRQI N	Serial SRQIN
2	GND	Ground
3	ATN	Serial ATN In/Out
4	CLK	Serial CLK In/Out
5	DATA	Serial DATA In/Out
6	/ RES ET	Reset

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman

Source: SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16.

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Atari ACSI DMA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari ACSI DMA

Used to connect Laser printers or Harddrives.

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Devices)

19 PIN D-SUB ?? at the Computer.

19 PIN D-SUB ?? at the Devices.

Pin	Na	Description
	<b>me</b>	
1	D0	Data 0
2	D1	Data 1
3	D2	Data 2
4	D3	Data 3
5	D4	Data 4
6	D5	Data 5
7	D6	Data 6
8	D7	Data 7
9	/CS	Chip Select
10	IRQ	Interrupt Request
11	GN D	Ground
12	/ RST	Reset
13	GN D	Ground
14	ACK	Acknowledge
15	GN D	Ground
16	A1	?
17	GN D	Ground
18	R/W	Read/Write
19	RE	Data Request



Q

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Lawrence Wright, Steve & Sally Blair

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

[lwright@silk.net](mailto:lwright@silk.net)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

[blair@mailbox.uq.edu.au](mailto:blair@mailbox.uq.edu.au)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## VGA (VESA DDC) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

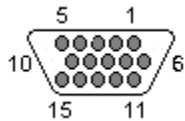
### VGA (VESA DDC)

VGA=Video Graphics Adapter or Video Graphics Array.

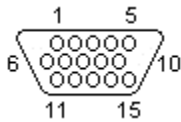
VESA=Video Electronics Standards Association.

DDC=Display Data Channel.

Videotype: Analogue.



(At the videocard)



(At the monitor cable)

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

Pin	Name	Description
1	RED	NEW Red Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
2	GREEN	NEW Green Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
3	BLUE	NEW Blue Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
4	RES	- Reserved
5	GND	NEW Ground
6	RGND	NEW Red Ground
7	GGND	NEW Green Ground
8	BGND	NEW Blue Ground
9	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
10	SGND	NEW Sync Ground
11	ID0	NEW Monitor ID Bit 0 (optional)
12	SDA	NEW DDC Serial Data Line
13	HSYNC or CSYNC	NEW Horizontal Sync (or Composite Sync)
14	VSYNC	NEW Vertical Sync
15	SCL	NEW DDC Data Clock Line

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

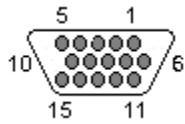
*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## VGA (15) Connector

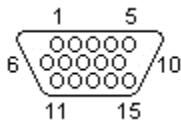
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### VGA (15)

VGA=Video Graphics Adapter or Video Graphics Array.  
Videotype: Analogue.



(At the videocard)



(At the monitor cable)

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

Pin	Name	Description
1	RED	NEW Red Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
2	GREEN	NEW Green Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
3	BLUE	NEW Blue Video (75 ohm, 0.7 V p-p)
4	ID2	NEW Monitor ID Bit 2
5	GND	NEW Ground
6	RGND	NEW Red Ground
7	GGND	NEW Green Ground
8	BGND	NEW Blue Ground
9	KEY	- Key (No pin)
10	SGND	NEW Sync Ground
11	ID0	NEW Monitor ID Bit 0
12	ID1 or SDA	NEW Monitor ID Bit 1
13	HSYNC or CSYNC	NEW Horizontal Sync (or Composite Sync)
14	VSYNC	NEW Vertical Sync
15	ID3 or SCL	NEW Monitor ID Bit 3

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## VGA (9) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### VGA (9)

VGA=Video Graphics Adapter or Video Graphics Array.  
Videotype: Analogue.

NEW (At the videocard)

NEW (At the monitor cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.  
9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

#### Pin Name Description

	e	r	
1	RED	NEW	Red Video
2	GREEN	NEW	Green Video
3	BLUE	NEW	Blue Video
4	HSYNC	NEW	Horizontal Sync
5	VSYNC	NEW	Vertical Sync
6	RD	NEW	Red Ground
7	GD	NEW	Green Ground
8	BD	NEW	Blue Ground
9	SD	NEW	Sync Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## CGA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CGA

CGA=Color Graphics Adapter.

Videotype: TTL, 16 colors.

Also known as IBM RGBI.

NEW (At the videocard)

NEW (At the monitor cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

#### Pin Nam Description

	Pin	Nam	Description
		<b>e</b>	
1	GND	Ground	Ground
2	GND	Ground	Ground
3	R	Red	Red
4	G	Green	Green
5	B	Blue	Blue
6	I	Intensity	Intensity
7	RES	Reserved	Reserved
8	HSY	Horizontal	Horizontal
	NC	Sync	Sync
9	VSY	Vertical	Vertical
	NC	Sync	Sync

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## EGA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### EGA

EGA=Enhanced Graphics Adapter.  
Videotype: TTL, 16/64 colors.

NEW (At the videocard)

NEW (At the monitor cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.  
9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

Pin	Na	Description
	<b>me</b>	
1	GN	Ground
	D	
2	SR	Secondary Red
3	PR	Primary Red
4	PG	Primary Green
5	PB	Primary Blue
6	SG/I	Secondary Green / Intensity
7	SB	Secondary Blue
8	H	Horizontal Sync
9	V	Vertical Sync

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## PGA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# PGA

Videotype: Analogue.

NEW (At the videocard)

NEW (At the monitor cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

### Pin Nam Description

	Pin	Nam	Description
		<b>e</b>	
1	R		Red
2	G		Green
3	B		Blue
4	CSY		Composite
	NC		Sync
5	MOD		Mode Control
	E		
6	RGN		Red Ground
	D		
7	GGN		Green
	D		Ground
8	BGN		Blue Ground
	D		
9	GND		Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## MDA (Hercules) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MDA (Hercules)

NEW (At the videocard)

NEW (At the monitor cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the videocard.  
9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the monitor cable.

#### Pin Na Description

Pin	Na	Description
1	GN D	Ground
2	GN D	Ground
3	n/c	
4	n/c	
5	n/c	
6	I	Intensity
7	M	Mono Video
8	H	Horizontal Sync
9	V	Vertical Sync

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

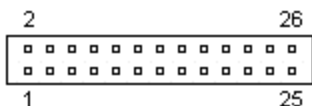
Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## VESA Feature Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### VESA Feature



(At the videocard)

26 PIN IDC at the Video card.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	PD0	DAC Pixel Data Bit 0 (PB)
2	PD1	DAC Pixel Data Bit 1 (PG)
3	PD2	DAC Pixel Data Bit 2 (PR)
4	PD3	DAC Pixel Data Bit 3 (PI)
5	PD4	DAC Pixel Data Bit 4 (SB)
6	PD5	DAC Pixel Data Bit 5 (SG)
7	PD6	DAC Pixel Data Bit 6 (SR)
8	PD7	DAC Pixel Data Bit 7 (SI)
9	CLK	DAC Clock
10	BLK	DAC Blanking
11	HSY	Horizontal Sync
	NC	
12	VSX	Vertical Sync
	NC	
13	GND	Ground
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground
17		Select Internal Video

18		Select Internal Sync
19		Select Internal Dot Clock
20	n/c	Not used
21	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	n/c	Not used
26	n/c	Not used

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

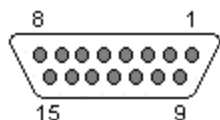
*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Macintosh Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Macintosh Video



(At the Computer)

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	RGND	NEW	Red Ground
2	R	NEW	Red
3	CSYNC	NEW	Composite sync
4	SENSE0	NEW	Monitor Sense 0
5	G	NEW	Green
6	GGND	NEW	Green Ground
7	SENSE1	NEW	Monitor Sense 1
8	n/c	-	No connection
9	B	NEW	Blue
10	SENSE2	NEW	Monitor sense 2
11	SGND	NEW	Sync Ground
12	VSYNC	NEW	Vertical Sync
13	BGND	NEW	Blue Ground
14	HSYNCG ND	NEW	Horizontal Sync Ground
15	HSYNC	NEW	Horizontal Sync

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

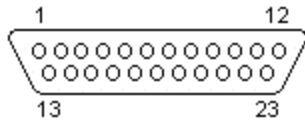
*Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Amiga Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga Video



(At the Amiga)

23 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Amiga.

#### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	/XCLK	<b>NEW</b>	Extern Clock
2	/XCLKE	<b>NEW</b>	Extern Clock Enable (47 Ohm)
3	RED	<b>NEW</b>	Analog Red (75 Ohm)
4	GREEN	<b>NEW</b>	Analog Green (75 Ohm)
5	BLUE	<b>NEW</b>	Analog Blue (75 Ohm)
6	DI	<b>NEW</b>	Digital Intensity (47 Ohm)
7	DR	<b>NEW</b>	Digital Red (47 Ohm)
8	DG	<b>NEW</b>	Digital Green (47 Ohm)
9	DB	<b>NEW</b>	Digital Blue (47 Ohm)
10	/CSYN	<b>NEW</b>	Composite Sync (47 Ohm)
11	/HSYN	<b>NEW</b>	Horizontal Sync (47 Ohm)
12	/VSYNC	<b>NEW</b>	Vertical Sync (47 Ohm)
13	GNDRTN	<b>NEW</b>	Digital Ground (for /XCLKEN) Don't connect with pin 16-20.
14	/PIXELSW	<b>NEW</b>	Genlock overlay (47 Ohm)
15	/C1	<b>NEW</b>	Clock out (47 Ohm)
16	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Video Ground



17	GND	NEW	Video Ground
18	GND	NEW	Video Ground
19	GND	NEW	Video Ground
20	GND	NEW	Video Ground
21	-12V	NEW	-12 Volts DC (10 mA max) (A500/A600/A1200)
	-5V	NEW	-5 Volts DC (10 mA max) (A1000/A2000/A3000/A4000)
22	+12V	NEW	+12 Volts DC (100 mA max)
23	+5V	NEW	+5 Volts DC (100 mA max)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Amiga 1000 RF Monitor Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amiga 1000 RF Monitor



(At the computer)

8 PIN DIN "C" FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	n/c	-	Not connected
2	GND	NEW	Ground
3	AUDL	NEW	Audio Left
4	CVID EO	NEW	Composite Video
5	GND	NEW	Ground
6	n/c	-	Not connected
7	+12V	NEW	+12 VDC
8	AUD	NEW	Audio Right

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## CDTV Video Slot Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CDTV Video Slot

```
  2  4  6  8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30
-- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
-- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
  1  3  5  7  9 11 13 15 17 19 21 24 25 27 29
```

NEW (At the computer)

30 PIN ??? CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Video Ground
2	GND	Video Ground
3	XCLK	External Genlock Clock (in)
4	R	Red (in to video card)
5	/	Enables External Clock on XCLK.
	XCLKE	
	N	
6	BR	Buffered Red (out from video card)
7	GND	Video Ground
8	G	Green (in to video card)
9	GMS0	Genlock mode 0 (from computer, genlock button)
10	BG	Buffered Green (out from video card)
11	GMS1	Genlock mode 1 (from computer, genlock button)
12	B	Blue (in to video card)
13	/	Genlock signal
	PIXEL	
	SW	
14	BB	Buffered Blue (out from video card)
15	VSYNC	Vertical Sync (in to video card)
16	CSYN	Horizontal Sync (in to video card)
	C	
17	HSYN	Composite Sync (in to video card)
	C	
18	BCSYN	Buffered Composite Sync (out from video card)
	C	
19	GND	Video Ground

20	AUDR	Audio Right Output (from computer to RF modulator)
21	DGND	Digital Ground
22	AUDL	Audio Left Output (from computer to RF modulator)
23	-12V	-12 VDC (can be -5 VDC instead)
24	DGND	Digital Ground
25	+12V	+12 VDC
26	/CD/TV	CD/TV button. (Low=CDTV video on RF, High=Antenna)
27	VCC	+5 VDC
28	/CCK	3.58 MHz color clock (C1 clock)
29	GND	Video Ground
30	VCC	+5 VDC

*Note: Used for RF-modulator usually.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Darren Ewaniuk's CDTV Technical Information*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

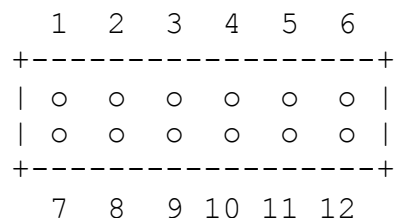
<http://nyquist.ee.ualberta.ca/~ewaniu/cdtv/cdtv-technical.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## PlayStation A/V Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PlayStation A/V



NEW (At the PlayStation)

12 PIN ?? at the PlayStation.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	?	
2	?	
3	?	
4	?	
5	B	Blue
6	R	Red
7	?	
8	AR	Right Audio
9	CSY	Composite
	NC	Sync
10	VGN	Video
	D	Ground
11	?	
12	G	Green

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Sony PlayStation FAQ

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.gla.ac.uk/~gkrx11/PSX/FAQ.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Commodore 1084 & 1084S (Analog) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Commodore 1084 & 1084S (Analog)

NEW (At the Monitor)

6 PIN DIN FEMALE at the Monitor.

### Pin Name Description

	Pin	Name	Description
		e	
1	G		Green
2	HSY		Horizontal
	NC		Sync
3	GND		Ground
4	R		Red
5	B		Blue
6	VSY		Vertical
	NC		Sync

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [National Amiga's C1084 page](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.interlog.com/~gscott/t-1084.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Commodore 1084 & 1084S (Digital) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Commodore 1084 & 1084S (Digital)



(At the Monitor)

8 PIN DIN 'C' FEMALE at the Monitor.

### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
1	n/c	Not connected
2	R	Red
3	G	Green
4	B	Blue
5	I	Intensity
6	GND	Ground
7	HSY	Horizontal
	NC	Sync
8	VSY	Vertical
	NC	Sync

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: National Amiga's C1084 page

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Commodore 1084d & 1084dS Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Commodore 1084d & 1084dS

NEW (At the Monitor)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Monitor.

Pin	Name	Analog Mode	Digital Mode
1	GND	Ground	Ground
2	GND	Ground	Ground
3	R	Red	Red
4	G	Green	Green
5	B	Blue	Blue
6	I	n/c	Intensity
7	CSY NS	Composite Sync	n/c
8	HSY NC	n/c	Horizontal Sync
9	VSY NC	n/c	Vertical Sync

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [National Amiga's C1084d page](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.interlog.com/~gscott/t-1084d.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Atari Jaguar A/V Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari Jaguar A/V

TOP (duh)

1A 2A 3A 4A 5A 6A 7A 8A 9A 10A 11A 12A

1B 2B 3B 4B 5B 6B 7B 8B 9B 10B 11B 12B

NEW (At the Atari)

12 PIN ?? at the Atari.

Pin	Name	Description
1A	AL	Audio Left
2A	AGND	Audio Ground
3A	GND	Ground
4A	GND	Ground (Chroma)
	(chroma)	
5A	B	RGB Blue
6A	HSYNC	Horizontal sync
7A	G	RGB Green
8A	CHROMA	Chroma
9A	GND ???	Ground ???
10A	+5V ???	+5 VDC ???
11A	+5V ???	+5 VDC ???
12A	?	?
1B	AR	Right audio
2B	AGND	Audio GND
3B	GND	Ground
4B	R	RGB Red
5B	CSYNC	Composite (Vertical) Sync
6B	?	?
7B	LGND	Luminance Ground
8B	LUM	Luminance
9B	GND	Ground
10B	CVBSGND	Composite Video

11B	CVBS	Ground
12B	?	Composite Video
		?

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Scooping out Jaguar RGB by Duncan Brown in Atari Explorer Online Vol.3 Issue 6*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

BROWN\_DU@Eisner.DECUS.Org

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This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://www.redsun.net/jaguar/aeo/aeo\\_0306.txt](http://www.redsun.net/jaguar/aeo/aeo_0306.txt)

Open this address in your WWW browser.

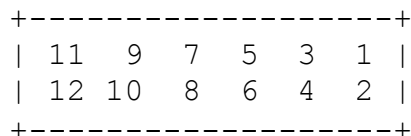


## SNES Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SNES Video

Available on the Nintendo SNES.



NEW (At the SNES)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the SNES.

#### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	R	Red (Requires 200 uF in serie)
2	G	Green (Requires 200 uF in serie)
3	CSY	Composite Sync
	NC	
4	B	Blue (Requires 200 uF in serie)
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	Y	S-Video Y
8	C	S-Video C
9	CVB	Composite Video (NTSC)
	<b>S</b>	
10	+5V	+5 VDC
11	L+R	Left+Right Audio (Mono)
12	L-R	Left-Right Audio (Used to calculate Stereo)

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Video Games FAQ \(Part 3\)](#), Pinout from Radio Electronics April 1992

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.lib.ox.ac.uk/internet/news/faq/archive/games.video-games.faq.part3.html>

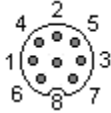
Open this address in your WWW browser.

## NeoGeo Audio/Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# NeoGeo Audio/Video

Available on the NeoGeo videogame.



(At the Computer)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the Computer.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	AOUT	Audio out
2	GND	Ground
3	VIDEO	Composite Video Out
4	+5V	+5 VDC
5	GREEN	Green Video
6	RED	Red Video
7	NSYNC	Negative Sync
8	BLUE	Blue Video

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Enzo, Steffen Kupfer*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

enzo@gaiagnet.net

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

Steffen\_Kupfer@compuserve.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Amstrad CPC6128 Monitor Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Monitor

NEW (At the computer)

6 PIN DIN (DIN45322) FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Nam

	e
1	RED
2	GRE EN
3	BLU E
4	SYN C
5	GND
6	LUM

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Agnello Guarracino](#)*

*Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Amstrad CPC6128 Plus Monitor Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Plus Monitor

NEW (At the computer)

8 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	NSY NC	NEW Sync?
2	GRE EN	NEW Green
3	LUM	NEW Luminance
4	RED	NEW Red
5	BLU E	NEW Blue
6	AOL	NEW Audio Output Left
7	AOR	NEW Audio Output Right
8	GND	NEW Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Colin Gaunt](#)*

*Source: Amstrad 6128 Plus Home Computer Manual*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[c.gaunt@c-gaunt.prestel.co.uk](mailto:c.gaunt@c-gaunt.prestel.co.uk)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.



## Atari ST Monitor Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari ST Monitor

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Devices)

13 PIN DIN FEMALE at the Computer.

13 PIN DIN MALE at the Devices.

### Pin Name Description

1	AO	Audio Out
2	CVID	Composite Video
	EO	
3	CS	Clock Select
4	MD	Monochrome Detect / Clock In
5	AI	Audio In
6	G	Green
7	R	Red
8	+12V	+12 VDC (520ST has GND)
9	HSY	Horizontal Sync
	NC	
10	B	Blue
11	MVID	Monochrome Video
	EO	
12	VSYN	Vertical Sync
	C	
13	GND	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Lawrence Wright](#), [Steve & Sally Blair](#)

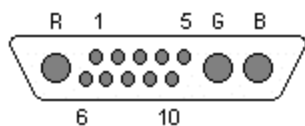
Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Sun Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Sun Video



(At the Computer)

13 PIN 13W3 FEMALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground*
2	VSYNC	Vertical Sync*
3	SENSE2	Sense #2
4	SENSEGN D	Sense Ground
5	CSYNC	Composite Sync
6	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync*
7	GND	Ground*
8	SENSE1	Sense #1
9	SENSE0	Sense #0
10	CGND	Composite Ground
R	RED	Red
G	GREEN/ GRAY	Green/Gray
B	BLUE	Blue

\*) Considered obsolete, may not be connected.

Monitor-sense bits defined as:

Value	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Resolution
0	0	0	0	?
1	0	0	1	Reserved
2	0	1	0	1280 x 1024 76Hz
3	0	1	1	1152 x 900 66Hz
4	1	0	0	1152 x 900 76Hz 19"

5	1	0	1	Reserved
6	1	1	0	1152 x 900 76Hz 16-17"
7	1	1	1	No monitor connected

See <http://cvs.anu.edu.au:80/monitorconversion/> and <http://rugmd0.chem.rug.nl/~everdij/hitachi.html> for info on attaching old workstation monitors to VGA boards.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://cvs.anu.edu.au:80/monitorconversion/>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://rugmd0.chem.rug.nl/~everdij/hitachi.html>

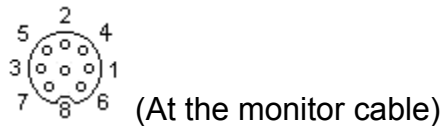
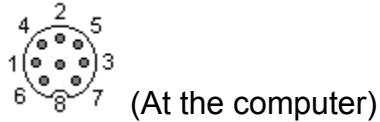
Open this address in your WWW browser.

## ZX Spectrum 128 RGB Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# ZX Spectrun 128 RGB

Can be found at the Sinclair ZX Spectrum 128.



8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the computer.

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) MALE at the monitor cable.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	CVBS	Composite Video (PAL, 75 ohms, 1.2V p-p)
2	GND	Ground
3	BOU	Bright Output
4	CSY	Composite Sync
5	VSY	Vertical Sync
6	G	Green
7	R	Red
8	B	Blue

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Online ZX Spectrum 128 Manual Page 3](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

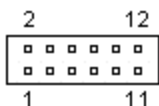
<http://users.ox.ac.uk/~uzdm0006/Damien/speccy/128manua/sp128p03.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## 3b1/7300 Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 3b1/7300 Video



(At the computer)

12 PIN IDC MALE at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	VS	Vertical
	NC	Sync
2	GND	Ground
3	HS	Horizontal
	NC	Sync
4	GND	Ground
5	VIDE	Video
	O	
6	GND	Ground
7	+12V	+12 VDC
8	GND	Ground
9	+12V	+12 VDC
10	SPK	Speaker
11	SPK	Speaker
12	?	?

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



## CM-8/CoCo RGB Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CM-8/CoCo RGB

Available on the Tandy/Radio Shack Color Computer (CoCo).

```
+-----+
| 1 3 5 7 9 |
| 2 4   8 10|
+-----+
```

NEW (At the CoCo)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the CoCo.

#### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	GND	Ground
2	GND	Ground
3	R	Red
4	G	Green
5	B	Blue
6	KEY	No Pin
7	AUDI	Audio
	<b>O</b>	
8	HSY	Horizontal
	NC	Sync
9	VSY	Vertical
	NC	Sync
10	n/c	No
		Connection

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tandy Color Computer FAQ at Video Game Advantage's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.io.com/~vga2000/faqs/coco.faq>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.io.com/~vga2000/>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## AT&T 53D410 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### AT&T 53D410

NEW (At the computer)  
25 PIN D-SUB ??? at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	?	?
2	VS	Vertical
	NC	Sync
3	HS	Horizontal
	NC	Sync
4	?	?
5	VIDE	Video
	<b>O</b>	
6	?	?
7	?	?
8	?	?
9	?	?
10	?	?
11	?	?
12	?	?
13	GND	Ground
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	?	?
17	?	?
18	?	?
19	?	?
20	?	?
21	?	?
22	?	?
23	?	?
24	?	?
25	?	?

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

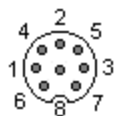
Source: Tommy's pinout Collection by Tommy Johnson

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## AT&T 6300 Taxan Monitor Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# AT&T 6300 Taxan Monitor



(At the Monitor)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the Monitor.

Pin	Name	Description
1	TEXT	Special TEXT signal (??)
2	R	Red
3	G	Green
4	B	Blue
5	I	Intensity
6	GND	Signal Ground
7	HSYNC/ CSYNC	Horizontal or Composite Sync
8	VSYNC	Vertical Sync

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## AT&T PC6300 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### AT&T PC6300

NEW (At the computer)

25 PIN D-SUB ??? at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync
2	ID0	Monitor ID 0
3	VSYNC	Vertical Sync
4	R	Red
5	G	Green
6	B	Blue
8	n/c	Not connected
9	n/c	Not connected
10	ID1	Monitor ID 1
11	MODE0	Mode 0
12	n/c	Not connected
13	/ DEGAU SS	Degauss
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground
17	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	n/c	Not connected
23	n/c	Not

connected  
24 +15V +15 VDC  
25 +15V +15 VDC

Monochrome monitor: ID0 and ID1 are open

Color monitor: ID0 is 0, and ID1 is 1, probably 5V, not 15V

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

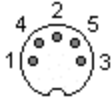
Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



## Vic 20 Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Vic 20 Video



(At the computer)



(At the cable)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the Computer.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE at the Cable.

#### Pin Name Description

1	+6V	NEW	+6 VDC (10 mA max)
2	GN	NEW	Ground
3	AUD	NEW	Audio
4	VLOW	NEW	Video Low (Unconnected ?)
5	VHIGH	NEW	Video High

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

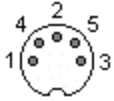
*Source: [CBM Memorial Page Pinouts](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C64 Audio/Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64 Audio/Video



(At the computer)



(At the cable)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the Computer.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE at the Cable.

#### Pin Name Description

1	LUM	NEW	Luminance
2	GN	NEW	Ground
3	AO	NEW	Audio Out
4	VO	NEW	Video Out
5	AIN	NEW	Audio In

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C65 Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C65 Video

Available on the Commodore C65 computer.

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Computer.

Pin	Nam	Dir	Description
	e		
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	?		?
3	R	NEW	Red
4	G	NEW	Green
5	B	NEW	Blue
6	?		?
7	CSY	NEW	Composite
	NC		Sync
8	HSY	NEW	Horizontal
	NC		Sync
9	VSY	NEW	Vertical Sync
	NC		

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [CBM Memorial Page Pinouts](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C128 RGBI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C128 RGBI

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	NEW Ground
2	GND	NEW Ground
3	R	NEW Red
4	G	NEW Green
5	B	NEW Blue
6	I	NEW Intensity
7	VIDEO	NEW Composite Video
8	HSYNC	NEW Horizontal Sync
9	VSYNC	NEW Vertical Sync
	NC	

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: Usenet posting in comp.sys.cbm, [C128 screen cables](#) by [Marko Makela](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[msmakela@cc.helsinki.fi](mailto:msmakela@cc.helsinki.fi)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## C128/C64C Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C128/C64C Video

Seems to be available on the C128 and the C64C (white colour). Compatible with cables for the 5 pin D-SUB on C64's.



(At the Computer)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	LUM	<b>NEW</b> Luminance (monochrome video)
2	GN	<b>NEW</b> Ground
3	AO UT	<b>NEW</b> Audio out
4	VO UT	<b>NEW</b> Composite Video out
5	AIN	<b>NEW</b> Audio in (into the SID chip)
6	n/c	- Not connected
7	n/c	- Not connected
8	C	<b>NEW</b> Chroma

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [CBM Memorial Page Pinouts](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C16/C116/+4 Audio/Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C16/C116/+4 Audio/Video

Available on Commodore C16/C116/+4 computers.

NEW (At the Computer)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the Computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Direction	Description
1	LUM	NEW	Luminance (monochrome video)
2	GND	NEW	Ground
3	AOU	NEW	Audio out
	T		
4	VOU	NEW	Composite Video out
	T		
5	AIN	NEW	Audio in (into the SID chip)
6	COL	-	Color ?
	OR		
7	n/c	-	Not connected
8	+5VD	NEW	+5 VDC

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Monitor.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Arwin Vosselman](#)*

*Sources: [CBM Memorial Page Pinouts](#)*

*Sources: [SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16](#).*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## CBM 1902A Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CBM 1902A

Available on the Commodore CBM 1902A monitor.

NEW (At the Monitor)

6 PIN DIN FEMALE at the Monitor.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	n/c	- Not connected
2	AUDIO	NEW Audio
3	GROUND	NEW Ground
4	C	NEW Chroma
5	n/c	- Not connected
6	L	NEW Luminance

*Note: Direction is Monitor relative Computer.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: comp.sys.cbm General FAQ v3.1 Part 7*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.lib.ox.ac.uk/internet/news/faq/archive/cbm-main-faq.3.1.p7.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## Spectravideo SVI318/328 Audio/Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Spectravideo SVI318/328 Audio/Video



(At the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
1	+5v	Power
2	GND	System ground
3	AUDI	Audio out
4	VIDE O	Composite Video out
5	RF VID	RF Video out

Contributer: Rob Gill

Source: *Spectravideo SVI 328 mk II User Manual*

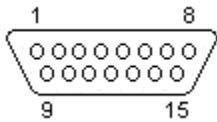
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## PC Gameport Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC Gameport

NEW (At the computer)



(At the joystick cable)

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the computer.

15 PIN D-SUB MALE at the joystick cable.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
2	/B1	NEW Button 1
3	X1	NEW Joystick 1 - X
4	GN D	NEW Ground
5	GN D	NEW Ground
6	Y1	NEW Joystick 1 - Y
7	/B2	NEW Button 2
8	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
9	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
10	/B4	NEW Button 4
11	X2	NEW Joystick 2 - X
12	GN D	NEW Ground
13	Y2	NEW Joystick 2 - Y
14	/B3	NEW Button 3
15	+5V	NEW +5 VDC

Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.

Note: Use 100kohm resistor.

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

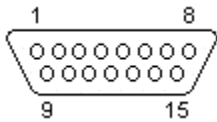
## PC Gameport+MIDI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC Gameport+MIDI

Some soundcards have some MIDI signals included in their Gameport. Ground and VCC has been used for this.

NEW (At the computer)



(At the joystick cable)

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the computer.

15 PIN D-SUB MALE at the joystick cable.

#### Pin Name Di Descriptio

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC
2	/B1	NEW	Button 1
3	X1	NEW	Joystick 1 - X
4	GND	NEW	Ground
5	GND	NEW	Ground
6	Y1	NEW	Joystick 1 - Y
7	/B2	NEW	Button 2
8	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC
9	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC
10	/B4	NEW	Button 4
11	X2	NEW	Joystick 2 - X
12	MIDIT XD	NEW	MIDI Transmit
13	Y2	NEW	Joystick 2 - Y
14	/B3	NEW	Button 3
15	MIDIR XD	NEW	MIDI Receive

Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.

*Note: Use 100kohm resistor.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Amiga Mouse/Joy Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga Mouse/Joy

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the mouse/joy cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the mouse/joy cable.

Pin	Mouse/ Trackball	Lightpen	Digital Joystick	Paddle	Di r t	Commen t
1	V-pulse	n/c	/FORWARD	BUTTO N 3	NEW	
2	H-pulse	n/c	/BACK	n/c	NEW	
3	VQ-pulse	n/c	/LEFT	BUTTO N 1	NEW	
4	HQ-pulse	n/c	/RIGHT	BUTTO N 2	NEW	
5	BUTTON 3(M)	Penpress	n/c	PotX	NEW	
6	BUTTON 1(L)	/ Beamtrig ger	/BUTTON 1	n/c	NEW	
7	+5V	+5V	+5V	+5V	NEW	50 mA max
8	GND	GND	GND	GND	NEW	
9	BUTTON 2(R)	BUTTON 2	BUTTON 2	PotY	NEW	

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Note: Pot is a linear 470 kOhm ( $\pm 10\%$ )*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C64 Control Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64 Control Port

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the joystick cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the joystick cable.

#### Control Port 1

Pin	Name	Di	Comment
1	JOYA0	NEW	
2	JOYA1	NEW	
3	JOYA2	NEW	
4	JOYA4	NEW	
5	POT AY	NEW	
6	BUTTON A/LP	NEW	
7	+5V	NEW	50 mA max
8	GND	NEW	
9	POT AX	NEW	

#### Control Port 2

Pin	Name	Di	Comment
1	JOYB0	NEW	
2	JOYB1	NEW	
3	JOYB2	NEW	
4	JOYB4	NEW	
5	POT BY	NEW	
6	BUTTO N B	NEW	
7	+5V	NEW	50 mA max
8	GND	NEW	



## 9 POT BX NEW

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Note: Pot is a linear 470 kOhm ( $\pm 10\%$ )*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman*

*Sources: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Sources: Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## C16/C116/+4 Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C16/C116/+4 Joystick

Available on the Commodore C16, C116 and +4 computers.

NEW (At the computer)

8 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE at the computer.

#### Joystick 1

Pin	Name	Di	Comment
		r	
1	JOYA0	NEW	
2	JOYA1	NEW	
3	JOYA2	NEW	
4	JOYA3	NEW	
5	+5VDC	NEW	
6	BUTTON A	?	
7	GND	NEW	
8	COMMON A ?	?	Is connected to DATA2 thru a buffer.

#### Joystick 2

Pin	Name	Di	Comment
		r	
1	JOYB0	NEW	
2	JOYB1	NEW	
3	JOYB2	NEW	
4	JOYB3	NEW	
5	+5VDC	NEW	
6	BUTTON B	?	
7	GND	NEW	
8	COMMON B ?	?	Is connected to DATA1 thru a buffer.

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman*

*Source: SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16.*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## MSX Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MSX Joystick

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the joystick cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the joystick cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	/FORWARD	NEW	Forward
2	/BACK	NEW	Backward
3	/LEFT	NEW	Left
4	/RIGHT	NEW	Right
5	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC (50mA max)
6	/TRG1	NEW	Trigger A / Output 1
7	/TRG2	NEW	Trigger A / Output 1
8	OUTPUT	NEW	Output 3
9	GND	NEW	Signal Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.*

*Warning: Pin 5 is +5V on MSX and Mouse Button 2 on Amiga. Since Amiga mousebutton is active low, connecting an Amiga mouse to a MSX and pressing mousebutton 2 will shortcut the supply voltage.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## SGI Mouse (Model 021-0004-002) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SGI Mouse (Model 021-0004-002)

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB ??? at the Computer.

Pin	Na	Di	Descriptio
	me	r	n
1	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC
2	-5V	NEW	-5 VDC
3	n/c	-	Not connected
4	n/c	-	Not connected
5	MTX D	NEW	Data
6	n/c	-	Not connected
7	n/c	-	Not connected
8	n/c	-	Not connected
9	GN D	NEW	Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Mouse.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Macintosh Mouse Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Macintosh Mouse

Available on Macintosh Mac Plus and earlier.

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the mouse cable)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the mouse cable.

Pin	Na	Di	Description
1	CG ND	NEW	Chassis ground
2	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC
3	CG ND	NEW	Chassis ground
4	X2	NEW	Horizontal movement line (connected to VIA PB4 line)
5	X1	NEW	Horizontal movement line (connected to SCC DCDA-line)
6	n/c	-	Not connected
7	SW-	NEW	Mouse button line (connected to VIA PB3)
8	Y2	NEW	Vertical movement line (connected to VIA PB5 line)
9	Y1	NEW	Vertical movement line (connected to SCC DCDB-line)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Mouse.*

Contributor: Ben Harris

Source: *Apple Tech Info Library, Article ID: TECHINFO-0001424*

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Atari Mouse/Joy Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari Mouse/Joy

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the mouse/joy cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the computer.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the mouse/joy cable.

Pin	Mouse	Joysti ck	Di r nt	Comme
1	XB	UP	NEW	
2	XA	DOW N	NEW	
3	YA	LEFT	NEW	
4	YB	RIGH T	NEW	
5	n/c	n/c	-	
6	LEFTBUTT ON	FIRE	NEW	
7	+5V	+5V	NEW	
8	GND	GND	NEW	
9	RIGHTBUT TON	res	NEW	

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Device.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Steve & Sally Blair*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Atari Enhanced Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari Enhanced Joystick

Can be found at Atari Falcon, Jaguar & STe.

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	UP0	Up 0
2	DOWN0	Down 0
3	LEFT0	Left 0
4	RIGHT0	Right 0
5	PAD0Y	Paddle 0 Y
6	FIRE0/LIGHT GUN	Fire 0/Lightgun
7	VCC	+5 VDC
8	n/c	Not connected
9	GND	Ground
10	FIRE2	Fire 2
11	UP2	Up 2
12	DOWN2	Down 2
13	LEFT2	Left 2
14	RIGHT2	Right 2
15	PAD0X	Paddle 0 X

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Do-It-Yourself Atari Jaguar Controller by Andrew Hague](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://dcpu1.cs.york.ac.uk:6666/~andrew/atari/DIYjoypad.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This the e-mail address:

[andrew@minster.york.ac.uk](mailto:andrew@minster.york.ac.uk)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Atari 2600 Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari 2600 Joystick

NEW (At the Atari)

NEW (At the joystick cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Atari.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the joystick cable.

### Pin Col Di Descriptio

Pin	Col	Di	Descriptio
1	WH	NEW	Up
	T		
2	BL	NEW	Down
	U		
3	GR	NEW	Left
	N		
4	BR	NEW	Right
	N		
5	n/c	-	Not connected
6	OR	NEW	Button
	G		
7	n/c	-	Not connected
8	BLK	NEW	Ground(-)
9	n/c	-	Not connected

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.*

*Note: Connect Direction/Button to Ground for action.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#), Pinout by [Greg Alt](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.dhp.com/~sloppy/files/classic/atari/atari.faq>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This the e-mail address:

[galt@cs.utah.edu](mailto:galt@cs.utah.edu)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Atari 6200 Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari 6200 Joystick

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.

### Pin Description

- 1 Keypad -- right column
- 2 Keypad -- middle column
- 3 Keypad -- left column
- 4 Start, Pause, and Reset  
common
- 5 Keypad -- third row and Reset
- 6 Keypad -- second row and  
Pause
- 7 Keypad -- top row and Start
- 8 Keypad -- bottom row
- 9 Pot common
- 10 Horizontal pot (POT0, 2, 4, 6)
- 11 Vertical pot (POT1, 3, 5, 7)
- 12 5 volts DC
- 13 Bottom side buttons (TRIG0, 1,  
2, 3)
- 14 Top side buttons
- 15 0 volts -- ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Atari 7800 Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari 7800 Joystick

NEW (At the Atari)

NEW (At the joystick cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Atari.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the joystick cable.

### Pin Col Di Description

Pin	Col	Di	Description
1	WH T	NEW	Up
2	BL U	NEW	Down
3	GR N	NEW	Left
4	BR N	NEW	Right
5	RE D	NEW	Button (R)ight (-)
6	OR G	?	Both buttons (+)
7	n/c	-	Not connected
8	BLK	NEW	Ground(-)
9	YL W	NEW	Button (L)eft (-)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.*

*Note: Connect Direction and Button(L/R) to Ground for action. And Both Button to Button L and Button R for action.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Amstrad Digital Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad Digital Joystick

Available at the Amstrad CPC6128 and CPC6128 Plus.

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Joystick cable)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Computer.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Joystick cable.

## Digital Joystick 1

Pin	Nam e	Di r	Descriptio n
1	UP	NEW	Up
2	DO WN	NEW	Down
3	LEF T	NEW	Left
4	RIG HT	NEW	Right
5	n/c	-	Not connected
6	FIR E2	NEW	Fire button 2
7	FIR E1	NEW	Fire button 1
8	GND	NEW	Ground
9	GND	NEW	Ground

## Digital Joystick 2

Pin	Nam e	Di r	Descriptio n
1	UP	NEW	Up
2	DO WN	NEW	Down
3	LEF T	NEW	Left



- |   |     |     |                  |
|---|-----|-----|------------------|
| 4 | RIG | NEW | Right            |
|   | HT  |     |                  |
| 5 | n/c | -   | Not<br>connected |
| 6 | FIR | NEW | Fire button      |
|   | E2  |     | 2                |
| 7 | FIR | NEW | Fire button      |
|   | E1  |     | 1                |
| 8 | GND | NEW | Ground           |
| 9 | n/c | -   | Not<br>connected |

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Colin Gaunt, Agnello Guarracino*

*Source: Amstrad 6128 Plus Home Computer Manual*

*Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## NeoGeo Joystick Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### NeoGeo Joystick

Available on the NeoGeo videogame.

NEW (At the Computer)

14 PIN CANNON (2 ROWS) ?? at the Computer.

Could anyone please tell me what kind of connector it has.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	n/c	-	Not connected
3	SELEC T	NEW	Select Button
4	BUTTO ND	NEW	"D" Button
5	BUTTO NB	NEW	"B" Button
6	RIGHT	NEW	Right
7	DOWN	NEW	Down
8	n/c	-	Not connected
9	BUTTO ND	NEW	"D" Button, again?
10	n/c	-	Not connected
11	START	NEW	Start Button
12	BUTTO NC	NEW	"C" Button
13	BUTTO NA	NEW	"A" Button
14	LEFT	NEW	Left
15	UP	NEW	Up

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Joystick.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Enzo*

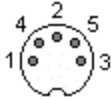
*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Keyboard (5 PC) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Keyboard (5 PC)



(At the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Nam	Descriptio	Technical
	<b>e</b>	<b>n</b>	
1	CLO CK	Clock	CLK/CTS, Open-collector
2	DATA	Data	RxD/TxD/RTS, Open-collector
3	n/c	Not connected	Reset on some very old keyboards.
4	GND	Ground	
5	VCC	+5 VDC	

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Keyboard (6 PC) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Keyboard (6 PC)



(At the computer)

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	DAT A	NEW Key Data
2	n/c	- Not connected
3	GN D	NEW Gnd
4	VCC	NEW Power , +5 VDC
5	CLK	NEW Clock
6	n/c	- Not connected

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Keyboard.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Gilles Ries](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[gries@glo.be](mailto:gries@glo.be)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Keyboard (XT) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Keyboard (XT)



(At the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the computer.

Pin	Nam	Descripti	Technical
	<b>e</b>	<b>on</b>	
1	CLK	Clock	CLK/CTS, Open-collector
2	DATA	Data	RxD, Open-collector
3	/	Reset	
	RES		
	ET		
4	GND	Ground	
5	VCC	+5 VDC	

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

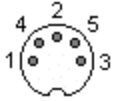
Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Keyboard (5 Amiga) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Keyboard (5 Amiga)



(At the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE (A1000/A2000/A3000) at the computer.

Pin	A100	A2000/ A3000
1	+5 Volts	KCLK
2	CLO CK	KDAT
3	DATA	n/c
4	GND	GND
5		+5 Volts

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Keyboard (6 Amiga) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Keyboard (6 Amiga)



(At the computer)

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) (A4000/CD32/CDTV) at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	/	<b>NEW</b> Data
	DATA	
2	n/c	- Not connected
3	GND	<b>NEW</b> Ground
4	+5V	<b>NEW</b> +5 Volts DC (100 mA max)
5	CLO CK	<b>NEW</b> Clock
6	n/c	- Not connected

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Keyboard.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Dirk Duesterberg](#)*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



This the e-mail address:

duesterb@unixserv.rz.fh-hannover.de

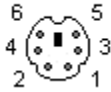
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## Keyboard (Amiga CD32) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Keyboard (Amiga CD32)

The Amiga CD32 keyboard connector also includes a serialport.



(At the computer)

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) at the computer.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	/DATA	Data
2	/TxD	Transmit Data (0-5V and reversed)
3	GND	Ground
4	+5V	+5 Volts DC (100 mA max)
5	CLOCK	Clock
6	/RxD	Receive Data (0-5V and reversed)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Keyboard.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Dirk Duesterberg*

*Source: [CD32 keyboard port info](#), usenet posting by [Klaus Hegemann](#).*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

Klaus\_Hegemann@punk.fido.de

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## Macintosh Keyboard Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Macintosh Keyboard

Available on Macintosh Mac Plus and earlier.

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Keyboard)

RJ11 FEMALE CONNECTOR at the Computer.

RJ11 MALE CONNECTOR at the Keyboard.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	CG ND	NEW Chassis ground
2	KBD ? 1	Keyboard clock
3	KBD ? 2	Keyboard data
4	+5V NEW	+5 VDC

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Keyboard.*

Contributor: Ben Harris

Source: Apple Tech Info Library, Article ID: TECHINFO-0001424

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## AT&T 6300 Keyboard Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# AT&T 6300 Keyboard

NEW (At the Computer)

9 PIN D-SUB ??? at the Computer.

### Pin Nam Descriptio

	e	n
1	DATA	Data
2	CLO	Clock
	CK	
3	GND	Ground
4	GND	Ground
5	+12V	+12 VDC
6	n/c	Not connected
7	n/c	Not connected
8	n/c	Not connected
9	n/c	Not connected

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

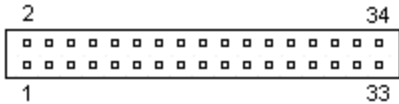
Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Internal Diskdrive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Internal Diskdrive



(At the computer & diskdrives)

34 PIN IDC MALE at the computer & diskdrives.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
2	/	NEW	Density Select
	REDW		
	C		
4	n/c		Reserved
6	n/c		Reserved
8	/INDEX	NEW	Index
10	/	NEW	Motor Enable A
	MOTE		
	A		
12	/	NEW	Drive Sel B
	DRVSB		
14	/	NEW	Drive Sel A
	DRVSA		
16	/	NEW	Motor Enable B
	MOTE		
	B		
18	/DIR	NEW	Direction
20	/STEP	NEW	Step
22	/	NEW	Write Data
	WDAT		
	E		
24	/	NEW	Floppy Write Enable
	WGAT		
	E		
26	/TRK00	NEW	Track 0
28	/WPT	NEW	Write Protect
30	/	NEW	Read Data
	RDATA		

32 /SIDE1 <sup>NEW</sup> Head Select  
34 / <sup>NEW</sup> Disk Change  
DSKC  
HG

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Note: All odd pins are GND, Ground.*

*Note: Can be an Edge-connector on old PC's.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## 8" Floppy Diskdrive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 8" Floppy Diskdrive

NEW (At the computer)

50 PIN EDGE or IDC at the computer??.

#### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
2	/	NEW	Reduced Write Current
	RED		
	WC		
4	n/c	-	Reserved
6	n/c	-	Reserved
8	n/c	-	Reserved
10	/FD2S	NEW	Disk is two sided
12	/DCG	NEW	Disk has been changed/door open
14	/SIDE	NEW	Side select
16	/	NEW	Door lock
	DLOC		
	K		
18	/HLD	NEW	Head load
20	/	NEW	Index Pulse
	INDE		
	X		
22	/	NEW	Ready
	READ		
	Y		
24	n/c	-	Not connected
26	/SEL1	NEW	Select Drive 1
28	/SEL2	NEW	Select Drive 2
30	/SEL3	NEW	Select Drive 3
32	/SEL4	NEW	Select Drive 4
34	/DIR	NEW	Direction
36	/STEP	NEW	Step
38	/	NEW	Write data
	WDAT		



40	/	<b>NEW</b>	Write gate
	WGAT		
42	/TR00	<b>NEW</b>	Track 00 (Zero)
44	/	<b>NEW</b>	Write protect
	WPR		
	OT		
46	/	<b>NEW</b>	Read data
	RDAT		
	A		
48	n/c	-	Not connected
50	n/c	-	Not connected

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Note: All odd pins are GND, Ground.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Dennis Painter*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

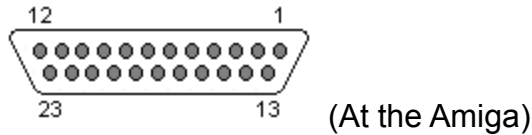
dwp@rocketmail.com

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## Amiga External Diskdrive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga External Diskdrive



23 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Amiga.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
1	/RDY	<b>NEW</b>	Disk Ready
2	/DKR	<b>NEW</b>	Disk Read Data
3	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Ground
4	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Ground
5	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Ground
6	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Ground
7	GND	<b>NEW</b>	Ground
8	/MTR	O	Disk Motor Control
9	/XD	O	Select Drive 2
10	/SEL2	O	Disk Reset
11	/DRE	<b>NEW</b>	Disk Removed From Drive-Latched
12	+5V	<b>NEW</b>	+5 Volts DC (250 mA max)
13	/SIDE	<b>NEW</b>	Select Disk Side (0=Upper, 1=Lower)
14	/WPR	<b>NEW</b>	Disk is Write Protected
15	/TKO	<b>NEW</b>	Drive Head position over Track 0
16	/	O	Disk Write Enable

	DKW	C	
	E		
17	/	O	Disk Write Data
	DKW	C	
	D		
18	/	O	Step the Head-Pulse, First low, then
	STEP	C	high
19	DIR	O	Select Head Direction (0=Inner,
		C	1=Outer)
20	/	O	Select Drive 3
	SEL3	C	
21	/	O	Select Drive 1
	SEL1	C	
22	/	O	Disk Index Pulse
	INDE	C	
	X		
23	+12V	<b>NEW</b>	+12 Volts DC (160 mA max, 540 mA surge)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## MSX External Diskdrive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MSX External Diskdrive

NEW (At the Computer)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	+12V	NEW +12 VDC
2	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
3	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
4	/INDEX	NEW Sector hole passed sensor.
5	/DSEL1	NEW Drive Select 1
6	DIR	NEW Direction (0=In, 1=Dir)
7	/STEP	NEW Moves head 1 step in DIR direction.
8	WRITEDATA	NEW Write Data
9	/WRITEGATE	NEW Write Gate
10	/TRACK00	NEW Head is over Track 00 (outermost track)
11	/WRITEPROTECT	NEW Write protected disk (0=Write protected)
12	READDATA	NEW Data read from diskette.
13	/SIDESELECT	NEW Side Select (0=Side 1, 1=Side 0)
14	+12V	NEW +12 VDC
15	+12V	NEW +12 VDC
16	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
17	/DSEL1	NEW Select Drive 0
18	/MOTOR	NEW Motor On
19	READY	NEW Ready
20	GND	NEW Ground
21	GND	NEW Ground
22	GND	NEW Ground
23	GND	NEW Ground
24	GND	NEW Ground
25	GND	NEW Ground

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Amstrad CPC6128 Diskdrive 2 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Diskdrive 2

NEW (At the computer)

34 PIN MALE EDGE at the computer.

### Pin Name

1	READY
2	GND
3	SIDE 1 SELECT
4	GND
5	READ DATA
6	GND
7	WRITE PROTECT
8	GND
9	TRACK 0
10	GND
11	WRITE GATE
12	GND
13	WRITE DATA
14	GND
15	STEP
16	GND
17	DIRECTION SELECT
18	GND
19	MOTOR ON
20	GND
21	n/c
22	GND
23	DRIVE SELECT 1
24	GND
25	n/c
26	GND
27	INDEX

28 GND  
29 n/c  
30 GND  
31 n/c  
32 GND  
33 n/c  
34 GND

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Agnello Guarracino*

*Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## Amstrad CPC6128 Plus External Diskdrive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Plus External Diskdrive

NEW (At the Computer)

36 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
			n
1	n/c	-	Not connected
3	n/c	-	Not connected
5	n/c	-	Not connected
7	NINDE X	?	
9	n/c	-	Not connected
11	NDSE L1	?	
13	n/c	-	Not connected
15	NMOT OR	?	
17	NDSE L	?	
19	NSTE P	NEW	Step head
21	NWDA TA	NEW	Write Data
23	NWGA TE	NEW	Write Gate
25	NTK00	NEW	Track 00
27	NWRP T	NEW	Write Protect
29	NRDD TA	NEW	Read Data

31 NSIDE ?  
1

33 NREA ?  
DY

35 n/c                    Not  
   connected

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Note: All even pins are GND, Ground.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Colin Gaunt*

*Source: Amstrad 6128 Plus Home Computer Manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Macintosh External Drive Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Macintosh External Drive

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Diskdrive)

19 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Computer.

19 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Diskdrive.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	CGND	NEW Chassis ground
2	CGND	NEW Chassis ground
3	CGND	NEW Chassis ground
4	CGND	NEW Chassis ground
5	-12V	NEW -12 VDC
6	+5V	NEW +5 VDC
7	+12V	NEW +12 VDC
8	+12V	NEW +12 VDC
9	n/c	- Not connected
10	PWM	? Regulates speed of the drive
11	CA0	? Control line to send commands to the drive
12	CA1	? Control line to send commands to the drive
13	CA2	? Control line to send commands to the drive
14	LSTRB	? Control line to send commands to the drive
15	WrReq-	? Turns on the ability to write data to the drive
16	HdSel	? Control line to send commands to the drive

17 Enbl ? Enables the Rd line (else Rd is tristated)  
2-

18 Rd **NEW** Data actually read from the drive

19 Wr **NEW** Data actually written to the drive

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Diskdrive.*

*Contributor: Ben Harris*

*Source: Apple Tech Info Library, Article ID: TECHINFO-0001424*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Atari Floppy Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari Floppy Port

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Diskdrive)

14 PIN DIN FEMALE at the Computer.

14 PIN DIN MALE at the Diskdrive.

### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	e	
1	RD	Read Data
2	SIDE	Side 0
	0	Select
3	GND	Ground
4	INDE	Index
	X	
5	SEL0	Drive 0 Select
6	SEL1	Drive 1 Select
7	GND	Ground
8	MOT	Motor On
	OR	
9	DIR	Direction In
10	STE	Step
	P	
11	WD	Write Data
12	WG	Write Gate
13	TRK0	Track 00
	0	
14	WP	Write Protect

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Lawrence Wright, Steve & Sally Blair

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

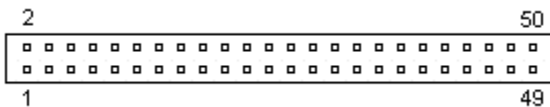
## SCSI Internal (Single-ended) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

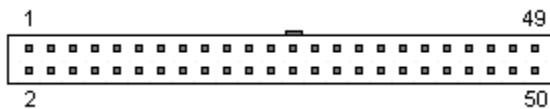
### SCSI Internal (Single-ended)

SCSI=Small Computer System Interface.

Based on an original design by Shugart Associates. SCSI was ratified in 1986.



(At the controller & harddisk)



(At the cable.)

50 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & harddisk.

50 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Description
2	DB0	Data Bus 0
4	DB1	Data Bus 1
6	DB2	Data Bus 2
8	DB3	Data Bus 3
10	DB4	Data Bus 4
12	DB5	Data Bus 5
14	DB6	Data Bus 6
16	DB7	Data Bus 7
18	PARITY	Data Parity (odd Parity)
20	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
26	TMPWR	Termination Power
28	GND	Ground
30	GND	Ground
32	/ATN	Attention
34	GND	Ground
36	/BSY	Busy

38	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
40	/RST	NEW	Reset
42	/MSG	NEW	Message
44	/SEL	NEW	Select
46	/C/D	NEW	Control/Data
48	/REQ	NEW	Request
50	/I/O	NEW	Input/Output

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*All odd-numbered pins, except pin 25, are connected to ground. Pin 25 is left open.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

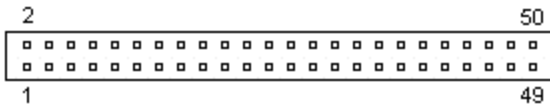
*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

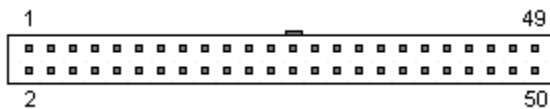
## SCSI Internal (Differential) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SCSI Internal (Differential)



(at the controller & harddisk.)



(At the cable.)

50 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & harddisk.

50 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
01	GND	NEW	Ground
02	GND	NEW	Ground
03	+DB0	NEW	+Data Bus 0
04	-DB0	NEW	-Data Bus 0
05	+DB1	NEW	+Data Bus 1
06	-DB1	NEW	-Data Bus 1
07	+DB2	NEW	+Data Bus 2
08	-DB2	NEW	-Data Bus 2
09	+DB3	NEW	+Data Bus 3
10	-DB3	NEW	-Data Bus 3
11	+DB4	NEW	+Data Bus 4
12	-DB4	NEW	-Data Bus 4
13	+DB5	NEW	+Data Bus 5
14	-DB5	NEW	-Data Bus 5
15	+DB6	NEW	+Data Bus 6
16	-DB6	NEW	-Data Bus 6
17	+DB7	NEW	+Data Bus 7
18	-DB7	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy7
19	+DBP	NEW	+Data Bus Parity (odd Parity)
20	-DBP	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy (odd Parity)



21	DIFFSE	?	???
	NS		
22	GND	NEW	Ground
23	res	-	Reserved
24	res	-	Reserved
25	TERMP	NEW	Termination Power
	WR		
26	TERMP	NEW	Termination Power
	WR		
27	res	-	Reserved
28	res	-	Reserved
29	+ATN	NEW	+Attention
30	-ATN	NEW	-Attention
31	GND	NEW	Ground
32	GND	NEW	Ground
33	+BSY	NEW	+Bus is busy
34	-BSY	NEW	-Bus is busy
35	+ACK	NEW	+Acknowledge
36	-ACK	NEW	-Acknowledge
37	+RST	NEW	+Reset
38	-RST	NEW	-Reset
39	+MSG	NEW	+Message
40	-MSG	NEW	-Message
41	+SEL	NEW	+Select
42	-SEL	NEW	-Select
43	+C/D	NEW	+Control or Data
44	-C/D	NEW	-Control or Data
45	+REQ	NEW	+Request
46	-REQ	NEW	-Request
47	+I/O	NEW	+In/Out
48	-I/O	NEW	-In/Out
49	GND	NEW	Ground
50	GND	NEW	Ground

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Karsten Wenke](#)*

*Source: ?*

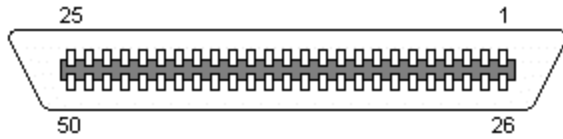
*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



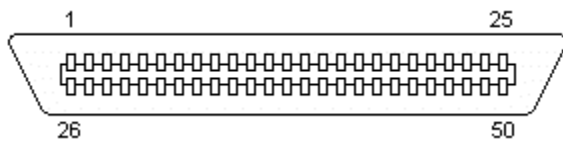
## SCSI External Centronics 50 (Single-ended) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI External Centronics 50 (Single-ended)



(At the controller & devices)



(At the cable)

50 PIN CENTRONICS FEMALE at the controller & devices.

50 PIN CENTRONICS MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1-	GND	NEW	Ground
25			
26	DB0	NEW	Data Bus 0
27	DB1	NEW	Data Bus 1
28	DB2	NEW	Data Bus 2
29	DB3	NEW	Data Bus 3
30	DB4	NEW	Data Bus 4
31	DB5	NEW	Data Bus 5
32	DB6	NEW	Data Bus 6
33	DB7	NEW	Data Bus 7
34	PARITY	NEW	Data Parity (odd Parity)
35	GND	NEW	Ground
36	GND	NEW	Ground
37	GND	NEW	Ground
38	TMPWR	NEW	Termination Power
39	GND	NEW	Ground
40	GND	NEW	Ground
41	/ATN	NEW	Attention
42	n/c	-	Not connected

- 43 /BSY **NEW** Busy
- 44 /ACK **NEW** Acknowledge
- 45 /RST **NEW** Reset
- 46 /MSG **NEW** Message
- 47 /SEL **NEW** Select
- 48 /C/D **NEW** Control/Data
- 49 /REQ **NEW** Request
- 50 //O **NEW** Input/Output

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

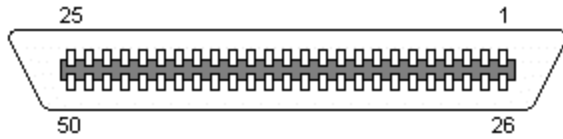
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*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

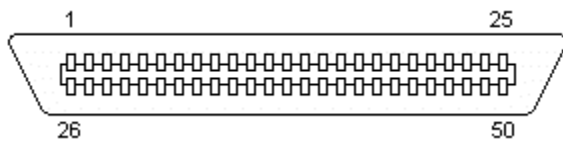
## SCSI External Centronics 50 (Differential) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI External Centronics 50 (Differential)



(At the controller & devices)



(At the cable)

50 PIN CENTRONICS FEMALE at the controller & devices.

50 PIN CENTRONICS MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
01	GND	NEW	Ground
02	+DB0	NEW	+Data Bus 0
03	+DB1	NEW	+Data Bus 1
04	+DB2	NEW	+Data Bus 2
05	+DB3	NEW	+Data Bus 3
06	+DB4	NEW	+Data Bus 4
07	+DB5	NEW	+Data Bus 5
08	+DB6	NEW	+Data Bus 6
09	+DB7	NEW	+Data Bus 7
10	+DBP	NEW	+Data Bus Parity (odd Parity)
11	DIFFSE NS	? ? ? ?	???
12	res	-	Reserved
13	TERMP WR	NEW	Termination Power
14	res	-	Reserved
15	+ATN	NEW	+Attention
16	GND	NEW	Ground
17	+BSY	NEW	+Bus is busy
18	+ACK	NEW	+Acknowledge

19	+RST	NEW	+Reset
20	+MSG	NEW	+Message
21	+SEL	NEW	+Select
22	+C/D	NEW	+Control or Data
23	+REQ	NEW	+Request
24	+I/O	NEW	+In/Out
25	GND	NEW	Ground
26	GND	NEW	Ground
27	-DB0	NEW	-Data Bus 0
28	-DB1	NEW	-Data Bus 1
29	-DB2	NEW	-Data Bus 2
30	-DB3	NEW	-Data Bus 3
31	-DB4	NEW	-Data Bus 4
32	-DB5	NEW	-Data Bus 5
33	-DB6	NEW	-Data Bus 6
34	-DB7	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy7
35	-DBP	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy (odd Parity)
36	GND	NEW	Ground
37	res	-	Reserved
38	TERMP WR	NEW	Termination Power
39	res	-	Reserved
40	-ATN	NEW	-Attention
41	GND	NEW	Ground
42	-BSY	NEW	-Bus is busy
43	-ACK	NEW	-Acknowledge
44	-RST	NEW	-Reset
45	-MSG	NEW	-Message
46	-SEL	NEW	-Select
47	-C/D	NEW	-Control or Data
48	-REQ	NEW	-Request
49	-I/O	NEW	-In/Out
50	GND	NEW	Ground

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Karsten Wenke*

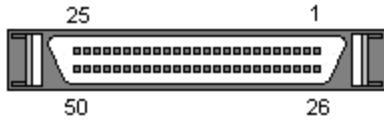
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Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

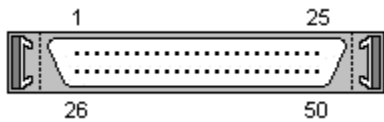
## SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub (Single-ended) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub (Single-ended)



(At the controller & devices).



(To the cable).

50 PIN HI-DENSITY D-SUB FEMALE at the controller & devices.

50 PIN HI-DENSITY D-SUB MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1-	GND	NEW	Ground
25			
26	DB0	NEW	Data Bus 0
27	DB1	NEW	Data Bus 1
28	DB2	NEW	Data Bus 2
29	DB3	NEW	Data Bus 3
30	DB4	NEW	Data Bus 4
31	DB5	NEW	Data Bus 5
32	DB6	NEW	Data Bus 6
33	DB7	NEW	Data Bus 7
34	PARITY	NEW	Data Parity (odd Parity)
35	GND	NEW	Ground
36	GND	NEW	Ground
37	GND	NEW	Ground
38	TMPWR	NEW	Termination Power
39	GND	NEW	Ground
40	GND	NEW	Ground
41	/ATN	NEW	Attention
42	n/c	-	Not connected
43	/BSY	NEW	Busy



- 44 /ACK **NEW** Acknowledge
- 45 /RST **NEW** Reset
- 46 /MSG **NEW** Message
- 47 /SEL **NEW** Select
- 48 /C/D **NEW** Control/Data
- 49 /REQ **NEW** Request
- 50 //O **NEW** Input/Output

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

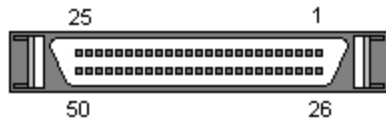
*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub (Differential) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SCSI-II External Hi D-Sub (Differential)



(At the controller & devices).



(To the cable).

50 PIN HI-DENSITY D-SUB FEMALE at the controller & devices.

50 PIN HI-DENSITY D-SUB MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
01	GND	NEW	Ground
02	+DB0	NEW	+Data Bus 0
03	+DB1	NEW	+Data Bus 1
04	+DB2	NEW	+Data Bus 2
05	+DB3	NEW	+Data Bus 3
06	+DB4	NEW	+Data Bus 4
07	+DB5	NEW	+Data Bus 5
08	+DB6	NEW	+Data Bus 6
09	+DB7	NEW	+Data Bus 7
10	+DBP	NEW	+Data Bus Parity (odd Parity)
11	DIFFSE NS	? ? ? ?	???
12	res	-	Reserved
13	TERMP WR	NEW	Termination Power
14	res	-	Reserved
15	+ATN	NEW	+Attention
16	GND	NEW	Ground
17	+BSY	NEW	+Bus is busy
18	+ACK	NEW	+Acknowledge
19	+RST	NEW	+Reset

20	+MSG	NEW	+Message
21	+SEL	NEW	+Select
22	+C/D	NEW	+Control or Data
23	+REQ	NEW	+Request
24	+I/O	NEW	+In/Out
25	GND	NEW	Ground
26	GND	NEW	Ground
27	-DB0	NEW	-Data Bus 0
28	-DB1	NEW	-Data Bus 1
29	-DB2	NEW	-Data Bus 2
30	-DB3	NEW	-Data Bus 3
31	-DB4	NEW	-Data Bus 4
32	-DB5	NEW	-Data Bus 5
33	-DB6	NEW	-Data Bus 6
34	-DB7	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy7
35	-DBP	NEW	-Data Bus Pariy (odd Parity)
36	GND	NEW	Ground
37	res	-	Reserved
38	TERMP WR	NEW	Termination Power
39	res	-	Reserved
40	-ATN	NEW	-Attention
41	GND	NEW	Ground
42	-BSY	NEW	-Bus is busy
43	-ACK	NEW	-Acknowledge
44	-RST	NEW	-Reset
45	-MSG	NEW	-Message
46	-SEL	NEW	-Select
47	-C/D	NEW	-Control or Data
48	-REQ	NEW	-Request
49	-I/O	NEW	-In/Out
50	GND	NEW	Ground

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Karsten Wenke](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



## SCSI External D-Sub (Future Domain) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI External D-Sub (Future Domain)

Seems to be available on some Future Domain SCSI-controllers only.

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the cable)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the controller.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Direction	Description
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	DB1	NEW	Data Bus 1
3	DB3	NEW	Data Bus 3
4	DB5	NEW	Data Bus 5
5	DB7	NEW	Data Bus 7
6	GND	NEW	Ground
7	/SEL	NEW	Select
8	GND	NEW	Ground
9	TMP	NEW	Termination
	WR		Power
10	/RST	NEW	Reset
11	C/D	NEW	Control/Data
12	I/O	NEW	Input/Output
13	GND	NEW	Ground
14	DB0	NEW	Data Bus 0
15	DB2	NEW	Data Bus 2
16	DB4	NEW	Data Bus 4
17	DB6	NEW	Data Bus 6
18	PARITY	NEW	Data Parity
19	GND	NEW	Ground
20	/ATN	NEW	Attention
21	/MSG	NEW	Message
22	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
23	BSY	NEW	Busy

24 /REQ <sup>NEW</sup> Request

25 GND <sup>NEW</sup> Ground

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: TheRef TechTalk*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://theref.c3d.rl.af.mil>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## SCSI External D-Sub (PC/Amiga/Mac) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI External D-Sub (PC/Amiga/Mac)

NEW (At the controller)

NEW (At the cable)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the controller.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Direction	Description
1	/REQ	NEW	Request
2	/MSG	NEW	Message
3	I/O	NEW	Input/Output
4	/RST	NEW	Reset
5	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
6	BSY	NEW	Busy
7	GND	NEW	Ground
8	DB0	NEW	Data Bus 0
9	GND	NEW	Ground
10	DB3	NEW	Data Bus 3
11	DB5	NEW	Data Bus 5
12	DB6	NEW	Data Bus 6
13	DB7	NEW	Data Bus 7
14	GND	NEW	Ground
15	C/D	NEW	Control/Data
16	GND	NEW	Ground
17	/ATN	NEW	Attention
18	GND	NEW	Ground
19	/SEL	NEW	Select
20	PARITY	NEW	Data Parity
21	DB1	NEW	Data Bus 1
22	DB2	NEW	Data Bus 2
23	DB4	NEW	Data Bus 4
24	GND	NEW	Ground
25	TMP	NEW	Termination



## WR      Power

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Novell and Procomp External SCSI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Novell and Procomp External SCSI

This interface is nowadays considered obsolete.

NEW (At the controller)

37 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the controller.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	GND	NEW	Ground
3	GND	NEW	Ground
4	GND	NEW	Ground
5	GND	NEW	Ground
6	GND	NEW	Ground
7	GND	NEW	Ground
8	GND	NEW	Ground
9	GND	NEW	Ground
10	GND	NEW	Ground
11	GND	NEW	Ground
12	GND	NEW	Ground
13	GND	NEW	Ground
14	GND	NEW	Ground
15	GND	NEW	Ground
16	GND	NEW	Ground
17	GND	NEW	Ground
18	GND	NEW	Ground
19	TERMP	NEW	Termination
	WR		Power
20	/DB0	NEW	Data Bus 0
21	/DB1	NEW	Data Bus 1
22	/DB2	NEW	Data Bus 2
23	/DB3	NEW	Data Bus 3
24	/DB4	NEW	Data Bus 4
25	/DB5	NEW	Data Bus 5
26	/DB6	NEW	Data Bus 6
27	/DB7	NEW	Data Bus 7

28	/DBP	NEW	Data Bus Parity
29	/ATN	NEW	Attention
30	/BSY	NEW	Busy
31	/ACK	NEW	Acknowledge
32	/RST	NEW	Reset
33	/MSG	NEW	Message
34	/SEL	NEW	Select
35	/C/D	NEW	Control/Data
36	/REQ	NEW	Request
37	/I/O	NEW	Input/Output

*Note: Direction is Device relative Bus (other Devices).*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Randy Hoffman*

*Source: Black Box Corporation, FaxBack document for SCSI*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

`runtime@borg.pulsenet.com`

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## IDE Internal Connector

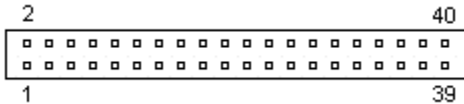
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### IDE Internal

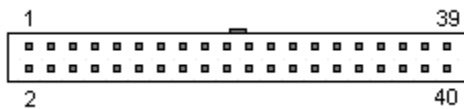
IDE=Integrated Drive Electronics.

Developed by Compaq and Western Digital.

Newer version of IDE goes under the name ATA=AT bus Attachment.



(At the controller & peripherals)



(At the cable)

40 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & peripherals.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	/RESET	Reset
2	GND	Ground
3	DD7	Data 7
4	DD8	Data 8
5	DD6	Data 6
6	DD9	Data 9
7	DD5	Data 5
8	DD10	Data 10
9	DD4	Data 4
10	DD11	Data 11
11	DD3	Data 3
12	DD12	Data 12
13	DD2	Data 2
14	DD13	Data 13
15	DD1	Data 1
16	DD14	Data 14
17	DD0	Data 0
18	DD15	Data 15
19	GND	Ground

20	KEY	-	Key
21	n/c	-	Not connected
22	GND	NEW	Ground
23	/IOW	NEW	Write Strobe
24	GND	NEW	Ground
25	/IOR	NEW	Read Strobe
26	GND	NEW	Ground
27	IO_CH_RDY	NEW	
28	ALE	NEW	Address Latch Enable
29	n/c	-	Not connected
30	GND	NEW	Ground
31	IRQ	NEW	Interrupt Request
32	/IOCS16	?	IO ChipSelect 16
33	DA1	NEW	Address 1
34	n/c	-	Not connected
35	DA0	NEW	Address 0
36	DA2	NEW	Address 2
37	/	NEW	(1F0-1F7)
	IDE_CS0		
38	/	NEW	(3F6-3F7)
	IDE_CS1		
39	/ACTIVE	NEW	Led driver
40	GND	NEW	Ground

*Note: Direction is Controller relative Devices (Harddisks).*

*Contributors: Joakim Ögren , Dan Williams*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

*This the e-mail address:*

*dan\_williams@sunshine.net*

*Choose this address in your e-mail reader.*

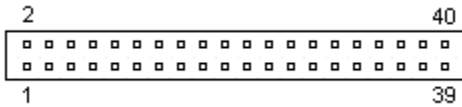
## ATA Internal Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

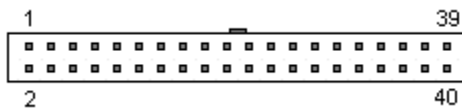
### ATA Internal

ATA=AT bus Attachment..

Developed by Western Digital, Conner & Seagate ?.



(At the controller & peripherals)



(At the cable)

40 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & peripherals.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

Pin	Name	Description
1	/RESET	Reset
2	GND	Ground
3	DD7	Data 7
4	DD8	Data 8
5	DD6	Data 6
6	DD9	Data 9
7	DD5	Data 5
8	DD10	Data 10
9	DD4	Data 4
10	DD11	Data 11
11	DD3	Data 3
12	DD12	Data 12
13	DD2	Data 2
14	DD13	Data 13
15	DD1	Data 1
16	DD14	Data 14
17	DD0	Data 0
18	DD15	Data 15
19	GND	Ground
20	KEY	- Key (Pin missing)



21	DMARQ	?	DMA Request
22	GND	NEW	Ground
23	/DIOW	NEW	Write Strobe
24	GND	NEW	Ground
25	/DIOR	NEW	Read Strobe
26	GND	NEW	Ground
27	IORDY	NEW	I/O Ready
28	SPSYNC:C SEL	?	Spindle Sync or Cable Select
29	/DMACK	?	DMA Acknowledge
30	GND	NEW	Ground
31	INTRQ	NEW	Interrupt Request
32	/IOCS16	?	IO ChipSelect 16
33	DA1	NEW	Address 1
34	PDIAG	?	Passed Diagnostcs
35	DA0	NEW	Address 0
36	DA2	NEW	Address 2
37	/IDE_CS0	NEW	(1F0-1F7)
38	/IDE_CS1	NEW	(3F6-3F7)
39	/ACTIVE	NEW	Led driver
40	GND	NEW	Ground

Note: Direction is Controller relative Devices (Harddisks).

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## ATA (44) Internal Connector

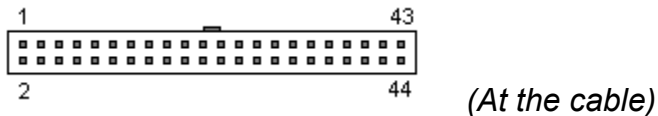
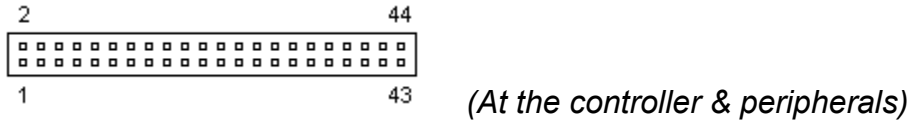
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ATA (44) Internal

ATA=AT bus Attachment.

This connector is mostly used for 2.5" internal harddisks.

See ATA for pin 1-40.



44 PIN IDC (0.75") MALE at the controller & peripherals.

44 PIN IDC (0.75") FEMALE at the cable.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
41	+5V L	<sup>NEW</sup> +5 VDC (Logic)
42	+5V M	<sup>NEW</sup> +5 VDC (Motor)
43	GN D	<sup>NEW</sup> Ground
44	/ TYP E	<sup>NEW</sup> Type (0=ATA)

Note: Direction is Controller relative Devices (harddisks).

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## ESDI Connector

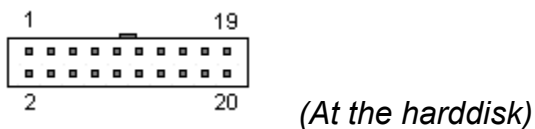
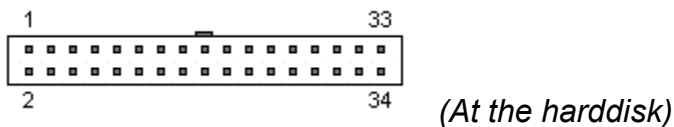
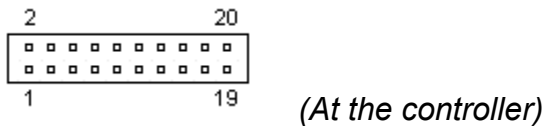
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ESDI

ESDI=Enhanced Small Device Interface.

Developed by Maxtor in the early 1980's as an upgrade and improvement to the ST506 design.

NEW (At the controller)



34 PIN IDC MALE at the Controller.

20 PIN IDC MALE at the Controller.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE at the Harddisk.

20 PIN IDC FEMALE at the Harddisk.

### Control connector

Pin	Name	Description
2		Head Sel 3
4		Head Sel 2
6		Write Gate
8		Config/Stat Data
10		Transfer
		Acknowledge
12		Attention
14		Head Sel 0
16		Sect/Add MK
		Found
18		Head Sel 1
20		Index

22	<i>Ready</i>
24	<i>Transfer Request</i>
26	<i>Drive Sel 1</i>
28	<i>Drive Sel 2</i>
30	<i>Drive Sel 3</i>
32	<i>Read Gate</i>
34	<i>Command Data</i>

*Note: All odd are GND, Ground.*

### **Data connector**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Na</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<b>me</b>	
1		<i>Drive Selected</i>
2		<i>Sect/Add MK Found</i>
3		<i>Seek Complete</i>
4		<i>Address Mark Enable</i>
5		<i>(reserved, for step mode)</i>
6	<i>GN</i>	<i>Ground</i>
	<i>D</i>	
7		<i>Write Clock+</i>
8		<i>Write Clock-</i>
9		<i>Cartridge Changed</i>
10		<i>Read Ref Clock+</i>
11		<i>Read Ref Clock-</i>
12	<i>GN</i>	<i>Ground</i>
	<i>D</i>	
13		<i>NRZ Write Data+</i>
14		<i>NRZ Write Data-</i>
15	<i>GN</i>	<i>Ground</i>
	<i>D</i>	
16	<i>GN</i>	<i>Ground</i>
	<i>D</i>	
17		<i>NRZ Read Data+</i>
18		<i>NRZ Read Data-</i>
19	<i>GN</i>	<i>Ground</i>
	<i>D</i>	

20 GN Ground  
D

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## ST506/412 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

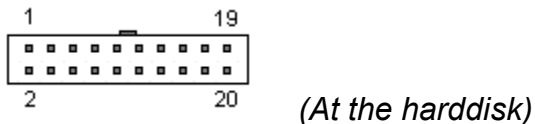
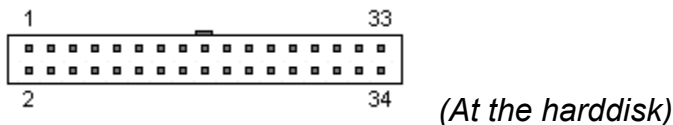
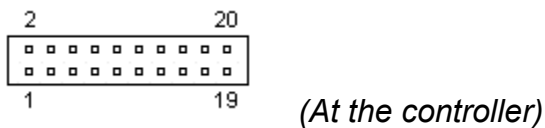
### ST506/412

Developed by Seagate.

Also known as MFM or RLL since these are the encoding methods used to store data. Seagate originally developed it to support their ST506 (5 MB) and ST412 (10 MB) drives.

The first drives used an encoding method called MFM (Modified Frequency Modulation). Later a new encoding method was developed, RLL (Run Length Limited). RLL had the advantage that it was possible to store 50% more with it. But it required better drives. This is almost never an problem. Often called 2,7 RLL because the recording scheme involves patterns with no more than 7 successive zeros and no less than two.

NEW (At the controller)



34 PIN IDC MALE at the Controller.

20 PIN IDC MALE at the Controller.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE at the Harddisk.

20 PIN IDC FEMALE at the Harddisk.

### Control connector

Pin	Na	Description
	me	
2		Head Sel 8
4		Head Sel 4
6		Write Gate
8		Seek
		Complete
10		Track 0
12		Write Fault

14		Head Sel 1
16	RES	(reserved)
18		Head Sel 2
20		Index
22		Ready
24		Step
26		Drive Sel 1
28		Drive Sel 2
30		Drive Sel 3
32		Drive Sel 4
34		Direction In

Note: All odd pins are GND, Ground.

### **Data connector**

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Na</b>	<b>Description</b>
1		Drive Selected
2	GN	Ground
	D	
3	RES	(reserved)
4	GN	Ground
	D	
5	RES	(reserved)
6	GN	Ground
	D	
7	RES	(reserved)
8	GN	Ground
	D	
9	RES	(reserved)
10	RES	(reserved)
11	GN	Ground
	D	
12	GN	Ground
	D	
13		Write Data+
14		Write Data-

15 GN Ground  
D  
16 GN Ground  
D  
17 Read Data+  
18 Read Data-  
19 GN Ground  
D  
20 GN Ground  
D

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Paravision SX-1 External IDE Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Paravision SX-1 External IDE

Paravision was formerly Microbotics.

NEW (At the controller)

37 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the controller.

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	/IDE- RESET	Drive Reset
2	D0	Data bit 0
3	D2	Data bit 2
4	D4	Data bit 4
5	D6	Data bit 6
6	GND	Ground
7	D8	Data bit 8
8	D10	Data bit 10
9	D12	Data bit 12
10	D14	Data bit 14
11	GND	Ground
12	GND	Ground
13	GND	Ground
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground
17	GND	Ground
18	+5V	5V Power
19	+5V	5V Power
20	GND	Ground
21	D1	Data bit 1
22	D3	Data bit 3
23	D5	Data bit 5
24	D7	Data bit 7
25	GND	Ground
26	D9	Data bit 9
27	D11	Data bit 11
28	D13	Data bit 13

29	D15	Data bit 15
30	/IOW	I/O Write
31	/IOR	I/O Read
32	IDE-IRQ	Interrupt Request
33	IDE-A2	Address bit 2
34	IDE-A1	Address bit 1
35	IDE-A0	Address bit 0
36	/BICS1	Chip Select 1
37	/BICS0	Chip Select 0

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: SX-1 External IDE connector, usenet posting by Mike Pinso at Paravision.

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

*This the e-mail address:*

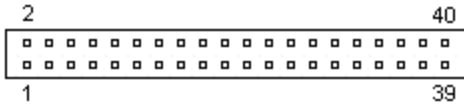
*microbotics1@bix.com*

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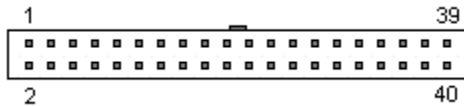
## Mitsumi CD-ROM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Mitsumi CD-ROM



(at the controller & CD-ROM)



(at the cable.)

40 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & CD-ROM.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

Pin	Na	Description
	<b>me</b>	
1	A0	Address Bit 0
2	GN	Ground
	D	
3	A1	Address Bit 1
4	GN	Ground
	D	
5	n/c	Not connected
6	GN	Ground
	D	
7	n/c	Not connected
8	GN	Ground
	D	
9	n/c	Not connected
10	GN	Ground
	D	
11	n/c	Not connected
12	GN	Ground
	D	
13	INT	Interrupt
14	GN	Ground
	D	
15	RE	Data request For DMA

Q  
16 GN Ground  
D  
17 ACK Data Acknowledge For  
DMA  
18 GN Ground  
D  
19 RE Read Enable  
20 GN Ground  
D  
21 WE Write Enable  
22 GN Ground  
D  
23 EN Bus Enable  
24 GN Ground  
D  
25 DB0 Data Bit 0  
26 GN Ground  
D  
27 DB1 Data Bit 1  
28 GN Ground  
D  
29 DB2 Data Bit 2  
30 GN Ground  
D  
31 DB3 Data Bit 3  
32 GN Ground  
D  
33 DB4 Data Bit 4  
34 GN Ground  
D  
35 DB5 Data Bit 5  
36 GN Ground  
D  
37 DB6 Data Bit 6  
38 GN Ground  
D

39 DB7 Data Bit 7

40 GN Ground

D

Contributor: Keith Solomon

Source: *SoundFX 16-bit Multimedia Kit Hardware Manual from Reveal*

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

*This the e-mail address:*

*zarathos@thorn.bluedream.com*

*Choose this address in your e-mail reader.*

## Panasonic CD-ROM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Panasonic CD-ROM

NEW (at the controller & CD-ROM)

NEW (at the cable.)

40 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & CD-ROM.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	GND	Ground
2	RES	CD-Reset
	<b>ET</b>	
3	GND	Ground
4	GND	Ground
5	GND	Ground
6	MOD	Operation Mode Bit
	E0	0
7	GND	Ground
8	MOD	Operation Mode Bit
	E1	1
9	GND	Ground
10	WRIT	CD-Write
	<b>E</b>	
11	GND	Ground
12	REA	CD-Read
	<b>D</b>	
13	GND	Ground
14	ST0	CD-Status Bit 0
15	GND	Ground
16	n/c	No Connection
17	GND	Ground
18	n/c	No Connection
19	GND	Ground
20	ST1	CD-Status Bit 1
21	GND	Ground



22	EN	CD-Data Enable
23	GND	Ground
24	ST2	CD-Status Bit 2
25	GND	Ground
26	S/DE	CD-Status/Data Enable
27	GND	Ground
28	ST3	CD-Status Bit 3
29	GND	ground
30	GND	ground
31	D7	CD-Data 7
32	D6	CD-Data 6
33	GND	ground
34	D5	CD-Data 5
35	D4	CD-Data 4
36	D3	CD-Data 3
37	GND	ground
38	D2	CD-Data 2
39	D1	CD-Data 1
40	D0	CD-Data 0

Contributor: Keith Solomon

Source: SoundFX 16-bit Multimedia Kit Hardware Manual from Reveal

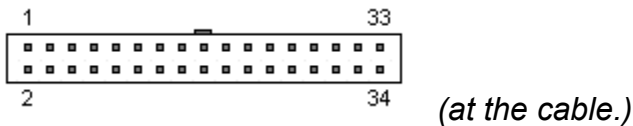
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Sony CD-ROM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Sony CD-ROM

NEW (at the controller & CD-ROM)



34 PIN IDC MALE at the controller & CD-ROM.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE at the cable.

#### Pin Nam Description

	e	
1	RES	Reset
	ET	
2	GND	Ground
3	DB7	Data Bit 7
4	GND	Ground
5	DB6	Data Bit 6
6	GND	Ground
7	DB5	Data Bit 5
8	GND	Ground
9	DB4	Data Bit 4
10	GND	Ground
11	DB3	Data Bit 3
12	GND	Ground
13	DB2	Data Bit 2
14	GND	Ground
15	DB1	Data Bit 1
16	GND	Ground
17	DB0	Data Bit 0
18	GND	Ground
19	WE	Write Enable
20	GND	Ground
21	RE	Read Enable
22	GND	Ground
23	ACK	Data Acknowledge For

## *DMA*

- 24 GND Ground*
- 25 REQ Data Request For DMA*
- 26 GND Ground*
- 27 INT Interrupt*
- 28 GND Ground*
- 29 A1 Address Bit 1*
- 30 GND Ground*
- 31 A0 Address Bit 0*
- 32 GND Ground*
- 33 EN Bus Enable*
- 34 GND Ground*

*Contributor: Keith Solomon*

*Source: SoundFX 16-bit Multimedia Kit Hardware Manual from Reveal*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## C64 Cassette Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64 Cassette

NEW (At the computer)

6 PIN MALE EDGE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
-----	------	-----	-------------

A-1	GND	NEW	Ground
B-2	+5V	NEW	+5 Volts DC
C-3	MOT OR	NEW	Cassette Motor
D-4	REA D	NEW	Cassette Read
E-5	WRIT E	NEW	Cassette Write
F-6	SEN SE	NEW	Cassette Sense

Note: Direction is Computer relative Cassette.

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman

Source: Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide

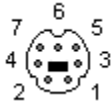
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## C16/C116/+4 Cassette Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C16/C116/+4 Cassette

Available on the Commodore C16, C116 and +4 computers.



(At the computer)

7 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

	e	r	
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	+5V	NEW	+5 Volts DC
3	MOT	NEW	Cassette OR Motor
4	REA	NEW	Cassette D Read
5	WRIT	NEW	Cassette E Write
6	SEN	NEW	Cassette SE Sense
7	GND	NEW	Ground

Note: Direction is Computer relative Cassette.

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Arwin Vosselman](#)

Source: SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16.

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## CoCo Cassette Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CoCo Cassette

Available on the Tandy/Radio Shack Color Computer (CoCo).

NEW (At the CoCo)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the CoCo.

#### Pin Descripti

on

- 1 Motor  
Relay
- 2 Ground
- 3 Motor  
Relay
- 4 Signal  
input
- 5 Signal  
Output

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tandy Color Computer FAQ at Video Game Advantage's homepage](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## MSX Cassette Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MSX Cassette

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the cassette cable)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) FEMALE at the computer.

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) MALE at the cassette cable.

#### Pin Name Di Description

		<i>r</i>	
1	GND	NEW	Ground
2	GND	NEW	Ground
3	GND	NEW	Ground
4	CMTO	NEW	Sound Output
	UT		
5	CMTI	NEW	Sound Input
	N		
6	REM+	NEW	Remote control (from relay)
7	REM-	NEW	Remote control (from relay)
8	GND	NEW	Ground

Note: Direction is Computer relative Cassette.

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Spectravideo SVI318/328 Cassette Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Spectravideo SVI318/328 Cassette

```
+-----+  
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 |  
+-----+
```

**NEW** (At the computer)

7 PIN FEMALE EDGE CONNECTOR at the computer.

### **Pin Nam Description**

	<b>e</b>	
1	12v	Power 100mA
2	CAS	Cassette data
	R	read
3	CAS	Cassette data
	W	write
4	AUDI	Cassette audio
	O	
5	GND	System ground
6	ME	
7	REA	System Ready
	DY	

Contributer: Rob Gill

Source: SVI mk II user manual

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Amstrad CPC6128 Tape Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Tape

NEW (At the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Name

- 1 REMOTE SWITCH
- 2 GND
- 3 REMOTE SWITCH
- 4 DATA IN
- 5 DATA OUT

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Agnello Guarracino

Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual

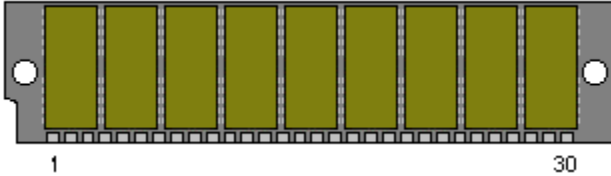
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## 30 pin SIMM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 30 pin SIMM

SIMM=Single Inline Memory Module.



(At the computer)

30 PIN SIMM at the computer.

#### Pin Nam Description

e	
1	VCC +5 VDC
2	/ Column Address CAS Strobe
3	DQ0 Data 0
4	A0 Address 0
5	A1 Address 1
6	DQ1 Data 1
7	A2 Address 2
8	A3 Address 3
9	GN Ground
D	
10	DQ2 Data 2
11	A4 Address 4
12	A5 Address 5
13	DQ3 Data 3
14	A6 Address 6
15	A7 Address 7
16	DQ4 Data 4
17	A8 Address 8
18	A9 Address 9
19	A10 Address 10
20	DQ5 Data 5
21	/WE Write Enable
22	GN Ground

*D*

23 *DQ6 Data 6*

24 *n/c Not connected*

25 *DQ7 Data 7*

26 *QP Data Parity Out*

27 */ Row Address*

*RAS Strobe*

28 */ Something*

*CAS Parity ????*

*P*

29 *DP Data Parity In*

30 *VCC +5 VDC*

*Note: SIMM above is a 4MBx9.*

*QP & DP is N/C on SIMMs without parity.*

*A9 is N/C on 256kB.*

*A10 is N/C on 256kB & 1MB.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware.\* FAQ Part 4, maintained by Ralph Valentino*

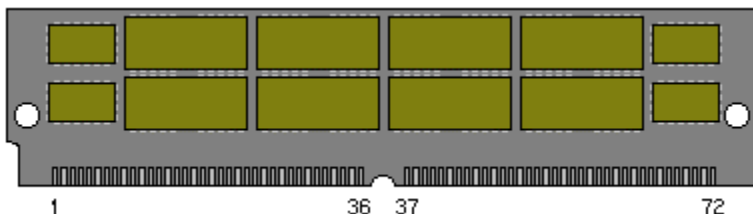
*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## 72 pin SIMM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 72 pin SIMM

SIMM=Single Inline Memory Module



(At the computer)

72 PIN SIMM at the computer.

Pin	Non-Parity	Parity	Description
1	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
3	DQ18	DQ1	Data 18
		8	
4	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
5	DQ19	DQ1	Data 19
		9	
6	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
7	DQ20	DQ2	Data 20
		0	
8	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
9	DQ21	DQ2	Data 21
		1	
10	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
11	n/c	n/c	Not connected
12	A0	A0	Address 0
13	A1	A1	Address 1
14	A2	A2	Address 2
15	A3	A3	Address 3
16	A4	A4	Address 4
17	A5	A5	Address 5
18	A6	A6	Address 6

19	A10	A10	Address 10
20	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
21	DQ22	DQ2	Data 22
		2	
22	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
23	DQ23	DQ2	Data 23
		3	
24	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
25	DQ24	DQ2	Data 24
		4	
26	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7
27	DQ25	DQ2	Data 25
		5	
28	A7	A7	Address 7
29	A11	A11	Address 11
30	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
31	A8	A8	Address 8
32	A9	A9	Address 9
33	/RAS3	/	Row Address Strobe 3
		RAS	
		3	
34	/RAS2	/	Row Address Strobe 2
		RAS	
		2	
35	n/c	PQ2	Parity 26 (3rd)
		6	
36	n/c	PQ8	Parity 8 (1st)
37	n/c	PQ1	Parity 26 (3rd)
		7	
38	n/c	PQ3	Parity 35 (4th)
		5	
39	VSS	VSS	Ground
40	/CAS0	/	Column Address
		CAS	Strobe 0
		0	
41	/CAS2	/	Column Address

		CAS Strobe 2
		2
42	/CAS3	/ Column Address
		CAS Strobe 3
		3
43	/CAS1	/ Column Address
		CAS Strobe 1
		1
44	/RAS0	/ Row Address Strobe 0
		RAS
		0
45	/RAS1	/ Row Address Strobe 1
		RAS
		1
46	n/c	n/c Not connected
47	/WE	/WE Read/Write
48	n/c	n/c Not connected
49	DQ9	DQ9 Data 9
50	DQ27	DQ2 Data 27
		7
51	DQ10	DQ1 Data 10
		0
52	DQ28	DQ2 Data 28
		8
53	DQ11	DQ1 Data 11
		1
54	DQ29	DQ2 Data 29
		9
55	DQ12	DQ1 Data 12
		2
56	DQ30	DQ3 Data 30
		0
57	DQ13	DQ1 Data 13
		3
58	DQ31	DQ3 Data 31
		1
59	VCC	VC +5 VDC

		C
60	DQ32	DQ3 Data 32
		2
61	DQ14	DQ1 Data 14
		4
62	DQ33	DQ3 Data 33
		3
63	DQ15	DQ1 Data 15
		5
64	DQ34	DQ3 Data 34
		4
65	DQ16	DQ1 Data 16
		6
66	n/c	n/c Not connected
67	PD1	PD1 Presence Detect 1
68	PD2	PD2 Presence Detect 2
69	PD3	PD3 Presence Detect 3
70	PD4	PD4 Presence Detect 4
71	n/c	n/c Not connected
72	VSS	VSS Ground

### **Size:**

#### **PD2 PD Size**

		1
GN	GN	4 or 64
D	D	MB
GN	NC	2 or 32
D		MB
NC	GN	1 or 16
	D	MB
NC	NC	8 MB

### **Access time:**

#### **PD4 PD Accessti**

		3 me
GN	GN	50, 100
D	D	ns
GN	NC	80 ns

*D*

*NC GN 70 ns*

*D*

*NC NC 60 ns*

*Notes: A9 is a N/C on 256k and 512k modules.*

*A10 is a N/C on 256k, 512k, 1M and 4M modules.*

*RAS1/RAS3 are N/C on 256k, 1M and 4M modules.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Brown, Karsten Wenke*

*Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



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*bugman@total.net*

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*<http://www.chips.ibm.com/products/memory/>*

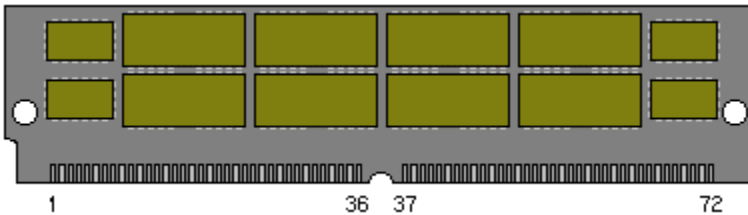
*Open this address in your WWW browser.*

## 72 pin ECC SIMM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 72 pin ECC SIMM

SIMM=Single Inline Memory Module  
ECC=Error Correcting Code.



(At the computer)

72 PIN SIMM at the computer.

<b>Pin</b>	<b>EC</b>	<b>Optimiz</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<b>C</b>	<b>ed</b>	
1	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
3	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
4	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
5	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
6	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
7	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
8	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
9	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7
10	VC	VCC	+5 VDC
	<b>C</b>		
11	PD5	PD5	Presence Detect 5
12	A0	A0	Address 0
13	A1	A1	Address 1
14	A2	A2	Address 2
15	A3	A3	Address 3
16	A4	A4	Address 4
17	A5	A5	Address 5
18	A6	A6	Address 6
19	n/c	n/c	Not connected
20	DQ8	DQ8	Data 8
21	DQ9	DQ9	Data 9
22	DQ1	DQ10	Data 10

	0		
23	DQ1 DQ11		Data 11
	1		
24	DQ1 DQ12		Data 12
	2		
25	DQ1 DQ13		Data 13
	3		
26	DQ1 DQ14		Data 14
	4		
27	DQ1 DQ15		Data 15
	5		
28	A7 A7		Address 7
29	DQ1 DQ16		Data 16
	6		
30	VC VCC		+5 VDC
	C		
31	A8 A8		Address 8
32	A9 A9		Address 9
33	n/c n/c		Not connected
34	/ /RAS1		Row Address Strobe 1
	RAS		
	1		
35	DQ1 DQ17		Data 17
	7		
36	DQ1 DQ18		Data 18
	8		
37	DQ1 DQ19		Data 19
	9		
38	DQ2 DQ20		Data 20
	0		
39	VSS VSS		Ground
40	/ /CAS0		Column Address
	CAS		Strobe 0
	0		
41	A10 A10		Address 10
42	A11 A11		Address 11
43	/ /CAS1		Column Address

	CAS		<i>Strobe 1</i>
	1		
44	/	/RAS0	<i>Row Address Strobe 0</i>
	RAS		
	0		
45	/	/RAS1	<i>Row Address Strobe 1</i>
	RAS		
	1		
46	DQ2	DQ21	<i>Data 21</i>
	1		
47	/WE	/WE	<i>Read/Write</i>
48	/	/ECC	
	EC		
	C		
49	DQ2	DQ22	<i>Data 22</i>
	2		
50	DQ2	DQ23	<i>Data 23</i>
	3		
51	DQ2	DQ24	<i>Data 24</i>
	4		
52	DQ2	DQ25	<i>Data 25</i>
	5		
53	DQ2	DQ26	<i>Data 26</i>
	6		
54	DQ2	DQ27	<i>Data 27</i>
	7		
55	DQ2	DQ28	<i>Data 28</i>
	8		
56	DQ2	DQ29	<i>Data 29</i>
	9		
57	DQ3	DQ30	<i>Data 30</i>
	0		
58	DQ3	DQ31	<i>Data 31</i>
	1		
59	VC	VCC	<i>+5 VDC</i>
	C		
60	DQ3	DQ32	<i>Data 32</i>

	2		
61	DQ3	DQ33	Data 33
	3		
62	DQ3	DQ34	Data 34
	4		
63	DQ3	DQ35	Data 35
	5		
64	n/c	DQ36	Data 36
65	n/c	DQ37	Data 37
66	n/c	DQ38	Data 38
67	PD1	PD1	Presence Detect 1
68	PD2	PD2	Presence Detect 2
69	PD3	PD3	Presence Detect 3
70	PD4	PD4	Presence Detect 4
71	n/c	DQ39	Data 39
72	VSS	VSS	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## 72 pin SO DIMM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 72 pin SO DIMM

SO DIMM=Small Outline Dual Inline Memory Module

NEW (At the computer)

72 PIN SO DIMM at the computer.

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Non-Parity</b>	<b>Parity</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
3	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
4	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
5	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
6	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
7	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
8	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
9	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7
10	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC
11	PD1	PD1	Presence Detect 1
12	A0	A0	Address 0
13	A1	A1	Address 1
14	A2	A2	Address 2
15	A3	A3	Address 3
16	A4	A4	Address 4
17	A5	A5	Address 5
18	A6	A6	Address 6
19	A10	A10	Address 10

20	n/c	PQ8	Data 8 (Parity 1)
21	DQ9	DQ	Data 9
		9	
22	DQ10	DQ	Data 10
		10	
23	DQ11	DQ1	Data 11
		1	
24	DQ12	DQ	Data 12
		12	
25	DQ13	DQ	Data 13
		13	
26	DQ14	DQ	Data 14
		14	
27	DQ15	DQ	Data 15
		15	
28	A7	A7	Address 7
29	A11	A11	Address 11
30	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
31	A8	A8	Address 8
32	A9	A9	Address 9
33	/RAS3	RA	Row Address Strobe 3
		S3	
34	/RAS2	RA	Row Address Strobe 2
		S2	
35	DQ16	DQ	Data 16
		16	
36	n/c	PQ1	Data 17 (Parity 2)
		7	
37	DQ18	DQ	Data 18
		18	
38	DQ19	DQ	Data 19
		19	
39	VSS	VSS	Ground
40	/CAS0	CA	Column Address
		S0	Strobe 0
41	/CAS2	CA	Column Address



		S2	Strobe 2
42	/CAS3	CA	Column Address
		S3	Strobe 3
43	/CAS1	CA	Column Address
		S1	Strobe 1
44	/RAS0	RA	Row Address Strobe 0
		S0	
45	/RAS1	RA	Row Address Strobe 1
		S1	
46	A12	A12	Address 12
47	/WE	WE	Read/Write
48	A13	A13	Address 13
49	DQ20	DQ	Data 20
		20	
50	DQ21	DQ	Data 21
		21	
51	DQ22	DQ	Data 22
		22	
52	DQ23	DQ	Data 23
		23	
53	DQ24	DQ	Data 24
		24	
54	DQ25	DQ	Data 25
		25	
55	n/c	PQ2	Data 26 (Parity 3)
		6	
56	DQ27	DQ	Data 27
		27	
57	DQ28	DQ	Data 28
		28	
58	DQ29	DQ	Data 29
		29	
59	DQ31	DQ	Data 31
		31	
60	DQ30	DQ	Data 30
		30	
61	VCC	VC	+5 VDC

		C	
62	DQ32	DQ	Data 32
		32	
63	DQ33	DQ	Data 33
		33	
64	DQ34	DQ	Data 34
		34	
65	n/c	PQ3	Data 35 (Parity 4)
		5	
66	PD2	PD2	Presence Detect 2
67	PD3	PD3	Presence Detect 3
68	PD4	PD4	Presence Detect 4
69	PD5	PD5	Presence Detect 1
70	PD6	PD6	Presence Detect 6
71	PD7	PD7	Presence Detect 7
72	VSS	VSS	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Brown, Jim Burd

Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

JimBurd@aol.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## 144 pin SO DIMM Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 144 pin SO DIMM

SO SIMM=Small Outline Single Inline Memory Module

NEW (At the computer)

144 PIN SO SIMM at the computer.

Pin	Normal	EC	Description
1	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	VSS	VSS	Ground
3	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
4	DQ32	DQ32	Data 32
5	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
6	DQ33	DQ33	Data 33
7	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
8	DQ34	DQ34	Data 34
9	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
10	DQ35	DQ35	Data 35
11	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC
12	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC
13	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
14	DQ36	DQ36	Data 36
15	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
16	DQ37	DQ37	Data 37
17	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
18	DQ38	DQ38	Data 38
19	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7

20	DQ39	DQ3	Data 39
		9	
21	VSS	VSS	Ground
22	VSS	VSS	Ground
23	/	/	Column Address
	CAS0	CAS	Strobe 0
		0	
24	/	/	Column Address
	CAS4	CAS	Strobe 4
		4	
25	/	/	Column Address
	CAS1	CAS	Strobe 1
		1	
26	/	/	Column Address
	CAS5	CAS	Strobe 5
		5	
27	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
28	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
29	A0	A0	Address 0
30	A3	A3	Address 3
31	A1	A1	Address 1
32	A4	A4	Address 4
33	A2	A2	Address 2
34	A5	A5	Address 5
35	VSS	VSS	Ground
36	VSS	VSS	Ground
37	DQ8	DQ8	Data 8
38	DQ40	DQ4	Data 40
		0	
39	DQ9	DQ9	Data 9
40	DQ41	DQ4	Data 41
		1	
41	DQ10	DQ1	Data 10
		0	
42	DQ42	DQ4	Data 42

		2	
43	DQ11	DQ1	Data 11
		1	
44	DQ43	DQ4	Data 43
		3	
45	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
46	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
47	DQ12	DQ1	Data 12
		2	
48	DQ44	DQ4	Data 44
		4	
49	DQ13	DQ1	Data 13
		3	
50	DQ45	DQ4	Data 45
		5	
51	DQ14	DQ1	Data 14
		4	
52	DQ46	DQ4	Data 46
		6	
53	DQ15	DQ1	Data 15
		5	
54	DQ47	DQ4	Data 47
		7	
55	VSS	VSS	Ground
56	VSS	VSS	Ground
57	n/c	CB0	
58	n/c	CB4	
59	n/c	CB1	
60	n/c	CB5	
61	DU	DU	Don't use
62	DU	DU	Don't use
63	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
64	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	

65	DU	DU	Don't use
66	DU	DU	Don't use
67	/WE	/WE	Read/Write
68	n/c	n/c	Not connected
69	/	/	Row Address Strobe 0
	RAS0	RAS	
		0	
70	n/c	n/c	Not connected
71	/	/	Row Address Strobe 1
	RAS1	RAS	
		1	
72	n/c	n/c	Not connected
73	/OE	/OE	
74	n/c	n/c	Not connected
75	VSS	VSS	Ground
76	VSS	VSS	Ground
77	n/c	CB2	
78	n/c	CB6	
79	n/c	CB3	
80	n/c	CB7	
81	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
82	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
83	DQ16	DQ1	Data 16
		6	
84	DQ48	DQ4	Data 48
		8	
85	DQ17	DQ1	Data 17
		7	
86	DQ49	DQ4	Data 49
		9	
87	DQ18	DQ1	Data 18
		8	
88	DQ50	DQ5	Data 50
		0	
89	DQ19	DQ1	Data 19

		9	
90	DQ51	DQ5	Data 51
		1	
91	VSS	VSS	Ground
92	VSS	VSS	Ground
93	DQ20	DQ2	Data 20
		0	
94	DQ52	DQ5	Data 52
		2	
95	DQ21	DQ2	Data 21
		1	
96	DQ53	DQ5	Data 53
		3	
97	DQ22	DQ2	Data 22
		2	
98	DQ54	DQ5	Data 54
		4	
99	DQ23	DQ2	Data 23
		3	
100	DQ55	DQ5	Data 55
		5	
101	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
102	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
103	A6	A6	Adress 6
104	A7	A7	Adress 7
105	A8	A8	Adress 8
106	A11	A11	Adress 11
107	VSS	VSS	Ground
108	VSS	VSS	Ground
109	A9	A9	Adress 9
110	A12	A12	Adress 12
111	A10	A10	Adress 10
112	A13	A13	Adress 13
113	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	



114	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
115	/	/	Column Address
	CAS2	CAS	Strobe 2
		2	
116	/	/	Column Address
	CAS6	CAS	Strobe 6
		6	
117	/	/	Column Address
	CAS3	CAS	Strobe 3
		3	
118	/	/	Column Address
	CAS7	CAS	Strobe 7
		7	
119	VSS	VSS	Ground
120	/VSS	/	Ground
		VSS	
121	DQ24	DQ2	Data 24
		4	
122	DQ56	DQ5	Data 56
		6	
123	DQ25	DQ2	Data 25
		5	
124	DQ57	DQ5	Data 57
		7	
125	DQ26	DQ2	Data 26
		6	
126	DQ58	DQ5	Data 58
		8	
127	DQ27	DQ2	Data 27
		7	
128	DQ59	DQ5	Data 59
		9	
129	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	
130	VCC	VC	+5 VDC
		C	

131 DQ28 DQ2 Data 28  
8  
132 DQ60 DQ6 Data 60  
0  
133 DQ29 DQ2 Data 29  
9  
134 DQ61 DQ6 Data 61  
1  
135 DQ30 DQ3 Data 30  
0  
136 DQ62 DQ6 Data 62  
2  
137 DQ31 DQ3 Data 31  
1  
138 DQ63 DQ6 Data 63  
3  
139 VSS VSS Ground  
140 VSS VSS Ground  
141 SDA SDA  
142 SCL SCL  
143 VCC VC +5 VDC  
C  
144 VCC VC +5 VDC  
C

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Brown*

*Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## 168 pin DRAM DIMM (Unbuffered) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 168 pin DRAM DIMM (Unbuffered)

DIMM=Dual Inline Memory Module

NEW (At the computer)

168 PIN DIMM at the computer.

Front Side (left side 1-42, right side 43-84)

Back Side (left side 85-126, right side 127-168)

#### Front, Left

Pin	Non-Parity?	Parity?	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
1	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	DQ0	DQ0	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
3	DQ1	DQ1	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
4	DQ2	DQ2	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
5	DQ3	DQ3	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
6	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
7	DQ4	DQ4	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
8	DQ5	DQ5	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
9	DQ6	DQ6	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
10	DQ7	DQ7	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7
11	DQ8	DQ8	DQ8	DQ8	Data 8
12	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
13	DQ9	DQ9	DQ9	DQ9	Data 9
14	DQ10	DQ10	DQ10	DQ10	Data 10
15	DQ11	DQ11	DQ11	DQ11	Data 11
16	DQ12	DQ12	DQ12	DQ12	Data 12
17	DQ13	DQ13	DQ13	DQ13	Data 13
18	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
19	DQ14	DQ14	DQ14	DQ14	Data 14
20	DQ15	DQ15	DQ15	DQ15	Data 15

21	n/c	5 CB0	CB0	CB0	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 0
22	n/c	CB1	CB1	CB1	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 1
23	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
24	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB8	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 8
25	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB9	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 9
26	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
27	/WE0	/WE0	/WE0	/WE0	Read/Write Input
28	/CAS0	/CAS0	/CAS0	/CAS0	Column Address Strobe 0
29	/CAS1	/CAS1	/CAS1	/CAS1	Column Address Strobe 1
30	/RAS0	/RAS0	/RAS0	/RAS0	Row Address Strobe 0
31	/OE0	/OE0	/OE0	/OE0	Output Enable
32	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
33	A0	A0	A0	A0	Address 0
34	A2	A2	A2	A2	Address 2
35	A4	A4	A4	A4	Address 4
36	A6	A6	A6	A6	Address 6
37	A8	A8	A8	A8	Address 8
38	A10	A10	A10	A10	Address 10
39	A12	A12	A12	A12	Address 12
40	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
41	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
42	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use

### Front, Right

Pin	Non-Parity?	Parity?	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
-----	-------------	---------	---------	---------	-------------

43	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
44	/OE2	/OE2	/OE2	/OE2	
45	/RAS2	/RAS2	/RAS2	/RAS2	Row Address Strobe 2
		RAS 2			
46	/CAS2	/CAS2	/CAS2	/CAS2	Column Address Strobe 2
		CAS 2			
47	/CAS3	/CAS3	/CAS3	/CAS3	Column Address Strobe 3
		CAS 3			
48	/WE2	/WE2	/WE2	/WE2	Read/Write Input
49	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
50	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB10	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 10
51	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB11	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 11
52	n/c	CB2	CB2	CB2	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 2
53	n/c	CB3	CB3	CB3	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 3
54	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
55	DQ16	DQ16	DQ16	DQ16	Data 16
		6			
56	DQ17	DQ17	DQ17	DQ17	Data 17
		7			
57	DQ18	DQ18	DQ18	DQ18	Data 18
		8			
58	DQ19	DQ19	DQ19	DQ19	Data 19
		9			
59	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
60	DQ20	DQ20	DQ20	DQ20	Data 20
		0			
61	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
62	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
63	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
64	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground

65	DQ21	DQ2 1	DQ21	DQ21	Data 21
66	DQ22	DQ2 2	DQ22	DQ22	Data 22
67	DQ23	DQ2 3	DQ23	DQ23	Data 23
68	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
69	DQ24	DQ2 4	DQ24	DQ24	Data 24
70	DQ25	DQ2 5	DQ25	DQ25	Data 25
71	DQ26	DQ2 6	DQ26	DQ26	Data 26
72	DQ27	DQ2 7	DQ27	DQ27	Data 27
73	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
74	DQ28	DQ2 8	DQ28	DQ28	Data 28
75	DQ29	DQ2 9	DQ29	DQ29	Data 29
76	DQ30	DQ3 0	DQ30	DQ30	Data 30
77	DQ31	DQ3 1	DQ31	DQ31	Data 31
78	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
79	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
80	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
81	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
82	SDA	SDA	SDA	SDA	Serial Data
83	SCL	SCL	SCL	SCL	Serial Clock
84	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC

### Back, Left

Pin	Non-Parity?	Parity?	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
85	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
86	DQ32	DQ3	DQ32	DQ32	Data 32

		2			
87	DQ33	DQ3	DQ33	DQ33	Data 33
		3			
88	DQ34	DQ3	DQ34	DQ34	Data 34
		4			
89	DQ35	DQ3	DQ35	DQ35	Data 35
		5			
90	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
91	DQ36	DQ3	DQ36	DQ36	Data 36
		6			
92	DQ37	DQ3	DQ37	DQ37	Data 37
		7			
93	DQ38	DQ3	DQ38	DQ38	Data 38
		8			
94	DQ39	DQ3	DQ39	DQ39	Data 39
		9			
95	DQ40	DQ4	DQ40	DQ40	Data 40
		0			
96	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
97	DQ41	DQ4	DQ41	DQ41	Data 41
		1			
98	DQ42	DQ4	DQ42	DQ42	Data 42
		2			
99	DQ43	DQ4	DQ43	DQ43	Data 43
		3			
100	DQ44	DQ4	DQ44	DQ44	Data 44
		4			
101	DQ45	DQ4	DQ45	DQ45	Data 45
		5			
102	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
103	DQ46	DQ4	DQ46	DQ46	Data 46
		6			
104	DQ47	DQ4	DQ47	DQ47	Data 47
		7			
105	n/c	CB4	CB4	CB4	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 4
106	n/c	CB5	CB5	CB5	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 5
107	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground

108	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB12	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 12
109	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB13	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 13
110	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
111	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
112	/CAS4	/CAS4	/CAS4	/CAS4	Column Address Strobe 4
		CAS 4			
113	/CAS5	/CAS5	/CAS5	/CAS5	Column Address Strobe 5
		CAS 5			
114	/RAS1	/RAS1	/RAS1	/RAS1	Row Address Strobe 1
		RAS 1			
115	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
116	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
117	A1	A1	A1	A1	Address 1
118	A3	A3	A3	A3	Address 3
119	A5	A5	A5	A5	Address 5
120	A7	A7	A7	A7	Address 7
121	A9	A9	A9	A9	Address 9
122	A11	A11	A11	A11	Address 11
123	A13	A13	A13	A13	Address 13
124	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
125	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
126	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use

### Back, Right

Pin	Non-Parity?	Parity?	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
127	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
128	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
129	/RAS3	/RAS3	/RAS3	/RAS3	Column Address Strobe 3
		RAS 3			
130	/CAS6	/CAS6	/CAS6	/CAS6	Column Address Strobe 6



		CAS 6			
131	/CAS7	/	/CAS7	/CAS7	Column Address Strobe 7
		CAS 7			
132	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
133	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
134	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB14	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 14
135	n/c	n/c	n/c	CB15	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 15
136	n/c	CB6	CB6	CB6	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 6
137	n/c	CB7	CB7	CB7	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 7
138	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
139	DQ48	DQ4	DQ48	DQ48	Data 48
		8			
140	DQ49	DQ4	DQ49	DQ49	Data 49
		9			
141	DQ50	DQ5	DQ50	DQ50	Data 50
		0			
142	DQ51	DQ5	DQ51	DQ51	Data 51
		1			
143	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
144	DQ52	DQ5	DQ52	DQ52	Data 52
		2			
145	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
146	DU	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
147	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
148	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
149	DQ53	DQ5	DQ53	DQ53	Data 53
		3			
150	DQ54	DQ5	DQ54	DQ54	Data 54
		4			
151	DQ55	DQ5	DQ55	DQ55	Data 55
		5			

152	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
153	DQ56	DQ5	DQ56	DQ56	Data 56
		6			
154	DQ57	DQ5	DQ57	DQ57	Data 57
		7			
155	DQ58	DQ5	DQ58	DQ58	Data 58
		8			
156	DQ59	DQ5	DQ59	DQ59	Data 59
		9			
157	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
158	DQ60	DQ6	DQ60	DQ60	Data 60
		0			
159	DQ61	DQ6	DQ61	DQ61	Data 61
		1			
160	DQ62	DQ6	DQ62	DQ62	Data 62
		2			
161	DQ63	DQ6	DQ63	DQ63	Data 63
		3			
162	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
163	CK3	CK3	CK3	CK3	
164	n/c	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
165	SA0	SA0	SA0	SA0	Serial Address 0
166	SA1	SA1	SA1	SA1	Serial Address 1
167	SA2	SA2	SA2	SA2	Serial Address 2
168	VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Mark Brown

Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## 168 pin SDRAM DIMM (Unbuffered) Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# 168 pin SDRAM DIMM (Unbuffered)

DIMM=Dual Inline Memory Module

NEW (At the computer)

168 PIN DIMM at the computer.

Front Side (left side 1-42, right side 43-84)

Back Side (left side 85-126, right side 127-168)

### Front, Left

Pin	Non-Parity	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
1	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
2	DQ0	DQ0	DQ0	Data 0
3	DQ1	DQ1	DQ1	Data 1
4	DQ2	DQ2	DQ2	Data 2
5	DQ3	DQ3	DQ3	Data 3
6	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
7	DQ4	DQ4	DQ4	Data 4
8	DQ5	DQ5	DQ5	Data 5
9	DQ6	DQ6	DQ6	Data 6
10	DQ7	DQ7	DQ7	Data 7
11	DQ8	DQ8	DQ8	Data 8
12	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
13	DQ9	DQ9	DQ9	Data 9
14	DQ10	DQ10	DQ10	Data 10
15	DQ11	DQ11	DQ11	Data 11
16	DQ12	DQ12	DQ12	Data 12
17	DQ13	DQ13	DQ13	Data 13
18	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
19	DQ14	DQ14	DQ14	Data 14
20	DQ15	DQ15	DQ15	Data 15
21	n/c	CB0	CB0	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 0
22	n/c	CB1	CB1	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 01
23	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground

24	n/c	n/c	CB8	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 8
25	n/c	n/c	CB9	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 9
26	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
27	/WE	/WE	/WE	Read/Write
28	DQMB0	DQMB0	DQMB0	Byte Mask signal 0
29	DQMB1	DQMB1	DQMB1	Byte Mask signal 1
30	/S0	/S0	/S0	Chip Select 0
31	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
32	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
33	A0	A0	A0	Address 0
34	A2	A2	A2	Address 2
35	A4	A4	A4	Address 4
36	A6	A6	A6	Address 6
37	A8	A8	A8	Address 8
38	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP	Address 10
39	BA1	BA1	BA1	Bank Address 1
40	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
41	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
42	CK0	CK0	CK0	Clock signal 0

### Front, Right

Pin	Non-Parity	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
43	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
44	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
45	/S2	/S2	/S2	Chip Select 2
46	DQMB2	DQMB2	DQMB2	Byte Mask signal 2
47	DQMB3	DQMB3	DQMB3	Byte Mask signal 3
48	DU	DU	DU	Don't Use
49	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
50	n/c	n/c	CB10	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 10
51	n/c	n/c	CB11	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 11
52	n/c	CB2	CB2	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 2
53	n/c	CB3	CB3	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 3
54	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
55	DQ16	DQ16	DQ16	Data 16
56	DQ17	DQ17	DQ17	Data 17

57	DQ18	DQ18	DQ18	Data 18
58	DQ19	DQ19	DQ19	Data 19
59	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
60	DQ20	DQ20	DQ20	Data 20
61	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
62	Vref,NC	Vref,NC	Vref,NC	
63	CKE1	CKE1	CKE1	Clock Enable Signal 1
64	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
65	DQ21	DQ21	DQ21	Data 21
66	DQ22	DQ22	DQ22	Data 22
67	DQ23	DQ23	DQ23	Data 23
68	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
69	DQ24	DQ24	DQ24	Data 24
70	DQ25	DQ25	DQ25	Data 25
71	DQ26	DQ26	DQ26	Data 26
72	DQ27	DQ27	DQ27	Data 27
73	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
74	DQ28	DQ28	DQ28	Data 28
75	DQ29	DQ29	DQ29	Data 29
76	DQ30	DQ30	DQ30	Data 30
77	DQ31	DQ31	DQ31	Data 31
78	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
79	CK2	CK2	CK2	Clock signal 2
80	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
81	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
82	SDA	SDA	SDA	Serial Data
83	SCL	SCL	SCL	Serial Clock
84	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC

### Back, Left

Pin	Non-Parity	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
85	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
86	DQ32	DQ32	DQ32	Data 32
87	DQ33	DQ33	DQ33	Data 33
88	DQ34	DQ34	DQ34	Data 34
89	DQ35	DQ35	DQ35	Data 35

90	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
91	DQ36	DQ36	DQ36	Data 36
92	DQ37	DQ37	DQ37	Data 37
93	DQ38	DQ38	DQ38	Data 38
94	DQ39	DQ39	DQ39	Data 39
95	DQ40	DQ40	DQ40	Data 40
96	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
97	DQ41	DQ41	DQ41	Data 41
98	DQ42	DQ42	DQ42	Data 42
99	DQ43	DQ43	DQ43	Data 43
100	DQ44	DQ44	DQ44	Data 44
101	DQ45	DQ45	DQ45	Data 45
102	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
103	DQ46	DQ46	DQ46	Data 46
104	DQ47	DQ47	DQ47	Data 47
105	n/c	CB4	CB4	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 4
106	n/c	CB5	CB5	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 5
107	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
108	n/c	n/c	CB12	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 12
109	n/c	n/c	CB13	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 13
110	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
111	/CAS	/CAS	/CAS	Column Address Strobe
112	DQMB4	DQMB4	DQMB4	Byte Mask signal 4
113	DQMB5	DQMB5	DQMB5	Byte Mask signal 5
114	/S1	/S1	/S1	Chip Select 1
115	/RAS	/RAS	/RAS	Row Address Strobe
116	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
117	A1	A1	A1	Address 1
118	A3	A3	A3	Address 3
119	A5	A5	A5	Address 5
120	A7	A7	A7	Address 7
121	A9	A9	A9	Address 9
122	BA0	BA0	BA0	Bank Address 0

123	A11	A11	A11	Address 11
124	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
125	CK1	CK1	CK1	Clock signal 1
126	A12	A12	A12	Address 12

## Back, Right

Pin	Non-Parity	72 ECC?	80 ECC?	Description
127	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
128	CKE0	CKE0	CKE0	Clock Enable Signal 0
129	/S3	/S3	/S3	Chip Select 3
130	DQMB6	DQMB6	DQMB6	Byte Mask signal 6
131	DQMB7	DQMB7	DQMB7	Byte Mask signal 7
132	A13	A13	A13	Address 13
133	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
134	n/c	n/c	CB14	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 14
135	n/c	n/c	CB15	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 15
136	n/c	CB6	CB6	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 6
137	n/c	CB7	CB7	Parity/Check Bit Input/Output 7
138	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
139	DQ48	DQ48	DQ48	Data 48
140	DQ49	DQ49	DQ49	Data 49
141	DQ50	DQ50	DQ50	Data 50
142	DQ51	DQ51	DQ51	Data 51
143	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
144	DQ52	DQ52	DQ52	Data 52
145	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
146	Vref,NC	Vref,NC	Vref,NC	
147	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
148	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
149	DQ53	DQ53	DQ53	Data 53
150	DQ54	DQ54	DQ54	Data 54
151	DQ55	DQ55	DQ55	Data 55

152	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
153	DQ56	DQ56	DQ56	Data 56
154	DQ57	DQ57	DQ57	Data 57
155	DQ58	DQ58	DQ58	Data 58
156	DQ59	DQ59	DQ59	Data 59
157	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC
158	DQ60	DQ60	DQ60	Data 60
159	DQ61	DQ61	DQ61	Data 61
160	DQ62	DQ62	DQ62	Data 62
161	DQ63	DQ63	DQ63	Data 63
162	VSS	VSS	VSS	Ground
163	CK3	CK3	CK3	Clock signal 3
164	n/c	n/c	n/c	Not connected
165	SA0	SA0	SA0	Serial address 0
166	SA1	SA1	SA1	Serial address 1
167	SA2	SA2	SA2	Serial address 2
168	VDD	VDD	VDD	+5 VDC or +3.3 VDC

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Various productsheets at IBM Memory Products

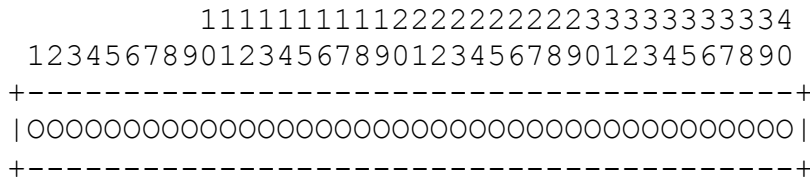
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## CDTV Memory Card Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CDTV Memory Card Port



NEW (At the computer)

40 PIN ??? CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	D0	Data Bus 0
2	D1	Data Bus 1
3	D2	Data Bus 2
4	D3	Data Bus 3
5	D4	Data Bus 4
6	D5	Data Bus 5
7	D6	Data Bus 6
8	D7	Data Bus 7
9	D8	Data Bus 8
10	D9	Data Bus 9
11	D10	Data Bus 10
12	D11	Data Bus 11
13	D12	Data Bus 12
14	D13	Data Bus 13
15	D14	Data Bus 14
16	D15	Data Bus 15
17	A1	Address Bus 1
18	A2	Address Bus 2
19	A3	Address Bus 3
20	A4	Address Bus 4
21	A5	Address Bus 5
22	A6	Address Bus 6
23	A7	Address Bus 7
24	A8	Address Bus 8
25	A9	Address Bus 9
26	A10	Address Bus 10

27	A11	Address Bus 11
28	A12	Address Bus 12
29	A13	Address Bus 13
30	A14	Address Bus 14
31	A15	Address Bus 15
32	A16	Address Bus 16
33	A17	Address Bus 17
34	R/W	Read/Write (High=Read)
35	/	Chip Select Odd Bytes
	CSMC	
	OD	
36	/	Chip Select Even Bytes
	CSMCE	
	N	
37	VCC	+5 Volts DC
38	GND	Ground
39	A18	Address Bus 18 (Short J16 to connect A18 to processor bus)
40	A19	Address Bus 19 (Short J17 to connect A19 to processor bus)

*Note: Address space=\$E00000-\$E7FFFF*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

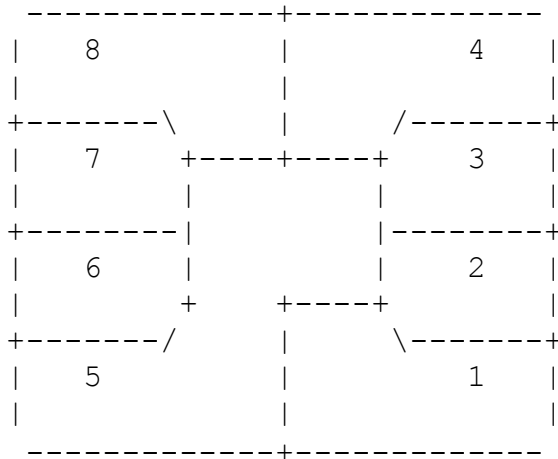
*Source: Darren Ewaniuk's CDTV Technical Information*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## SmartCard AFNOR Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SmartCard AFNOR



NEW (At the card)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.

Pin	Nam	Descripti
	<b>e</b>	<b>on</b>
1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	R/W	Read/ Write
3	CLO CK	Clock
4	RES ET	Reset
5	GND	Ground
6	VPP	+21 VDC
7	I/O	In/Out
8	FUS	Fuse
	E	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Telecard/Smartcard Technical Spec & Info by Stephane Bausson

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.physic.ut.ee/~kalev/smartcar.txt>

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This the e-mail address:

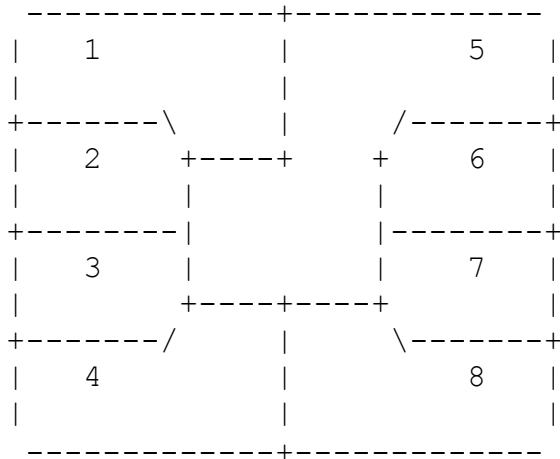
sbausson@ensem.u-nancy.fr

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## SmartCard ISO 7816-2 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SmartCard ISO 7816-2



NEW (At the card)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	RES	Reset
	ET	
3	CLO	Clock
	CK	
4	n/c	Not connected
5	GND	Ground
6	n/c	Not connected
7	I/O	In/Out
8	n/c	Not connected

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

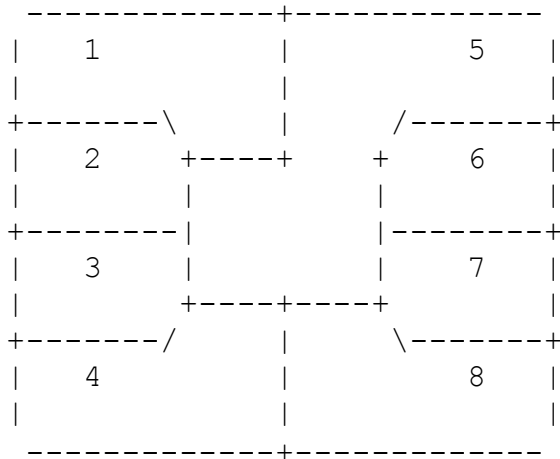
Source: Telecard/Smartcard Technical Spec & Info by Stephane Bausson

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## SmartCard ISO Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SmartCard ISO



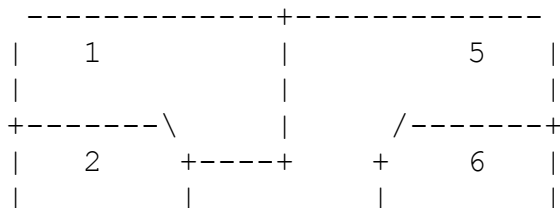
NEW (At the card)

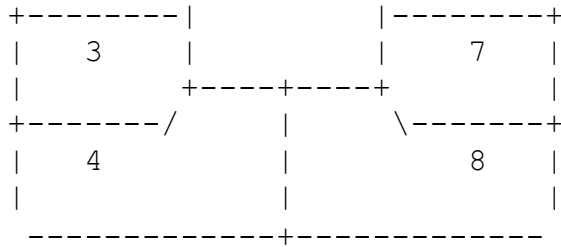
UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the card.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	R/W	Read/ Write
3	CLO CK	Clock
4	RES ET	Reset
5	GND	Ground
6	VPP	+21 VDC
7	I/O	In/Out
8	FUS	Fuse

### SmartCard ISO 7816-2





Pin	Nam e	Descriptio n
1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	RES ET	Reset
3	CLO CK	Clock
4	n/c	Not connected
5	GND	Ground
6	n/c	Not connected
7	I/O	In/Out
8	n/c	Not connected

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Telecard/Smartcard Technical Spec & Info by Stephane Bausson

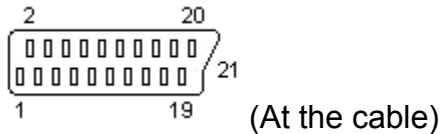
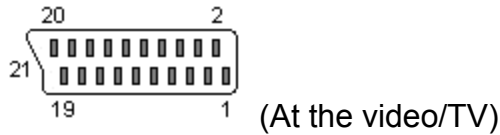
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## SCART Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SCART



21 PIN SCART FEMALE at the Video/TV.

21 PIN SCART MALE at the Cable.

Pin	Name	Description	Signal Level	Impedance
1	AOR	Audio Out Right	0.5 V rms	<1k
2	AIR	Audio In Right	0.5 V rms	>10k
3	AOL	Audio Out Left + Mono	0.5 V rms	<1k
4	AGND	Audio Ground		
5	B GND	RGB Blue Ground		
6	AIL	Audio In Left + Mono	0.5 V rms	>10k
7	B	RGB Blue In	0.7 V	75
8	SWTCH	Audio/RGB switch / 16:9		
9	G GND	RGB Green Ground		
10	CLKOUT	Data 2: Clockpulse Out (Unavailble ??)		
11	G	RGB Green In	0.7 V	75
12	DATA	Data 1: Data Out (Unavailble ??)		
13	R GND	RGB Red Ground		
14	DATAGND	Data Ground		
15	R	RGB Red In / Chrominance	0.7 V (Chrom.: 0.3 V burst)	75
16	BLNK	Blanking Signal	1-3 V=RGB, 0-0.4 V=Composite	75
17	VGND	Composite Video Ground		
18	BLNKGND	Blanking Signal Ground		
		ND		

19	VOUT	Composite Video Out	1 V	75
20	VIN	Composite Video In / Luminance	1 V	75
21	SHIELD	Ground/Shield (Chassis)		

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: Various sources, [Video Demystified at Keith Jack's pages](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.mindspring.com/~kjack1/scart.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## S-Video Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### S-Video



(At the peripheral)

4 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE at the peripheral.

Pin	Na	Description
1	GN D	Ground (Y)
2	GN D	Ground (C)
3	Y	Intensity (Luminance)
4	C	Color (Chrominance)

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Video Demystified at Keith Jack's pages](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.mindspring.com/~kjack1/svideo.html>

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## DIN Audio Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### DIN Audio

NEW (At the peripheral)

NEW (At the cable)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the peripheral.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE at the cable.

Peripheral	Connector	In L	In R	Out L	Out R	Ground
Amplifier	Pickup, tuner	3	5			2
Amplifier	Taperecorder	3	5	1	4	2
Tuner	Amplifier			3	5	2
Tuner	Taperecorder			1	4	2
Recordplayer	Amplifier			3	5	2
Taperecorder	Amplifier	1	4	3	5	2
Taperecorder	Receiver	1	4	3	5	2
Taperecorder	Microphone	1	4			2

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ELFA's catalog Nr 44

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

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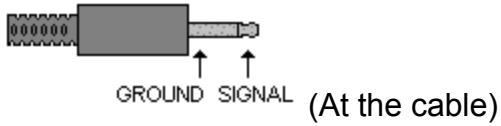
<http://www.elfa.se>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## 3.5 mm Mono Telephone plug

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# 3.5 mm Mono Telephone plug



3.5 mm MONO TELEPHONE MALE at the cable.

Name	Description
------	-------------

SIGNAL	Signal
--------	--------

GROUND	Ground
--------	--------

D

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

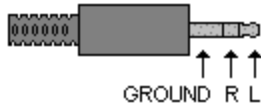
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## 3.5 mm Stereo Telephone plug

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# 3.5 mm Stereo Telephone plug



(At the cable)

3.5 mm STEREO TELEPHONE MALE at the cable.

Name	Descripti
------	-----------

	on
--	----

L	Left Signal
---	----------------

R	Right Signal
---	-----------------

GROUND	Ground
--------	--------

D

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Uwe Hartmann

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

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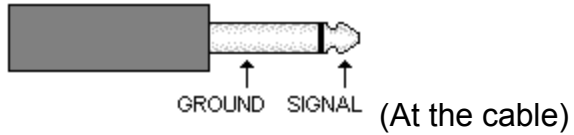
uhartmann@i-stud.htw-zittau.de

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## 6.25 mm Mono Telephone plug

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## 6.25 mm Mono Telephone plug



6.25 mm MONO TELEPHONE MALE at the cable.

**Name**    **Descripti**  
**on**

SIGNAL    Signal

GROUND    Ground

D

*Contributor:* [Joakim Ögren](#)

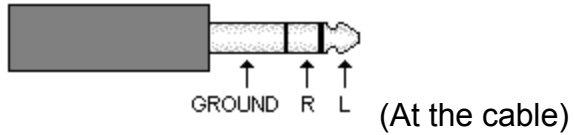
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*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## 6.25 mm Stereo Telephone plug

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# 6.25 mm Stereo Telephone plug



6.25 mm STEREO TELEPHONE MALE at the cable.

Name	Description
L	Left Signal
R	Right Signal
GROUND	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

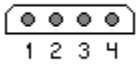
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## 5.25" Power Connector

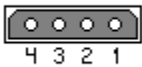
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 5.25" Power

Used for harddisks & 5.25" peripherals.



(At the powersupply cable)



(At the peripheral)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the powersupply cable.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the peripheral.

Pin	Na me	Col or	Description
1	+12 V	Yell ow	+12 VDC
2	GN D	Bla ck	+12 V Ground (Same as +5 V Ground)
3	GN D	Bla ck	+5 V Ground
4	+5V	Red	+5 VDC

Contributors: Joakim Ögren, Eric Sprigg, Sven Gunnar Bilen, Scott Lindenthaler

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

Eric\_Sprigg@compuserve.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

[sbilen@umich.edu](mailto:sbilen@umich.edu)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

[scott@teraflop.com](mailto:scott@teraflop.com)

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## 3.5" Power Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 3.5" Power

Used for floppies.

NEW (At the powersupply cable)

NEW (At the peripheral)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the powersupply cable.

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the peripheral.

Pin	Na	Col	Description
1	+5V	Red	+5 VDC
2	GN	Bla	+5 V Ground
	D	ck	
3	GN	Bla	+12 V Ground (Same as +5 V
	D	ck	Ground)
4	+12	Yell	+12 VDC
	V	ow	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

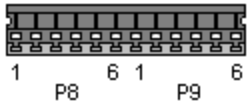
Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Motherboard Power Connector



## Motherboard Power



(At the Computer)

**NEW** (At the Powersupply cables)

2x MOLEX 15-48-0106 CONNECTOR at the Computer.

2x MOLEX 90331-0001 CONNECTOR at the Powersupply cables.

### P8

Pin	Name	Color	Description
1	PG	Orange	Power Good, +5 VDC when all voltages has stabilized.
2	+5V	Red	+5 VDC (or n/c)
3	+12V	Yellow	+12 VDC
4	-12V	Blue	-12 VDC
5	GN	Black	Ground
6	GN	Black	Ground

### P9

Pin	Name	Color	Description
1	GN	Black	Ground

2	GN D	Black	Ground
3	-5V	White or Yellow	-5 VDC
4	+5V	Red	+5 VDC
5	+5V	Red	+5 VDC
6	+5V	Red	+5 VDC

*Note: Pins part number is 08-50-0276, Product specification is PS-90331.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Bill Shepherd*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

contrav@usaor.net

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Turbo LED Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Turbo LED

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Na	Descripti
	me	on

1	+5V	+5 VDC
2	/HS	HighSpee d
3	+5V	+5 VDC

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## AT Backup Battery Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### AT Backup Battery

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	BAT T+	Battery+
2	key	Key
3	GN D	Ground
4	GN D	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## AT LED/Keylock Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### AT LED/Keylock

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Na	Descripti
	me	on
1	LED	LED Power
2	GN	Ground
	D	
3	GN	Ground
	D	
4	KS	Key Switch
5	GN	Ground
	D	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## PC Speaker Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC Speaker

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

#### Pin Na Description

Pin	Na	Description
	me	
1	-SP	-Speaker
2	key	Key
3	GN	Ground
	D	
4	+SP	+Speaker +5
	5V	VDC

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Motherboard IrDA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Motherboard IrDA

For motherboards with a IrDA compliant Infrared Module connector.

1 2 3 4 5

. . . . .

5 PIN IDC MALE at the motherboard.

Pin	Na	Description
1	+5v	Power
2	n/c	Not connected
3	IRR	IR Module data
	X	received
4	GN	System GND
	D	
5	IRT	IR Module data
	X	transmit

Contributor: [Rob Gill](#)

Source: *ASUS motherboard manual*

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Motherboard CPU Cooling fan Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Motherboard CPU Cooling fan

1 2 3

. . .

3 PIN IDC MALE at the motherboard

### Pin Na

	me
1	GN D
2	+12 V
3	GN D

Contributor: [Rob Gill](#)

Source: *ASUS Motherboard Manual*

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Ethernet 10/100Base-T Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Ethernet 10/100Base-T

Same connector and pinout for both 10Base-T and 100Base-TX.

NEW (At the network interface cards/hubs)

NEW (At the cables)

RJ45 FEMALE CONNECTOR at the network interface cards/hubs.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR at the cables.

### Pin Name Description

Pin	Name	Description
1	TX+	Transceive Data+
2	TX-	Transceive Data-
3	RX+	Receive Data+
4	n/c	Not connected
5	n/c	Not connected
6	RX-	Receive Data-
7	n/c	Not connected
8	n/c	Not connected

*Note: TX & RX are swapped on Hub's.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Jeffrey R. Broido](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[broidoj@gti.net](mailto:broidoj@gti.net)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Ethernet 100Base-T4 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Ethernet 100Base-T4

100Base-T4 uses all four pairs. 100Base-TX only uses two pairs.

NEW (At the network interface cards/hubs)

NEW (At the cables)

RJ45 FEMALE CONNECTOR at the network interface cards/hubs.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR at the cables.

### Pin Name Description

1	TX_D	Trancieve
	1+	Data+
2	TX_D	Trancieve Data-
	1-	
3	RX_D	Receive Data+
	2+	
4	BI_D	Bi-directional
	3+	Data+
5	BI_D	Bi-directional
	3-	Data-
6	RX_D	Receive Data-
	2-	
7	BI_D	Bi-directional
	4+	Data+
8	BI_D	Bi-directional
	4-	Data-

*Note: TX & RX are swapped on Hub's. Don't know about Bi-directional data.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Kim Scholte](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

KScholte@BigFoot.Com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## AUI Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# AUI

Is the directions right???

NEW (At the Ethernet card)

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE at the Ethernet card.

### Pin Description

- 1 control in circuit  
shield
- 2 control in circuit A
- 3 data out circuit A
- 4 data in circuit shield
- 5 data in circuit A
- 6 voltage common
- 7 ?
- 8 control out circuit  
shield
- 9 control in circuit B
- 10 data out circuit B
- 11 data out circuit  
shield
- 12 data in circuit B
- 13 voltage plus
- 14 voltage shield
- 15 ?

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Atari 2600 Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari 2600 Cartridge

					Top							
D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	A12	A10	A11	A9	A8	+5V	SGND	
--1-	--2-	--3-	--4-	--5-	--6-	--7-	--8-	--9-	-10-	-11-	-12-	
GND	D2	D1	D0	A0	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	
					Bottom							

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.  
Connect a 2716 or 2732/2532 EPROM.

#### Top Row

Pin	2716 Pin	CPU Name	Description
1	13	D3	Data 3
2	14	D4	Data 4
3	15	D5	Data 5
4	16	D6	Data 6
5	17	D7	Data 7
6	*	A12	Address 12
7	19	A10	Address 10
8	n/c	A11	Address 11
9	22	A9	Address 9
10	23	A8	Address 8
11	24	+5V	+5 VDC
12	12	SGND	Shield Ground

\* to inverter and back to 18 for chip select

#### Bottom Row

Pin	2716 Pin	CPU Name	Description
1	1	A7	Address 7
2	2	A6	Address 6
3	3	A5	Address 5
4	4	A4	Address 4



5	5	A3	Address 3
6	6	A2	Address 2
7	7	A1	Address 1
8	8	A0	Address 0
9	9	D0	Data 0
10	10	D1	Data 1
11	11	D2	Data 2
12	n/c	GND	Ground

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Atari 5200 Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari 5200 Cartridge

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.

#### Pin Name

1	D0
2	D1
3	D2
4	D3
5	D4
6	D5
7	D6
8	D7
9	Enable 80-8F
10	Enable 40-7F
11	Not Connected
12	Ground
13	Ground
14	Ground (System Clock 02 on 2 port)
15	A6
16	A5
17	A2
18	Interlock
19	A0
20	A1
21	A3
22	A4
23	Ground
24	Ground (Video In on 2 port)
25	Ground
26	+5 VDC
27	A7
28	Not Connected
29	A8

30 Audio In (2 port)

31 A9

32 A13

33 A10

34 A12

35 A11

36 Interlock

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Atari 5200 Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari 5200 Expansion

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.

### Pin Name

1	+5 VDC
2	Audio Out (2 port)
3	Ground
4	R/W Early
5	Enable E0-EF
6	D6
7	D4
8	D2
9	D0
10	IRQ
11	Ground
12	Serial Data In
13	Serial In Clock
14	Serial Out Clock
15	Serial Data Out
16	Audio In
17	A14
18	System Clock 01
19	A11
20	A7
21	A6
22	A5
23	A4
24	A3
25	A2
26	A1
27	A0

- 28 Ground
- 29 D1
- 30 D3
- 31 D5
- 32 D7
- 33 Not connected
- 34 Ground
- 35 Not connected
- 36 +5 VDC

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Atari 7800 Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari 7800 Cartridge

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.

Pin	Name	Description
1	R/W	Read/Write
2	HALT	Halt
3	D3	Data 3
4	D4	Data 4
5	D5	Data 5
6	D6	Data 6
7	D7	Data 7
8	A12	Address 12
9	A10	Address 10
10	A11	Address 11
11	A9	Address 9
12	A8	Address 8
13	+5V	+5 VDC
14	GND	Ground
15	A13	Address 13
16	A14	Address 14
17	A15	Address 15
18	EAU DIO	EAudio ? ??
19	A7	Address 7
20	A6	Address 6
21	A5	Address 5

22	A4	Address 4
23	A3	Address 3
24	A2	Address 2
25	A1	Address 1
26	A0	Address 0
27	D0	Data 0
28	D1	Data 1
29	D2	Data 2
30	Gnd	Gnd
31	IRQ	Interrupt
32	CLK2	Clock
	2	???

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Atari 7800 Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Atari 7800 Expansion

Gnd +5v CVideo MLum0 Mlum3 Blank OscDis ExtMen Gnd  
--1-- --2-- --3-- --4-- --5-- --6-- --7-- ---8-- --9--

-18-- -17-- -16-- -15-- -14-- -13-- -12-- --11-- -10--  
Gnd Audio Rdy MCol MLum2 MLum1 Msync Clk2 ExtOsc

NEW (At the Atari)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Atari.

#### Pin Name Description

1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	+5 VDC
3	CVID EO	Input to RF modulator (Video+Audio)
4	MLUM 0	Maria Luminance Bit 0
5	MLUM 3	Maria Luminance Bit 3
6	BLAN K	Blanking output
7	OSCD IS	Disable 14.31818 MHz Master Clock
8	EXTM EN	External Maria Enable Input
9	GND	Ground
10	EXTO SC	External clock to replace Master Clock
11	CLK2	Phase 2 Clock from the 6502
12	MSYN C	Maria Composite Sync
13	MLUM 1	Maria Luminance Bit 1
14	MLUM 2	Maria Luminance Bit 2
15	MCOL	Maria Color Phase Angle



16 RDY Input to the 6502

17 AUDI Audio

O

18 GND Ground

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Classic Atari 2600/5200/7800 Game Systems FAQ](#), Pinout by Harry Dodgson*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Atari Cartridge Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Atari Cartridge Port

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Devices)

40 PIN EDGE ?? at the Computer.

40 PIN EDGE ?? at the Devices.

### Pin Name Description

1	+5V	+5 VDC
2	+5V	+5 VDC
3	D14	Data 14
4	D15	Data 15
5	D12	Data 12
6	D13	Data 13
7	D10	Data 10
8	D11	Data 11
9	D8	Data 8
10	D9	Data 9
11	D6	Data 6
12	D7	Data 7
13	D4	Data 4
14	D5	Data 5
15	D2	Data 2
16	D3	Data 3
17	D0	Data 0
18	D1	Data 1
19	A13	Address 13
20	A15	Address 15
21	A8	Address 8
22	A14	Address 14
23	A7	Address 7
24	A9	Address 9
25	A6	Address 6
26	A10	Address 10

27	A5	Address 5
28	A12	Address 12
29	A11	Address 11
30	A4	Address 4
31	RS3	ROM Select 3
32	A3	Address 3
33	RS4	ROM Select 4
34	A2	Address 2
35	UDS	Upper Data Strobe
36	A1	Address 1
37	LDS	Lower Data Strobe
38	GN D	Ground
39	GN D	Ground
40	GN D	Ground

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Lawrence Wright, Steve & Sally Blair*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## GameBoy Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### GameBoy Cartridge

Available on the Nintendo GameBoy.

NEW (At the GameBoy)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the GameBoy.

#### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	VCC	+5 VDC
2	?	? Connected on Gameboy, but not used on GamePaks.
3	/	Reset
	RES	
	ET	
4	/WR	Write
5	?	? Used by paging PAL on high capacity GamePaks.
6	A0	Address 0
7	A1	Address 1
8	A2	Address 2
9	A3	Address 3
10	A4	Address 4
11	A5	Address 5
12	A6	Address 6
13	A7	Address 7
14	A8	Address 8
15	A9	Address 9
16	A10	Address 10
17	A11	Address 11
18	A12	Address 12
19	A13	Address 13
20	A14	Address 14
21	/CS	Chip Select
22	D0	Data 0
23	D1	Data 1
24	D2	Data 2

25	D3	Data 3
26	D4	Data 4
27	D5	Data 5
28	D6	Data 6
29	D7	Data 7
30	/RD	Read
31	?	? Connected on Gameboy, but not used on Game-Paks.
32	GND	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Nintendo GameBoy FAQ, Pinout by Peter Knight & Josef Mollers

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This is the URL for the WWW page:

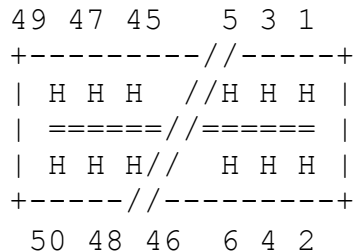
<http://www.freeflight.com/fms/stuff/gameboy.faq>

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## MSX Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MSX Expansion



NEW (At the Computer)

50 PIN ?? at the Computer.

#### Pin Name Di Description

Pin	Name	Di	Description
		<b>r</b>	
1	/CS1	NEW	Memory Read in addresses 4000-7FFF
2	/CS2	NEW	Memory Read in addresses 8000-BFFF
3	/CS12	NEW	Memory Read in addresses 4000-BFFF
4	/SLTSL	NEW	Low when Slot 2 (cartridge slot) is selected
5	n/c	-	Not connected.
6	/RFSH	NEW	Refresh signal from CPU
7	/WAIT	NEW	OC, Tells CPU to wait. Refresh signal is not maintained
8	/INT	NEW	OC, Requests a interrupt to CPU (call to addr 38h)
9	/M1	NEW	CPU fetches first part of intruction from memory.
10	/	NEW	NC, was used to control the data direction.
	BUSDI		
	R		
11	/IORQ	NEW	I/O request signal. (Address=Port)
12	/	NEW	Memory request signal. (Address=Address)
	MREQ		
13	/WR	NEW	Write signal (strobe)
14	/RD	NEW	Read signal (strobe)
15	/	NEW	Reset
	RESE		
	T		
16	n/c	-	Not connected.

17	A0	NEW	Address 0
18	A1	NEW	Address 1
19	A2	NEW	Address 2
20	A3	NEW	Address 3
21	A4	NEW	Address 4
22	A5	NEW	Address 5
23	A6	NEW	Address 6
24	A7	NEW	Address 7
25	A8	NEW	Address 8
26	A9	NEW	Address 9
27	A10	NEW	Address 10
28	A11	NEW	Address 11
29	A12	NEW	Address 12
30	A13	NEW	Address 13
31	A14	NEW	Address 14
32	A15	NEW	Address 15
33	D0	NEW	Data 0
34	D1	NEW	Data 1
35	D2	NEW	Data 2
36	D3	NEW	Data 3
37	D4	NEW	Data 4
38	D5	NEW	Data 5
39	D6	NEW	Data 6
40	D7	NEW	Data 7
41	GND	NEW	Ground
42	CLOC	NEW	CPU clock, 3.579 MHz
	K		
43	GND	NEW	Ground
44	SW1	-	NC, Insert/remove detection for protection
45	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC (300mA max /slot)
46	SW2	-	NC, Insert/remove detection for protection
47	+5V	NEW	+5 VDC (300mA max /slot)
48	+12V	NEW	+12 VDC (50mA max /slot)
49	SOUN	NEW	Sound input (-5dBm)
	DIN		
50	-12V	NEW	-12 VDC (50mA max /slot)

*Note: Direction is Computer relative Peripheral.*



*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Mayer's SV738 X'press I/O map*

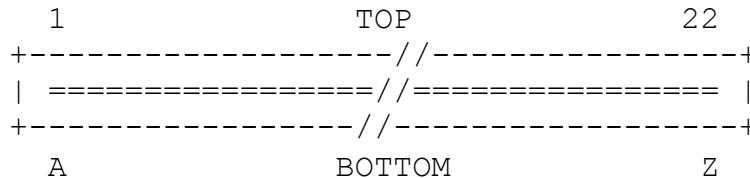
*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Vic 20 Memory Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Vic 20 Memory Expansion

Available on Commodore Vic 20 computers. On the left side.



NEW (At the Computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Computer.

### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
A	GND	Ground
B	CA0	Address 0
C	CA1	Address 1
D	CA2	Address 2
E	CA3	Address 3
F	CA4	Address 4
H	CA5	Address 5
J	CA6	Address 6
K	CA7	Address 7
L	CA8	Address 8
M	CA9	Address 9
N	CA10	Address 10
P	CA11	Address 11
R	CA12	Address 12
S	CA13	Address 13
T	I/O 2	Decoded I/O block 2, starting at \$9130
U	I/O 3	Decoded I/O block 3, starting at \$9140
V	S02	Phase 2 System Clock
W	/NMI	Non maskable Interrupt
X	/	6502 Reset
	RES	

	ET	
Y	n/c	Not connected
Z	GND	Ground
1	GND	Ground
2	CD0	Data 0
3	CD1	Data 1
4	CD2	Data 2
5	CD3	Data 3
6	CD4	Data 4
7	CD5	Data 5
8	CD6	Data 6
9	CD7	Data 7
10	/BLK 1	BLK 1 (Memory location \$2000 - \$3fff)
11	/BLK 2	BLK 2 (Memory location \$4000 - \$5fff)
12	/BLK 3	BLK 3 (Memory location \$6000 - \$7fff)
13	/BLK 5	BLK 5 (Memory location \$a000 - \$bfff)
14	RAM 1	RAM 1 (Memory location \$0400 - \$07ff)
15	RAM 2	RAM 2 (Memory location \$0800 - \$0bff)
16	RAM 3	RAM 3 (Memory location \$0c00 - \$0fff)
17	V R/W	Read/Write from Vic chip (1=R, 0=W)
18	C R/W	Read/Write from CPU (1=R, 0=W)
19	/IRQ	6502 Interrupt Request
20	n/c	Not connected
21	+5V	+5 VDC
22	GND	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Sources: Inside your Vic 20 by Ward Shrake

Sources: "The Vic Revealed" by Nick Hampshire, 1982, Hayden Book Co, Inc.

Sources: "Vic20 Programmer's Reference Guide", 1992, Commodore Business Machines, Inc. and

*Howard W. Sams & Company, Inc.*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://ccnga.uwaterloo.ca/pub/cbm/vic-20/cartgrab.txt>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This the e-mail address:

wardshrake@aol.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## C64 Cartridge Expansion Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# C64 Cartridge Expansion

NEW (At the computer)

44 PIN FEMALE EDGE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	+5 Volts DC
3	+5V	+5 Volts DC
4	/IRQ	Interrupt Request
5	/CR/W	
6	DOTC	Dot Clock
	LK	
7	I/O 1	
8	/	Game
	GAME	
9	/	
	EXRO	
	M	
10	I/O 2	
11	/	ROM Low
	ROML	
12	BA	
13	/DMA	
14	CD7	Cartridge Data 7
15	CD6	Cartridge Data 7
16	CD5	Cartridge Data 7
17	CD4	Cartridge Data 7
18	CD3	Cartridge Data 7
19	CD2	Cartridge Data 7
20	CD1	Cartridge Data 7
21	CD0	Cartridge Data 7
22	GND	Ground
A	GND	Ground
B	/	ROM High

	ROM	
	H	
C	/	Reset
	RESE	
	T	
D	/NMI	Non Maskable Interrupt
E	S02	
F	CA15	Cartridge Address 15
H	CA14	Cartridge Address 14
J	CA13	Cartridge Address 13
K	CA12	Cartridge Address 12
L	CA11	Cartridge Address 11
M	CA10	Cartridge Address 10
N	CA9	Cartridge Address 9
P	CA8	Cartridge Address 8
R	CA7	Cartridge Address 7
S	CA6	Cartridge Address 6
T	CA5	Cartridge Address 5
U	CA4	Cartridge Address 4
V	CA3	Cartridge Address 3
W	CA2	Cartridge Address 2
X	CA1	Cartridge Address



Y	CA0	1 Cartridge Address
Z	GND	0 Ground

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman*

*Source: Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## C64 User Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C64 User Port

NEW (At the computer)

24 PIN MALE EDGE (DZM 12 DREH) at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	+5 VDC (100 mA max)
3	/ RESE T	Reset
4	CNT1	Counter 1
5	SP1	Serial Port 1
6	CNT2	Counter 2
7	SP2	Serial Port 2
8	/PC2	
9	ATN	Serial Attention In
10	+9V AC	+9 VAC (100 mA max)
11	+9V AC	+9 VAC (100 mA max)
12	GND	Ground
A	GND	Ground
B	/ FLAG 2	Flag 2
C	PB0	Data 0
D	PB1	Data 1
E	PB2	Data 2
F	PB3	Data 3
H	PB4	Data 4
J	PB5	Data 5
K	PB6	Data 6
L	PB7	Data 7

M PA2 PA2  
N GND Ground

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Nikolas Engström, Arwin Vosselman*

*Source: Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

[nikolas.engstrom@pop.landskrona.se](mailto:nikolas.engstrom@pop.landskrona.se)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## C128 Expansion Bus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C128 Expansion Bus

Available at the Commodore 128.

NEW (At the computer)

44 PIN FEMALE EDGE at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	System Ground
2	+5V	System Vcc
3	+5V	System Vcc
4	/IRQ	Interrupt request
5	R/W	System Read/Write Signal
6	DClock	8.18MHz Video Dot Clock
7	I/O1	I/O Chip select \$de00-deff
8	/GAM	Sensed for memory map configuration
9	/EXR	Sensed for memory map configuration
10	I/O2	I/O Chip select \$df00-dfff
11	/ROM	External ROM select \$8000-Bfff
12	BA	Bus available output
13	/DMA	Direct memory access input
14	D7	Data bit 7
15	D6	Data bit 6
16	D5	Data bit 5
17	D4	Data bit 4
18	D3	Data bit 3
19	D2	Data bit 2
20	D1	Data bit 1
21	D0	Data bit 0
22	GND	System Ground

A	GND	System Ground
B	/	External ROM Select \$c000-ffff
	ROM	
	H	
C	/	System Reset Signal
	RESE	
	T	
D	/NMI	Non-Maskable Interrupt
E	1MHz	System 1MHz clock
F	TA15	Translated address bit 15
H	TA14	Translated address bit 14
J	TA13	Translated address bit 13
K	TA12	Translated address bit 12
L	TA11	Translated address bit 11
M	TA10	Translated address bit 10
N	TA9	Translated address bit 9
P	TA8	Translated address bit 8
R	SA7	Shared address bit 7
S	SA6	Shared address bit 6
T	SA5	Shared address bit 5
U	SA4	Shared address bit 4
V	SA3	Shared address bit 3
W	SA2	Shared address bit 2
X	SA1	Shared address bit 1
Y	SA0	Shared address bit 0
Z	GND	System Ground

Contributor: Rob Gill

Source: *Commodore 128 Programmers reference guide.*

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## C16/+4 Expansion Bus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### C16/C116/+4 Expansion Bus

Available on Commodore C16, C116 and +4 computers.

NEW (At the Computer)

50 PIN FEMALE EDGE (2 mm pitch) at the Computer.

#### Pin Nam Description

Pin	Nam	Description
	<b>e</b>	
1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	+5 VDC
3	+5V	+5 VDC
4	/IRQ	Interrupt
5	R/W	Read/Write (1=Read, 0=Write)
6	C1HI	External Cartridge Chip Selects C1 High
	GH	
7	C2LO	External Cartridge Chip Selects C2 Low
	W	(reserved)
8	C2HI	External Cartridge Chip Selects C2 High
	GH	(reserved)
9	/CS1	Chip Select Line 1
10	/CS0	Chip Select Line 0
11	/CAS	Column Address Strobe
12	MUX	DRAM address multiplex control signal
13	BA	Bus Availble (Low=DMA)
14	D7	Data 7
15	D6	Data 6
16	D5	Data 5
17	D4	Data 4
18	D3	Data 3
19	D2	Data 2
20	D1	Data 1
21	D0	Data 0
22	AEC	Address Enable Code
23	EAI	External Audio In
24	PHI 2	Artificial Phi 2 signal
25	GND	Ground

A	GND	Ground
B	C1LO	External Cartridge Chip Selects C1 Low
	W	
C	/	Reset
	RES	
	ET	
D	/RAS	Row Address Strobe
E	PHI 0	Artificial Phi 0 Signal
F	A15	Address 15
H	A14	Address 14
J	A13	Address 13
K	A12	Address 12
L	A11	Address 11
M	A10	Address 10
N	A9	Address 9
P	A8	Address 8
R	A7	Address 7
S	A6	Address 6
T	A5	Address 5
U	A4	Address 4
V	A3	Address 3
W	A2	Address 2
X	A1	Address 1
Y	A0	Address 0
Z	n/c	Not connected
AA	n/c	Not connected
BB	n/c	Not connected
CC	GND	Ground

PHI 2: Address valid on the rising edge, data valid on the falling edge

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Arwin Vosselman](#)*

*Sources: Usenet posting in [comp.sys.cbm](#), [Pinout specs for cbm machines needed by Lonnie McClure](#)*

*Sources: [SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16](#).*

*Sources: Article in [C'T](#) September 1986.*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



This the e-mail address:

Imcclure@delphi.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## +4 User Port Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### +4 User Port

Available on Commodore +4 computer.

NEW (At the Computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the Computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	+5 VDC
3	/	?
	BRES	
	ET	
4	P2/ CSE	Data 2/Cassette Sense
5	P3	Data 3
6	P4	Data 4
7	P5	Data 5
8	RxC	Receive Clock
9	ATN	Attention?
10	+9V	+9 VAC
11	+9V	+9 VAC
12	GND	Ground
A	GND	Ground
B	P0	Data 0
C	RxD	Receive Data
D	RTS	Request to Send
E	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
F	P7	Data 7
G	DCD	Data Carrier Detect
H	P6	Data 6
I	CTS	Clear to Send
J	DSR	Data Set Ready
K	TxD	Transmit Data
L	GND	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Arwin Vosselman

Sources: *Usenet posting in comp.sys.cbm, Pinout specs for cbm machines needed by Lonnie McClure*  
Sources: *SAMS Computerfacts CC8 Commodore 16.*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## CDTV Diagnostic Slot Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CDTV Diagnostic Slot

NEW (At the computer)

80 PIN ??? CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	GND	Ground
3	VCC	+5 VDC
4	VCC	+5 VDC
5	/	Configout AutoConfig signal (not connected)
	CFGOUT	
	UT	
6	/	Configin AutoConfig signal (grounded)
	CFGIN	
7	GND	Ground
8	CCKQ	3.58 MHz CCKQ clock (C3)
9	CDAC	7.16 MHz CDAC clock (90° before system clock)
10	CCK	3.58 MHz CCK clock (C1)
11	/OVR	Override (Disables /DTACK generation of Gary)
12	XRDY	External Ready (Generates wait states while low).
13	/INT2	Level 2 Interrupt
14	n/c	not connected
15	A5	Address Bus 5
16	/INT6	Level 6 Interrupt
17	A6	Address Bus 6
18	A4	Address Bus 4
19	GND	Ground
20	A3	Address Bus 3
21	A2	Address Bus 2
22	A7	Address Bus 7
23	A1	Address Bus 1
24	A8	Address Bus 8
25	/FC0	Processor Function Code Status (bit 0)
26	A9	Address Bus 9

27	/FC1	Processor Function Code Status (bit 1)
28	A10	Address Bus 10
29	/FC2	Processor Function Code Status (bit 2)
30	A11	Address Bus 11
31	GND	Ground
32	A12	Address Bus 12
33	A13	Address Bus 13
34	/IPL0	Interrupt Priority Level (bit 0)
35	A14	Address Bus 14
36	/IPL1	Interrupt Priority Level (bit 1)
37	A15	Address Bus 15
38	/IPL2	Interrupt Priority Level (bit 2)
39	A16	Address Bus 16
40	/BERR	Bus Error
41	A17	Address Bus 17
42	/VPA	Valid Peripheral Address (asserted by Gary)
43	GND	Ground
44	E	E Clock
45	/VMA	Valid Memory Address (asserted by Gary)
46	A18	Address Bus 18
47	/RST	Reset
48	A19	Address Bus 19
49	/HLT	Halt
50	A20	Address Bus 20
51	A22	Address Bus 22
52	A21	Address Bus 21
53	A23	Address Bus 23
54	/BR	Bus Request
55	GND	Ground
56	/	Bus Grant Acknowledge
	BGAC	
	K	
57	D15	Data Bus 15
58	/BG	Bus Grant
59	D14	Data Bus 14
60	/	Data Transfer Acknowledge (normally asserted
	DTAC	by Gary)

	K	
61	D13	Data Bus 13
62	R/W	Read/Write (high=read, low=write)
63	D12	Data Bus 12
64	/LDS	Lower Data Strobe
65	D11	Data Bus 11
66	/UDS	Upper Data Strobe
67	GND	Ground
68	/AS	Address Strobe
69	D0	Data Bus 0
70	D10	Data Bus 10
71	D1	Data Bus 1
72	D9	Data Bus 9
73	D2	Data Bus 2
74	D8	Data Bus 8
75	D3	Data Bus 3
76	D7	Data Bus 7
77	D4	Data Bus 4
78	D6	Data Bus 6
79	GND	Ground
80	D5	Data Bus 5

*Note: Pin 7-80 is equivalent with the Amiga 500's pin 13-86 at the 86 pin Amiga 500 connector.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Darren Ewaniuk's CDTV Technical Information*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## CDTV Expansion Slot Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### CDTV Expansion Slot

```
  2  4  6  8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30
---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---
---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---
  1  3  5  7  9 11 13 15 17 19 21 24 25 27 29
```

NEW (At the computer)

30 PIN ??? CONNECTOR at the computer.

#### Pin Name Description

1	GND	Ground
2	GND	Ground
3	VCC	+5 VDC
4	VCC	+5 VDC
5	SD1	Data Bus 1
6	SD0	Data Bus 0
7	SD3	Data Bus 3
8	SD2	Data Bus 2
9	SD5	Data Bus 5
10	SD4	Data Bus 4
11	SD7	Data Bus 7
12	SD6	Data Bus 6
13	/	DMA Request
	SDRE	
	Q	
14	/INTX	Interrupt Request
15	/CSS	Chip Select
16	/	DMA Acknowledge
	SDAC	
	K	
17	/IOR	I/O Read
18	/IOW	I/O Write
19	A8	Address Bus 8
20	7M	7.16 MHz System Clock
21	A6	Address Bus 6

22	A7	Address Bus 7
23	A4	Address Bus 4
24	A5	Address Bus 5
25	A2	Address Bus 2
26	A3	Address Bus 3
27	/	+5 VDC
	IFRS	
	T	
28	A1	Address Bus 1
29	GND	Ground
30	GND	Ground

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Darren Ewaniuk's CDTV Technical Information*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## PC-Engine Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC-Engine Cartridge

Available on the PC Engine.

NEW (At the PC Engine)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the PC Engine.

Pin	Name	Description
1	?	
2	?	
3	A18	Address 18
	?	
4	A16	Address 16
5	A15	Address 15
6	A12	Address 12
7	A7	Address 7
8	A6	Address 6
9	A5	Address 5
10	A4	Address 4
11	A3	Address 3
12	A2	Address 2
13	A1	Address 1
14	A0	Address 0
15	D0	Data 0
16	D1	Data 1
17	D2	Data 2
18	GN	Ground
	D	
19	D3	Data 3
20	D4	Data 4
21	D5	Data 5
22	D6	Data 6
23	D7	Data 7
24	/CE	Chip Select
25	A10	Address 10

26	/OE	Output Enable
27	A11	Address 11
28	A9	Address 9
29	A8	Address 8
30	A13	Address 13
31	A14	Address 14
32	A17	Address 17
33	A19	Address 19
	?	
34	R/W	Read/Write
35	?	
36	?	
37	?	
38	+5V	+5 VDC

*Pin 1 is the short pin on the left (if the card is to inserted forwards)  
Pin 38 is the long pin on the right.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Video Games FAQ (Part 3), Pinout by David Shadoff*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

daves@interlog.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## SNES Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### SNES Cartridge

Available on the Nintendo SNES.

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 32 33 34 35 | 36 37 38 39 40 //53 55 56 57 58 | 59 60 61 62 |
| 01 02 03 04 | 05 06 07 08 09// 22 24 25 26 27 | 28 29 30 31 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

NEW (At the SNES)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the SNES.

Pin	Name	Description
1		
2		
3		
4		
5	GND	Ground
6	A11	Address 11
7	A10	Address 10
8	A9	Address 9
9	A8	Address 8
10	A7	Address 7
11	A6	Address 6
12	A5	Address 5
13	A4	Address 4
14	A3	Address 3
15	A2	Address 2
16	A1	Address 1
17	A0	Address 0
18	/IRQ	Interrupt
19	D0	Data 0
20	D1	Data 1
21	D2	Data 2
22	D3	Data 3
23	/READ	Read
24	CIC	?

25	CIC	?
26	/RAM ENABLE	RAM Enable
27	VCC	+5 VDC
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34		
35		
36	GND	Ground
37	A12	Address 12
38	A13	Address 13
39	A14	Address 14
40	A15	Address 15
41	A16	Address 16
42	A17	Address 17
43	A18	Address 18
44	A19	Address 19
45	A20	Address 20
46	A21	Address 21
47	A22	Address 22
48	A23	Address 23
49	/ROM ENABLE	ROM Enable
50	D4	Data 4
51	D5	Data 5
52	D6	Data 6
53	D7	Data 7
54	/WRITE	Write
55	CIC	?
56	CIC	?
57	n/c	Not connected
58	VCC	+5 VDC

59

60

61

62

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Video Games FAQ (Part 3), Pinout by Thomas Rolfes*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

rolfes@uni-muenster.de

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## TG-16 Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### TG-16 Cartridge

Available on the TG-16.

NEW (At the TG-16)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the TG-16.

Pin	Name	Description
1	?	
2	?	
3	A18	Address 18
	?	
4	A16	Address 16
5	A15	Address 15
6	A12	Address 12
7	A7	Address 7
8	A6	Address 6
9	A5	Address 5
10	A4	Address 4
11	A3	Address 3
12	A2	Address 2
13	A1	Address 1
14	A0	Address 0
15	D7	Data 7
16	D6	Data 6
17	D5	Data 5
18	GN	Ground
	D	
19	D4	Data 4
20	D3	Data 3
21	D2	Data 2
22	D1	Data 1
23	D0	Data 0
24	/CE	Chip Select
25	A10	Address 10



26	/OE	Output Enable
27	A11	Address 11
28	A9	Address 9
29	A8	Address 8
30	A13	Address 13
31	A14	Address 14
32	A17	Address 17
33	A19	Address 19
	?	
34	R/W	Read/Write
35	?	
36	?	
37	?	
38	+5V	+5 VDC

*Pin 1 is the short pin on the left (if the card is to inserted forwards)  
Pin 38 is the long pin on the right.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Video Games FAQ (Part 3), Pinout by David Shadoff*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## ZX Spectrum AY-3-8912 Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# ZX Spectrum AY-3-8912

Can be found at Sinclair ZX Spectrum's, I think

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

### Pin Name Description

1	SOUND	Sound C (Can be tied together with A & B) C
2	PORT	?
3	VCC	+5 VDC
4	SOUND	Sound B (Can be tied together with A & C) B
5	SOUND	Sound A (Can be tied together with B & C) A
6	GND	Ground
7	PORT	?
8	PORT	?
9	PORT	?
10	PORT	?
11	PORT	?
12	PORT	?
13	PORT	?
14	CLOCK	?
15	CLOCK	?
16	RESET	Reset
17	A8	Address 8?
18	BDIR	?
19	BC2	?
20	BC1	?
21	D7	Data 7
22	D6	Data 6
23	D5	Data 5
24	D4	Data 4
25	D3	Data 3
26	D2	Data 2

27 D1 Data 1  
28 D0 Data 0

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ZX Spectrum FAQ*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://users.ox.ac.uk/~uzdm0006/Damien/specocy/pinouts.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## ZX Spectrum ULA Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ZX Spectrum ULA

Can be found at Sinclair ZX Spectrum's, I think

NEW (At the computer)

UNKNOWN CONNECTOR at the computer.

Pin	Name	Description
-----	------	-------------

1		
2	/WR	Write
3	/RD	Read
4	/WE	Write Enable
5	A0	Address 0
6	A1	Address 1
7	A2	Address 2
8	A3	Address 3
9	A4	Address 4
10	A5	Address 5
11	A6	Address 6
12	/INT	Interrupt
13	+5V	+5 VDC (One of the +5V is decoupled through a RC-low-pass.)
14	+5V	+5 VDC (One of the +5V is decoupled through a RC-low-pass.)
15	U	Color-difference signals.
16	V	Color-difference signals.
17	/Y	Inverted Video+Sync.
18	D0	Data 0
19	T0	Keyboard Data 0
20	T1	Keyboard Data 1
21	D1	Data 1
22	D2	Data 2
23	T2	Keyboard Data 2
24	T3	Keyboard Data 3
25	D3	Data 3
26	T4	Keyboard Data 4
27	D4	Data 4

- 28 SOUN Analog-I/O-line for beep, save and load.  
D
- 29 D5 Data 5
- 30 D6 Data 6
- 31 D7 Data 7
- 32 CLOC The clock-source to the CPU including the inhibited T-  
K states.
- 33 /IO- (A0(CPU) OR /IORQ) for the I/O-port FEh  
ULA
- 34 /ROM ROM ChipSelect  
CS
- 35 /RAS Row Address Strobe
- 36 A14 Address 14
- 37 A15 Address 15
- 38 /MREQ ???
- 39 Q The 14 MHz crystal. Other side grounded through  
capacitor.

40

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [ZX Spectrum FAQ](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Spectravideo SVI318/328 Expansion Bus Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Spectravideo SVI318/328 Expansion Bus

NEW (At the computer)

50 PIN MALE EDGE the computer.

Pin	Name	Di	Description
1	+5v	NEW	Power, 300mA
2	/	NEW	Game adaptor control signal
	CNTRL		
	2		
3	+12v	NEW	Power, 100mA
4	-12v	NEW	Power, 50mA
5	/	NEW	Game adaptor control signal
	CNTRL		
	1		
6	/WAIT	NEW	Z80 WAIT
7	/RST	NEW	Z80 RST
8	CPU	NEW	Buffered 3.58MHz system clock
	CLK		
9	A15	NEW	Buffered Address bus
10	A14	NEW	"
11	A13	NEW	"
12	A12	NEW	"
13	A11	NEW	"
14	A10	NEW	"
15	A9	NEW	"
16	A8	NEW	"
17	A7	NEW	"
18	A6	NEW	"
19	A5	NEW	"
20	A4	NEW	"
21	A3	NEW	"
22	A2	NEW	"
23	A1	NEW	"
24	A0	NEW	"

25	/RFSH	NEW	RAM expansion refresh
26	/	NEW	Video-CPU write select
	EXCSR		
27	/M1	NEW	Z80 M1
28	/	NEW	CPU-Video write select
	EXCS		
	W		
29	/WR	NEW	Z80 WR
30	/MREQ	NEW	Z80 MREQ
31	/IORQ	NEW	Z80 IORQ
32	/RD	NEW	Z80 RD
33	D0	I/	Buffered Data Bus
		O	
34	D1	I/	"
		O	
35	D2	I/	"
		O	
36	D3	I/	"
		O	
37	D4	I/	"
		O	
38	D5	I/	"
		O	
39	D6	I/	"
		O	
40	D7	I/	"
		O	
41	CSOU	NEW	Audio input signal
	ND		
42	/INT	NEW	Z80 INT
43	/	NEW	Disable user RAM
	RAMDI		
	S		
44	/	NEW	Disable basic ROM
	ROMDI		
	S		
45	/BK32	NEW	Enable bank 32 Memory (8000-



- fff)
- 46 /BK31 NEW Enable bank 31 Memory (0000-7FFF)
  - 47 /BK22 NEW Enable bank 22 Memory (8000-FFFF)
  - 48 /BK21 NEW Enable bank 21 Memory (0000-7FFF)
  - 49 GND - System Ground
  - 50 GND - System Ground

Contributer: Rob Gill

Source: *SVI 328 Mk II User Manual*

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Spectravideo SVI318/328 Game Cartridge Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Spectravideo SVI318/328 Game Cartridge

NEW (At the computer)

30 PIN FEMALE EDGE at the computer.

Pin	Name
1	+5v
2	+5v
3	A7
4	A12
5	A6
6	A13
7	A5
8	A8
9	A4
10	A9
11	A3
12	A11
13	A10
14	A2
15	A0
16	A1
17	D0
18	D7
19	D1
20	D6
21	D2
22	D5
23	D3
24	D4
25	CCS
	3
26	CCS
	4
27	CCS

1  
28 CCS  
2  
29 GN  
D  
30 GN  
D

*Contributer: Rob Gill*

*Source: SVI 328 mk II user manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## MIDI Out Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MIDI Out

MIDI=Musical Instrument Digital Interface.

NEW (At the peripheral)

NEW (At the cable)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the peripheral.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE at the cable.

#### Pin Na Description

	me	
1	n/c	Not connected
2	GN	Ground
	D	
3	n/c	Not connected
4	CSI	Current Sink
	NK	
5	CSR	Current Source
	C	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## MIDI In Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MIDI In

MIDI=Musical Instrument Digital Interface.

NEW (At the peripheral)

NEW (At the cable)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE at the peripheral.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE at the cable.

#### Pin Na Description

	me	
1	n/c	Not connected
2	n/c	Not connected
3	n/c	Not connected
4	CSR C	Current Source
5	CSI NK	Current Sink

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Minuteman UPS Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Minuteman UPS

Is the directions right???

NEW (At the UPS)

9 PIN D-SUB ??? at the UPS.

### Pin Description

- 1 Unused
- 2 Battery power
- 3 Unused
- 4 Common (same as 7)
- 5 Low battery
- 6 RS-232 level shutdown
- 7 Common (same as 4)
- 8 Ground level shutdown (A500 and above, reserved on >A500)
- 9 Reserved

Pins 2 and 5 are connected to Common when they are true.

On pin 6, an rs-232 high level (>9V) will shutdown, when running off the battery.

On pin 8, shorting to ground will shutdown.

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)*

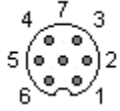
*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## C64 Power Supply Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# C64 Power Supply

Available at the Commodore 64.



(At the computer)

7 PIN DIN 'O' FEMALE at the computer.

### Pin Name

- 1 Shield  
Ground
- 2 Shield  
Ground
- 3 Shield  
Ground
- 4 nc
- 5 +5v In
- 6 9Vac in
- 7 9Vac in

Contributor: [Rob Gill](#)

Source: *Commodore 64 Programmers Reference Guide*

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Amstrad CPC6128 Stereo Connector

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amstrad CPC6128 Stereo

NEW (At the computer)

NEW (At the cable)

3.5 mm STEREO TELEPHONE FEMALE at the computer.

3.5 mm STEREO TELEPHONE MALE at the cable.

### Pin Description

Pin	Description
L	Left Channel
R	Right Channel
GN	Ground
D	

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Agnello Guarracino*

*Source: Amstrad CPC6128 User Instructions Manual*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## Connector Top 10 Menu

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

This is not exactly 10 entries, but the most common connectors. If you don't find what you're searching for here, look at the [full list](#).

What does the the information that is listed for each connector mean? See the [tutorial](#).

### Buses:

- [ISA - \(Technical\)](#)
- [EISA - \(Technical\)](#)
- [PCI - \(Technical\)](#)
- [VESA LocalBus \(VLB\) - \(Technical\)](#)

### In/Out:

- [Serial \(PC 9\)](#)
- [Serial \(PC 25\)](#)
- [Parallel \(PC\)](#)
- [Centronics Printer](#)

### Video:

- [VGA \(15\)](#)
- [VGA \(9\)](#)
- [Amiga Video](#)

### Joystick/Mouse:

- [Gameport \(PC\)](#)
- [Mouse/Joy \(Amiga\)](#)

### Diskdrive:

- [Internal Diskdrive](#)

### Keyboard:

- [Keyboard \(5 PC\)](#)
- [Keyboard \(6 PC\)](#)

### Data storage interfaces:

- [SCSI Internal](#)
- [SCSI External Centronics 50](#)
- [SCSI External \(Amiga/Mac\)](#)
- [IDE Internal](#)
- [ATA Internal](#)

### Memories:

- [SIMM 30-pin](#)

- SIMM 72-pin

## **Home audio/video:**

- SCART

## **Networking:**

- Ethernet 10Base-T

Last updated 1997-08-31.

(C) Joakim Ögren 1996,1997

## Cable Menu



What does the the information that is listed for each connector mean? See the [tutorial](#).

### Nullmodem:

- [Nullmodem \(9p to 9p\)](#)
- [Nullmodem \(9p to 25p\)](#)
- [Nullmodem \(25p to 25p\)](#)
- [Mac to C64 Nullmodem](#)

### Modem:

- [Modem \(9p to 25p\)](#)
- [Modem \(25p to 25p\)](#)
- [Two-Wire Modem \(9p to 25p\)](#)
- [Two-Wire Modem \(25p to 25p\)](#)
- [Macintosh Modem \(With DTR\)](#)
- [Macintosh Modem \(Without DTR\)](#)
- [RocketPort Serial \(25\) Cable](#) **NEW**

### Printer:

- [Centronics Printercable](#) **NEW**
- [Serial Printer \(9p to 25p\)](#)
- [Serial Printer \(25p to 25p\)](#)
- [C64 Centronics Printer](#)

### Parallel:

- [LapLink/InterLink Parallel](#) **NEW**
- [ParNet Parallel](#)
- [64NET](#)
- [GEOCable](#)

### Misc Serial:

- [Cisco Console \(9p\)](#) **NEW**
- [Cisco Console \(25p\)](#) **NEW**
- [Conrad Electronics MM3610D \(9p\)](#) **NEW**
- [Conrad Electronics MM3610D \(25p\)](#) **NEW**
- [Mac to HP48](#)

### Loopback plugs:

- [Parallel Port Loopback \(Norton\)](#)
- [Parallel Port Loopback \(CheckIt\)](#)
- [Serial Port Loopback \(9p Norton\)](#)

- [Serial Port Loopback \(25p Norton\)](#)
- [Serial Port Loopback \(9p CheckIt\)](#)
- [Serial Port Loopback \(25p CheckIt\)](#)

## Data storage:

- [Floppy cable](#)
- [IDE cable](#)
- [SCSI cable \(Amiga/Mac\)](#)
- [SCSI Cable \(D-Sub to Hi D-Sub\)](#)
- [ST506/412 cable](#)
- [ESDI cable](#)
- [Paravision SX1 to IDE](#) **NEW**

## TV/Video/Monitor:

- [Video to TV SCART cable](#)
- [Amiga to SCART cable](#)
- [9 to 15 pin VGA cable](#)
- [Amiga to C1084 Monitor cable](#)
- [C128/C64C to CBM 1902A Monitor cable](#)
- [C128/C64C to SCART \(S-Video\) cable](#)
- [NeoGeo to SCART cable](#) **NEW**

## Networking:

- [Ethernet 10/100Base-T Crossover cable](#) **NEW**
- [Ethernet 10/100Base-T Straight Thru cable](#) **NEW**
- [Ethernet 100Base-T4 Crossover cable](#) **NEW**

## Misc:

- [ParaLoad cable](#)
- [X1541 cable](#)
- [MIDI cable](#)
- [Misc unsupported cables](#)

Last updated 1997-08-31.

(C) [Joakim Ögren](#) 1996,1997

# Cable Tutorial



## Short tutorial

### Heading

First at each page there a short heading describing the cable.

### Pictures of the connectors

After that there is at each page there is one or more pictures of the connectors. Sometimes there is some question marks only. This means that I don't know what kind of connector it is or how it looks.

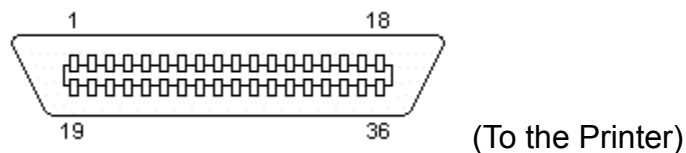
**NEW** (To the computer)

There may be some pictures I haven't drawn yet. I illustrate this with the following advanced picture:

**NEW** (To the computer)

Normally are one or more pictures. **These are seen from the front, and NOT the soldside. Holes (female connectors usually) are darkened.** Look at the example below. The first is a female connector and the send a male. The texts insde parentheses will tell you at which kind of the device it will look like that.

**NEW** (To the Computer)



### Texts describing the connectors

Below the pictures there is texts that describes the connectors. Including the name of the physical connector.

- 25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer
- 36 PIN CENTRONICS MALE to the Printer.

### Pin table

The pin table is perhaps the information you're looking for. Should be simple to read. Contains mostly the following three columns; Name, Pin 1, Pin 2. Sometimes when not the same pin is connected to each side there is another column describing the name at connector 2.

**25-      36-**

	<b>DSub</b>	<b>Cen</b>
Strobe	1	1
Data Bit 0	2	2
Data Bit 1	3	3
Data Bit 2	4	4
Data Bit 3	5	5
Data Bit 4	6	6
Data Bit 5	7	7
Data Bit 6	8	8
Data Bit 7	9	9
...	...	...

## **Contributor & Source**

All persons that helped me or sent me information about the connector will be listed here. The source of the information is perhaps a book or another site. I must admit that I'm bad at writing the source, but I'll try to fill in these in the future.

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

## Nullmodem (9-9) Cable



## Nullmodem (9-9) Cable

Use this cable between two DTE devices (for instance two computers).

**NEW** (To Computer 1).

**NEW** (To Computer 2).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 1.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 2.

	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
Receive Data	2	3	Transmit Data
Transmit Data	3	2	Receive Data
Data Terminal Ready	4	6+1	Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect
System Ground	5	5	System Ground
Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect	6+1	4	Data Terminal Ready
Request to Send	7	8	Clear to Send
Clear to Send	8	7	Request to Send

*Note: DSR & CD are jumpered to fool the programs to think that their online.*

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Drew Sullivan, Niklas Edmundsson

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

drew@ss.org

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.



## Nullmodem (9-25) Cable



## Nullmodem (9-25) Cable

Use this cable between two DTE devices (for instance two computers).

**NEW** (To Computer 1).

**NEW** (To Computer 2).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 1.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 2.

	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	
Receive Data	2	2	Transmit Data
Transmit Data	3	3	Receive Data
Data Terminal Ready	4	6+8	Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect
System Ground	5	7	System Ground
Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect	6+1	20	Data Terminal Ready
Request to Send	7	5	Clear to Send
Clear to Send	8	4	Request to Send

*Note: DSR & CD are jumpered to fool the programs to think that their online.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Drew Sullivan, Niklas Edmundsson*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Nullmodem (25-25) Cable



## Nullmodem (25-25) Cable

Use this cable between two DTE devices (for instance two computers).

**NEW** (To Computer 1).

**NEW** (To Computer 2).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 1.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer 2.

	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
Receive Data	3	2	Transmit Data
Transmit Data	2	3	Receive Data
Data Terminal Ready	20	6+8	Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect
System Ground	7	7	System Ground
Data Set Ready + Carrier Detect	6+8	20	Data Terminal Ready
Request to Send	4	5	Clear to Send
Clear to Send	5	4	Request to Send

*Note: DSR & CD are jumpered to fool the programs to think that their online.*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Drew Sullivan](#), [Niklas Edmundsson](#)*

*Source: ?*

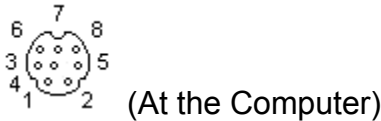
*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Mac to C64 Nullmodem Cable



## Mac to C64 Nullmodem Cable

The RS-232 standard on the C64 is a little bit strange. It uses inverted TTL level for the signals. The RS-422 ports on the Macintosh has both an inverted and non-inverted input. By using the inverted instead of non-inverted the inverted C64 level is back to normal.



**NEW** (To the C64).

8 PIN MINI-DIN MALE to the Macintosh.

DZM 12 DREH to the C64 UserPort.

	Mac	C64	
GND+RX	4+5	1+12+A	GND
D-		+N	
RXD+	8	M	TXD (PA2)
TXD+	6	B+C	RXD (FLAG2+PB0)
		D+E	RTS+DTR (PB1+PB2)

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Pierre Olivier](#)

Source: Usenet posting in [comp.sys.cbm](#), [A very simple C64 to Macintosh serial cable](#) by [Chris Baird](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

[http://stekt.oulu.fi/~jopi/electronics/cbm/C64\\_to\\_mac](http://stekt.oulu.fi/~jopi/electronics/cbm/C64_to_mac)

Open this address in your WWW browser.

This the e-mail address:

c8923075@cs.newcastle.edu.au

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Modem (9-25) Cable



## Modem (9-25) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections with hardware handshaking.

**NEW** (To Computer).

**NEW** (To Modem).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

	<b>Fema le</b>	<b>Ma le</b>	<b>Di r</b>
Shield		1	<b>NEW</b>
Transmit Data	3	2	<b>NEW</b>
Receive Data	2	3	<b>NEW</b>
Request to Send	7	4	<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send	8	5	<b>NEW</b>
Data Set Ready	6	6	<b>NEW</b>
System Ground	5	7	<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect	1	8	<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready	4	20	<b>NEW</b>
Ring Indicator	9	22	<b>NEW</b>

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Søren Graversen*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

This the e-mail address:

graver@post1.tele.dk

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Modem (25-25) Cable



## Modem (25-25) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections with hardware handshaking.

**NEW** (To Computer).

**NEW** (To Modem).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

	<b>Fema le</b>	<b>Ma le</b>	<b>Di r</b>
Shield Ground	1	1	<b>NEW</b>
Transmit Data	2	2	<b>NEW</b>
Receive Data	3	3	<b>NEW</b>
Request to Send	4	4	<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send	5	5	<b>NEW</b>
Data Set Ready	6	6	<b>NEW</b>
System Ground	7	7	<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect	8	8	<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready	20	20	<b>NEW</b>
Ring Indicator	22	22	<b>NEW</b>

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Søren Graversen*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*



## Two-Wire Modem (9-25) Cable



## Two-Wire Modem (9-25) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections without hardware handshaking.

**NEW** (To Computer).

**NEW** (To Modem).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

	<b>Fema le</b>	<b>Ma le</b>	<b>Di r</b>
Shield Ground		1	
Transmit Data	3	2	<b>NEW</b>
Receive Data	2	3	<b>NEW</b>
System Ground	5	7	

### Jumper these:

Request to Send	7		<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send	8		<b>NEW</b>

Data Set Ready	6		<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect	1		<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready	4		<b>NEW</b>

Request to Send		4	<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send		5	<b>NEW</b>

Data Set Ready		6	<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect		8	<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready		20	<b>NEW</b>

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Two-Wire Modem (25-25) Cable



## Two-Wire Modem (25-25) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections without hardware handshaking.

**NEW** (To Computer).

**NEW** (To Modem).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

	<b>Fema le</b>	<b>Ma le</b>	<b>Di r</b>
Shield Ground	1	1	
Transmit Data	2	2	<b>NEW</b>
Receive Data	3	3	<b>NEW</b>
System Ground	7	7	

### Jumper these:

Request to Send	4		<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send	5		<b>NEW</b>

Data Set Ready	6		<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect	8		<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready	20		<b>NEW</b>

Request to Send		4	<b>NEW</b>
Clear to Send		5	<b>NEW</b>

Data Set Ready		6	<b>NEW</b>
Carrier Detect		8	<b>NEW</b>
Data Terminal Ready		20	<b>NEW</b>

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

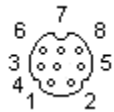
Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Macintosh Modem (With DTR) Cable



## Macintosh Modem (With DTR) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections with DTR.



(At the Computer)

**NEW** (To the Modem).

8 PIN MINI-DIN MALE to the Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

### Ma Di Mode

**c r m**

HSK <sub>o</sub>	1	<b>NEW</b> 4+20	RTS+D TR
HSK <sub>i</sub>	2	<b>NEW</b> 5	CTS
TxD-	3	<b>NEW</b> 2	TxD
RxD-	5	<b>NEW</b> 3	RxD
GND+Rx	4+	- 7	GND
D+	8		
GPi	5	<b>NEW</b> 8	DCD

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Pierre Olivier

Source: comp.sys.mac.comm FAQ Part 1

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Macintosh Modem (Without DTR) Cable

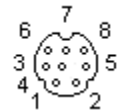
NEW



NEW

## Macintosh Modem (Without DTR) Cable

This cable should be used for DTE to DCE (for instance computer to modem) connections without DTR.



(At the Computer)

NEW (To the Modem).

8 PIN MINI-DIN MALE to the Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Modem

	<b>Mac</b>	<b>Dir</b>	<b>Mode</b>	
			<b>m</b>	
HSK <sub>o</sub>	1	NEW	4	RTS
HSK <sub>i</sub>	2	NEW	5	CTS
TxD-	3	NEW	2	TxD
RxD-	5	NEW	3	RxD
GND+Rx	4+8	-	7	GND
D+			6+20	DSR+D
				TR

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Pierre Olivier

Source: comp.sys.mac.comm FAQ Part 1

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## RocketPort Serial (25) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# RocketPort Serial (25) Cable

Use this cable to connect a RocketPort serialport card to a modem.

NEW (To the RocketPort card)

NEW (To the modem).

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to the RocketPort card.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the modem

<b>Description</b>	<b>RJ4</b>	<b>D-</b>	<b>Di</b>
	<b>5</b>	<b>Sub</b>	<b>r</b>
Request To Send	1	4	NEW
Data Terminal Ready	2	20	NEW
Ground	3	7	NEW
Transceive Data	3	2	NEW
Receive Data	6	3	NEW
Data Carrier Detect	6	8	NEW
Data Set Ready	7	6	NEW
Clear To Send	8	5	NEW

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Karl Asha](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Printer Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Printer Cable

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the Printer)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer

36 PIN CENTRONICS MALE to the Printer.

	<b>25- DSub</b>	<b>36-Cen</b>
Strobe	1	1
Data Bit 0	2	2
Data Bit 1	3	3
Data Bit 2	4	4
Data Bit 3	5	5
Data Bit 4	6	6
Data Bit 5	7	7
Data Bit 6	8	8
Data Bit 7	9	9
Acknowledg e	10	10
Busy	11	11
Paper Out	12	12
Select	13	13
Autofeed	14	14
Error	15	32
Reset	16	31
Select	17	36
Signal	18	33
Ground		
Signal	19	19,20
Ground		
Signal	20	21,22
Ground		
Signal	21	23,24
Ground		



Signal	22	25,26
Ground		
Signal	23	27
Ground		
Signal	24	28,29
Ground		
Signal	25	30,16
Ground		
Shield	Shield	Shield+
		17

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Serial Printer (9-25) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial Printer (9-25) Cable

Use this cable between two a computer (DTE) and a printer (DTE) devices.

NEW (To Computer).

NEW (To Printer).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Printer.

	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
Receive Data	3	3	Transmit Data
Transmit Data	2	2	Receive Data
Clear To Send + Data Set Ready	8 + 6	20	Data Terminal Ready
Carrier Detect + Data Terminal Ready	1 + 4		
Ground	5	7	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Serial Printer (25-25) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial Printer (25-25) Cable

Use this cable between two a computer (DTE) and a printer (DTE) devices.

NEW (To Computer).

NEW (To Printer).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Printer.

	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
Receive Data	2	3	Transmit Data
Transmit Data	3	2	Receive Data
Clear To Send + Data Set Ready	5 + 6	20	Data Terminal Ready
Carrier Detect + Data Terminal Ready	8 + 20		
Ground	7	7	Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## C64 Centronics Printer Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# C64 Centronics Printer Cable

Requires a cartridge with Centronics support (TFCIII or ActionReplay.)

NEW (To the C64).

NEW (To the Printer)

DZM 12 DREH to the C64 UserPort.

36 PIN CENTRONICS MALE to the Printer.

<b>C64</b>		<b>Di Printe</b>	
		<b>r</b>	<b>r</b>
GND	1,12, A,N	NEW 19- 30,33	Ground
FLAG	B	NEW 10	Acknowledg e
2			
PB0	C	NEW 2	Data 0
PB1	D	NEW 3	Data 1
PB2	E	NEW 4	Data 2
PB3	F	NEW 5	Data 3
PB4	H	NEW 6	Data 4
PB5	J	NEW 7	Data 5
PB6	K	NEW 8	Data 6
PB7	L	NEW 9	Data 7
PA2	M	NEW 1	Strobe
GND	3	NEW 31	Initialize Printer

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: CBM Memorial Page Pinouts, pinout by Roy Kannady

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

kannady@pogo.den.mmc.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## LapLink/InterLink Parallel Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# LapLink/InterLink Parallel Cable

Will work with:

- LapLink from Travelling Software
- MS-DOS v6.0 InterLink from Microsoft
- Windows 95 Direct Cable connection from Microsoft
- Norton Commander v4.0 & v5.0 from Symantec

NEW (To Computer 1).

NEW (To Computer 2).

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer 1.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer 2.

Name	Pi	Pi	Name
	n	n	
Data Bit 0	2	1	Error
		5	
Data Bit 1	3	1	Select
		3	
Data Bit 2	4	1	Paper Out
		2	
Data Bit 3	5	1	Acknowled
		0	ge
Data Bit 4	6	1	Busy
		1	
Acknowledg	1	5	Data Bit 3
e	0		
Busy	1	6	Data Bit 4
	1		
Paper Out	1	4	Data Bit 2
	2		
Select	1	3	Data Bit 1
	3		
Error	1	2	Data Bit 0
	5		
Reset	1	1	Reset

	6	6	
Select	1	1	Select
	7	7	
Signal	2	2	Signal
Ground	5	5	Ground

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## ParNet Parallel Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# ParNet Parallel Cable

NEW (To Computer 1).

NEW (To Computer 2).

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer 1.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer 2.

Name	Pin	Pin	Name
Data Bit 0	2	2	Data Bit 0
Data Bit 1	3	3	Data Bit 1
Data Bit 2	4	4	Data Bit 2
Data Bit 3	5	5	Data Bit 3
Data Bit 4	6	6	Data Bit 4
Data Bit 5	7	7	Data Bit 5
Data Bit 6	8	8	Data Bit 6
Data Bit 7	9	9	Data Bit 7
Acknowledge +	10+	10+	Acknowledge +
Select	13	13	Select
Busy	11	11	Busy
Paper Out	12	12	Paper Out
Signal Ground	17-	17-	Signal Ground
	25	25	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## 64NET Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### 64NET Cable

NEW (To C64).

NEW (To PC).

DZM 12 DREH to the C64 UserPort.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the PC

	<b>C6</b>	<b>Di</b>	<b>P</b>	
	<b>4</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>C</b>	
GN	A	NEW	2	GN
D			5	D
PB0	C	NEW	1	/
			0	AC
				K
PB1	D	NEW	1	BU
			1	SY
PB2	E	NEW	1	PE
			2	
PB3	F	NEW	5	D3
PB4	H	NEW	6	D4
PB5	J	NEW	7	D5
PB6	K	NEW	8	D6
PB7	L	NEW	9	D7

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: 64NET v1.82.58 documentation by Paul Gardner-Stephen

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

[gardners@ist.flinders.edu.au](mailto:gardners@ist.flinders.edu.au)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## GEOCable Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# GEOCable Cable

NEW (To the C64).

NEW (To the Printer)

DZM 12 DREH to the C64 UserPort.

36 PIN CENTRONICS MALE at the Printer.

### C6 Print

	<b>4</b>	<b>er</b>	
Groun	A	33	Grou
d			nd
Flag 2	B	11	Busy
PB0	C	2	Data
			1
PB1	D	3	Data
			2
PB2	E	4	Data
			3
PB3	F	5	Data
			4
PB4	H	6	Data
			5
PB5	J	7	Data
			6
PB6	K	8	Data
			7
PB7	L	9	Data
			8
PA2	M	1	Stro
			be
Groun	N	16	Grou
d			nd

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: comp.sys.cbm General FAQ v3.1 Part 7

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Cisco Console (9) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Cisco Console (9) Cable

Use this cable to configure a Cisco router thru the Console port at the router.

NEW (To Computer).

NEW (To the Cisco router)

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to the Cisco router.

	<b>Fema</b>	<b>Mal</b>	<b>Di</b>
	<b>le</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>r</b>
Receive Data	2	3	NEW
Transmit Data	3	6	NEW
Data Terminal Ready	4	7	NEW
Ground (use as shield)	5		NEW
Data Set Ready	6	2	NEW
Request to Send	7	8	NEW
Clear to Send	8	1	NEW

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Damien Miller

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Cisco Console (25) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Cisco Console (25) Cable

Use this cable to configure a Cisco router thru the Console port at the router.

NEW (To Computer).

NEW (To the Cisco router)

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to the Cisco router.

	<b>Fema</b>	<b>Mal</b>	<b>Di</b>
	<b>le</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>r</b>
Shield Ground	1		NEW
Transmit Data	2	6	NEW
Receive Data	3	3	NEW
Request to Send	4	8	NEW
Clear to Send	5	1	NEW
Data Set Ready	6	2	NEW
Data Terminal	20	7	NEW

Ready

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Damien Miller

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Conrad Electronics MM3610D (9) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Conrad Electronics MM3610D Cable

Use this cable to connect a Conrad Electronics Multimeter 3610D to a PC:s serialport.

NEW (To PC).

NEW (To multimeter).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to PC.

5 PIN UNKNOWN CONNECTOR to the multimeter

	<b>P</b>	<b>Conr</b>	<b>Di</b>
	<b>C</b>	<b>ad</b>	<b>r</b>
Request To Send	7	1	NEW
Receive Data	2	2	NEW
Transmit Data	3	3	NEW
Data Terminal	4	4	NEW
Ready			
Ground	5	5	NEW

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Anselm Belz

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Conrad Electronics MM3610D (25) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Conrad Electronics MM3610D Cable

Use this cable to connect a Conrad Electronics Multimeter 3610D to a PC:s serialport.

NEW (To PC).

NEW (To multimeter).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to PC.

5 PIN UNKNOWN CONNECTOR to the multimeter

	<b>P</b>	<b>Conr</b>	<b>Di</b>
	<b>C</b>	<b>ad</b>	<b>r</b>
Request To Send	4	1	NEW
Receive Data	3	2	NEW
Transmit Data	2	3	NEW
Data Terminal	2	4	NEW
Ready	0		
Ground	7	5	NEW

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Anselm Belz

Source: ?

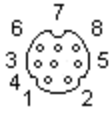
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Mac to HP48 Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Mac to HP48 Cable



(At the Computer)

NEW (To the HP48).

8 PIN MINI-DIN MALE to the Computer.

4 PIN ??? FEMALE to the HP48

	<b>Mac</b>	<b>HP48</b>	
TxD-	3		Rx
			D
RxD-	5		TxD
GND+Rx	4+8		GN
D+			D
Shield	SHIE	SHIE	Shi
	LD	LD	eld

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Pierre Olivier

Sources: Usenet posting in comp.sys.cbm, Mac to C64 Interface by Tomas Moberg

Sources: Usenet posting in comp.sys.cbm, A very simple C64 to Macintosh serial cable by Chris Baird

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

fr94tmg@ing.umu.se

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Parallel Port Loopback (Norton)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Parallel Port Loopback (Norton)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with Norton Utilities: Norton Diagnostics from Symantec.

NEW (To Computer).

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Name
	n	n	
Data Bit 0	2	1	Error
		5	
Data Bit 1	3	1	Select
		3	
Data Bit 2	4	1	Paper Out
		2	
Data Bit 3	5	1	Acknowledge
		0	
Data Bit 4	6	1	Busy
		1	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Parallel Port Loopback (CheckIt)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Parallel Port Loopback (CheckIt)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with CheckIt.

NEW (To Computer).

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Name
	n	n	
Busy	1	1	Select
	1	7	Input
Acknowledged	1	1	Initialize
ge	0	6	
Paper end	1	1	Auto
	2	4	Feed
Select	1	1	Strobe
	3		
Data Bit 0	2	1	Error
		5	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, "Coolsys"

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

[coolsys@geocities.com](mailto:coolsys@geocities.com)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Serial Port Loopback (9 Norton)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Serial Port Loopback (9 Norton)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with Norton Utilities: Norton Diagnostics from Symantec.

NEW (To Computer).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Pin	Pin
	n	n		
Jumpering 1	2	3		
Jumpering 2	7	8		
Jumpering 3	1	4	6	9

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Serial Port Loopback (25 Norton)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial Port Loopback (25 Norton)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with Norton Utilities: Norton Diagnostics from Symantec.

**NEW** (To Computer).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Pin	Pin
	n	n		
Jumpering 1	2	3		
Jumpering 2	4	5		
Jumpering 3	6	8	20	22

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Serial Port Loopback (9 CheckIt)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial Port Loopback (9 CheckIt)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with CheckIt.

NEW (To Computer).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Na
	n	n	me
CD	1	6	DSR
CD	1	9	RI
RXD	2	3	TXD
DTR	4	6	DSR
RTS	7	8	CTS

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, "Coolsys"

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Serial Port Loopback (25 CheckIt)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial Port Loopback (25 CheckIt)

Used to verify that a port is working. This one works with CheckIt.

NEW (To Computer).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to Computer.

Name	Pi	Pi	Pin	Pin
	n	n		
Jumpering 1	2	3		
Jumpering 2	4	5		
Jumpering 3	6	8	20	22

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, "Coolsys"

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

# Floppy Cable

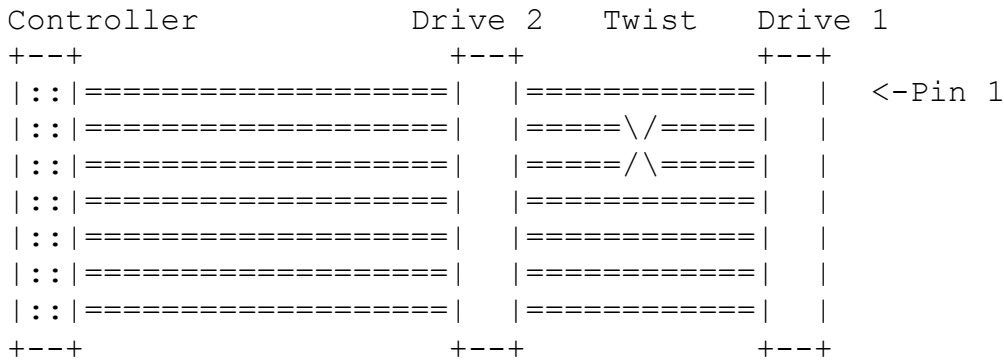
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## Floppy Cable

The original floppy cable required that each drive was jumpered to the right ID. But IBM come up with an idea to avoid jumpering the floppies.

If wire 10-16 are twisted before the last connector the jumpering is avoided. Each drive should be jumpered to act as Drive 2. If only one drive is used then leave the middle connector free.

The IDC could also be an edge connector on some old drives.



NEW (To the Controller)

NEW (To the Drive 2)

NEW (To the Drive 1)

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 2.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 1.

	<b>Control</b>	<b>Drive</b>	<b>Drive</b>
	<b>ler</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
Wire 1-9	1-9	1-9	1-9
Wire 10	10	16	10
Wire 11	11	15	11
Wire 12	12	14	12
Wire 13	13	13	13
Wire 14	14	12	14
Wire 15	15	11	15
Wire 16	16	10	16
Wire 17-	17-34	17-34	17-34

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: TheRef TechTalk

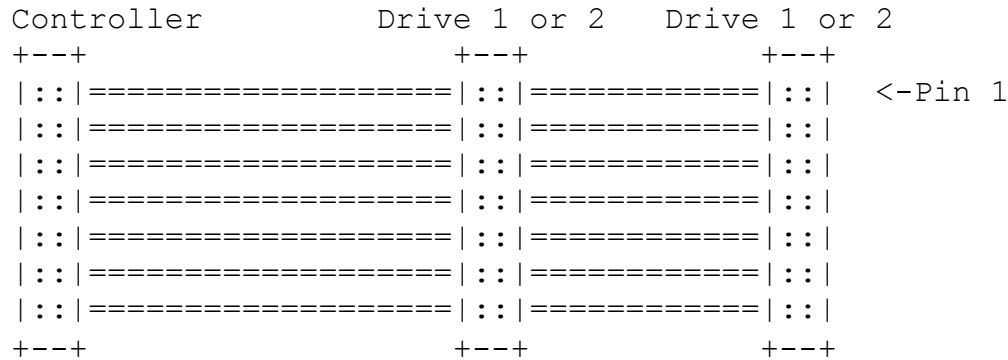
Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

# IDE Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

## IDE Cable

The IDE interface requires only one cable. All pins straight from 1 to 1, 2 to 2 and so on. The drives can be connected in any order. Only remember that one should be jumpered as Master and the other as Slave. If only one drive is used, jumper it as Single (if such a mode exists, or most common Master else).



NEW (To the Controller)

NEW (To the Drive 1)

NEW (To the Drive 2)

40 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 1.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 2.

	<b>Control ler</b>	<b>Drive 1</b>	<b>Drive 2</b>
Wire 1-	1-40	1-40	1-40
40			

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## SCSI Cable (Amiga/Mac)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI Cable (Amiga/Mac)

NEW (To the Amiga/Mac).

NEW (To the Peripheral).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga/Mac.

50 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Peripheral.

	<b>DSu</b>	<b>ID</b>
	<b>b</b>	<b>C</b>
Request	1	48
Message	2	42
Input/Output	3	50
Reset	4	40
Acknowledge	5	38
Busy	6	36
Data Bus 0	8	2
Data Bus 3	10	8
Data Bus 5	11	12
Data Bus 6	12	14
Data Bus 7	13	16
Control/Data	15	46
Attention	17	32
Select	19	44
Data Parity	20	18
Data Bus 1	21	4
Data Bus 2	22	6
Data Bus 4	23	10
Termination	25	26
Power		

*Note: All the other pins (7+9+14+16+18+24) at the DSub should be connected to the all odd pins except 25 at the IDC connector.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## SCSI Cable (D-Sub to Hi D-Sub)

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# SCSI Cable (D-Sub to Hi D-Sub)

NEW (To the Amiga/Mac).

NEW (To the Peripheral).

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Amiga/Mac.

50 PIN HI-DENSITY D-SUB MALE to the Peripheral.

	<b>DSu</b>	<b>Hi</b>
	<b>b</b>	<b>DSub</b>
Request	1	49
Message	2	46
Input/Output	3	50
Reset	4	45
Acknowledge	5	44
Busy	6	43
Data Bus 0	8	26
Data Bus 3	10	29
Data Bus 5	11	31
Data Bus 6	12	32
Data Bus 7	13	33
Control/Data	15	48
Attention	17	41
Select	19	47
Data Parity	20	34
Data Bus 1	21	27
Data Bus 2	22	28
Data Bus 4	23	30
Termination	25	38
Power		

*Note: All the other pins (7+9+14+16+18+24) at the DSub should be connected to pins 1-25 at the Hi-density D-Sub connector.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

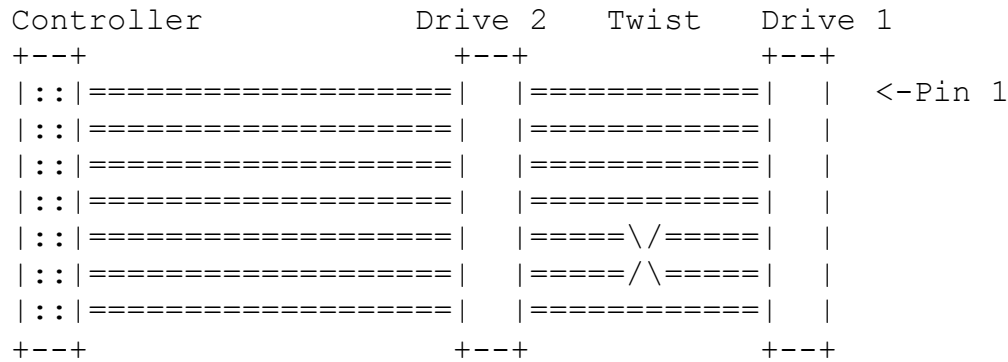
*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## ST506/412 Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ST506/412 Cable

The ST506/412 interface requires two cables, one for control and one for data. The control cable is shared between the two drives. But each drive has each own data cable. By twisting some wires on the control cable it won't be necessary to set the ID for each drive, since the twist will do the job. Wires 25 to 29 should be twisted between drive 1 & drive 2.



### Control cable

NEW (To the Controller)

NEW (To the Drive 2)

NEW (To the Drive 1)

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 2.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 1.

	<b>Control</b>	<b>Drive</b>	<b>Drive</b>
	<b>ler</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
Wire 1-24	1-9	1-9	1-9
Wire 25	25	29	25
Wire 26	26	28	26
Wire 27	27	27	27
Wire 28	28	26	28
Wire 29	29	25	29
Wire 30-34	30-34	30-34	30-34

## Data cable

**NEW** (To the Controller)

**NEW** (To the Drive)

20 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

20 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive.

**Control Drive**

Wire 1-20	1-20	1-20
-----------	------	------

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: TheRef TechTalk

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

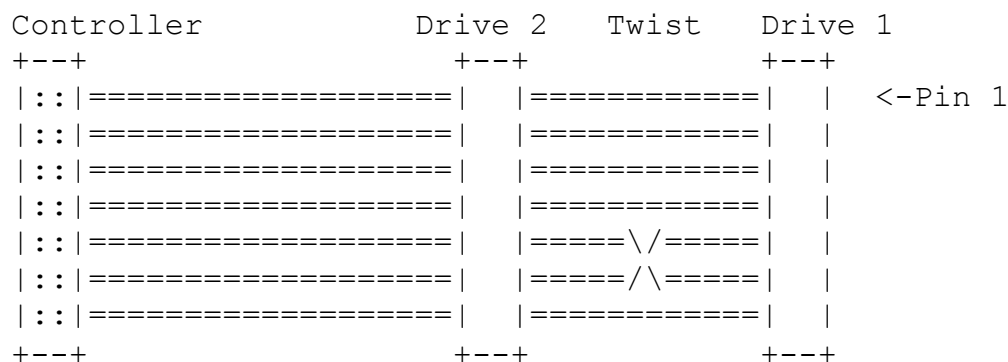


## ESDI Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### ESDI Cable

The ESDI interface requires two cables, one for control and one for data. The control cable is shared between the two drives. But each drive has each own data cable. By twisting some wires on the control cable it won't be necessary to set the ID for each drive, since the twist will do the job. Wires 25 to 29 should be twisted between drive 1 & drive 2.



### Control cable

NEW (To the Controller)

NEW (To the Drive 2)

NEW (To the Drive 1)

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 2.

34 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive 1.

	Control ler	Drive 1	Drive 2
Wire 1-24	1-9	1-9	1-9
Wire 25	25	29	25
Wire 26	26	28	26
Wire 27	27	27	27
Wire 28	28	26	28
Wire 29	29	25	29
Wire 30-34	30-34	30-34	30-34

### Data cable

**NEW** (To the Controller)

**NEW** (To the Drive)

20 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Controller.

20 PIN IDC FEMALE to the Drive.

**Control Drive**

Wire 1- 20	1-20	1- 20
---------------	------	----------

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: TheRef TechTalk

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Paravision SX1 to IDE Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Paravision SX1 to IDE Cable

Can be used to connect a normal IDE harddisk to the Paravision SX1. Paravision was earlier known as Microbotics.

NEW (To the controller)

NEW (To the Harddrive)

37 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the controller.

40 PIN IDC FEMALE to the harddisk.

<b>Description</b>	<b>D-Sub</b>	<b>IDC</b>
Drive Reset	1	1
Data bit 0	2	17
Data bit 2	3	13
Data bit 4	4	9
Data bit 6	5	5
Ground	6	2
Data bit 8	7	4
Data bit 10	8	8
Data bit 12	9	12
Data bit 14	10	16
Ground	11+1	19
	2	
Ground	13+1	22
	4	
Ground	15+1	24
	6	
Ground	17	26
5V Power	18	n/c
		c
5V Power	19	n/c
		c
Ground	20	30
Data bit 1	21	21
Data bit 3	22	22

Data bit 5	23	23
Data bit 7	24	24
Ground	25	40
Data bit 9	26	26
Data bit 11	27	27
Data bit 13	28	28
Data bit 15	29	29
I/O Write	30	23
I/O Read	31	25
Interrupt Request	32	31
Address bit 2	33	36
Address bit 1	34	33
Address bit 0	35	35
Chip Select 1	36	38
Chip Select 0	37	37

*Note: Pin 18+19 (+5V) can be used to power the harddisk. But most harddisks require both +5V and +12V.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Video to TV SCART Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Video to TV SCART cable

NEW (To the TV)

NEW (To the Video Recorder)

21 PIN SCART MALE to the TV.

21 PIN SCART MALE to the Video Recorder.

	<b>T</b>	<b>VC</b>	
	<b>V</b>	<b>R</b>	
Audio Right Out	1	2	Audio Right In
Audio Right In	2	1	Audio Right Out
Audio Left Out	3	6	Audio Left In
Audio Left In	6	3	Audio Left Out
Audio Ground	4	4	Audio Ground
Red	1	15	Red
	5		
Red Ground	1	13	Red Ground
	3		
Green	1	11	Green
	1		
Green Ground	9	9	Green Ground
Blue	7	7	Blue
Blue Ground	5	5	Blue Ground
Status / 16:9	8	8	Status / 16:9
Reserved	1	10	Reserved
	0		
Reserved	1	12	Reserved
	2		
Fast Blanking	1	14	Fast Blanking
Ground	4		Ground
Fast Blanking	1	16	Fast Blanking
	6		
Video Out Ground	1	18	Video In Ground

	7		
Video In Ground	1 17	Video Out Ground	
	8		
Video Out	1 20	Video In	
	9		
Video In Ground	2 19	Video Out	
	0		
Ground	2 21	Ground	
	1		

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Amiga to SCART Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Amiga to SCART cable

NEW (To the Amiga)

NEW (To the TV)

23 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga

21 PIN SCART MALE to the TV

	<b>Ami</b>	<b>TV</b>	
	<b>ga</b>		
Analog Red	3	15	RGB Red In
Analog Green	4	11	RGB Green In
Analog Blue	5	7	RGB Blue In
Composite Sync	10	20	Video In
Video GND	17	17	Video GND
GND	19	18	Blanking GND
+12V	22	16	Blanking (Connect via a 150 Ohm resistor)
+12V	22	8	Audio/RGB switch (Connect via a 1 kOhm resistor)
Phono Right		2	Audio IN Right
Phono Right		4	GND
GND			
Phono Left		6	Audio IN Left
Phono Left GND		4	GND

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## 9 to 15 pin VGA Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# 9 to 15 pin VGA cable

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the Monitor)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB FEMALE to the Monitor

	<b>9- Pin</b>	<b>15- Pin</b>
Red Video	1	1
Green Video	2	2
Blue Video	3	3
Horizontal Sync	4	13
Vertical Sync	5	14
Red GND	6	6
Green GND	7	7
Blue GND	8	8
Sync GND	9	10 + 11

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



## Amiga to C1084 Monitor Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amiga to C1084 Monitor Cable

NEW (To the Amiga)

NEW (At the Monitor)

23 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga.  
6 PIN DIN MALE at the Monitor.

	<b>Ami</b>	<b>C108</b>	
	<b>ga</b>	<b>4</b>	
R	3	4	R
G	4	1	G
B	5	5	B
SYN	10	2	HSY
C			NC
GND	16	3	GND

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Usenet posting in sfnet.harrastus.elektronikka, Philips 1084 monarin kytkenta by Kari Hautanen

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

kari.hautanen@compart.fi

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## C128/C64C to CBM 1902A Monitor Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# C128/C64C to CBM 1902A Monitor Cable

NEW (At the Computer)

NEW (At the Monitor)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) MALE at the Computer.

6 PIN DIN MALE at the Monitor.

### Comput C1902

	<b>er</b>	<b>A</b>	
LUM	1	6	LUM
CHROM	8	4	CHRO
A			MA
GND	2	3	GND
AOUT	3	2	AUDIO

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [cbm.comp.sys General FAQ v3.1 Part 7](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## C128/C64C to SCART (S-Video) Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# C128/C64C to SCART (S-Video) Cable

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the TV)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) MALE at the Computer.

21 PIN SCART MALE to the TV

### Comput TV er

LUM	1	20	LUM
CHROM	8	15	CHRO
A			MA
GND	2	4+	GND
		17	
AOUT	3	2+	AUDIO
		6	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Claudio Brazzale

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

[brzclld@dei.unipd.it](mailto:brzclld@dei.unipd.it)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## NeoGeo to SCART Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# NeoGeo to SCART Cable

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the TV)

8 PIN DIN (DIN45326) MALE to the Computer.

21 PIN SCART MALE to the TV

	<b>NeoGe T</b>		
	<b>o</b>	<b>V</b>	
Audio Out	1	6	Audio In Left+Right
		+	
		2	
Ground	2	1	Blanking Signal
		8	Ground
Composite Video	3	2	Composite Video In
Out		0	
?	4	1	Blanking Signal
		6	
Green	5	1	RGB Green In
		1	
Red	6	1	RGB Red In
		5	
Blue	8	7	RGB Blue In

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Enzo, Steffen Kupfer

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Ethernet 10/100Base-T Crossover Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Ethernet 10/100Base-T Crossover Cable

This cable can be used to cascade hubs, or for connecting two Ethernet stations back-to-back without a hub. It works with both 10Base-T and 100Base-TX.

NEW (To network interface card 1).

NEW (To network interface card 1).

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to network interface card 1.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to network interface card 2.

Name	Pi	Pi	Na
	n	n	me
TX+	1	3	RX+
TX-	2	6	RX-
RX+	3	1	TX+
RX-	6	2	TX-

*Note 1: It's important that each pair is kept as a pair. TX+ & TX- must be in the pair, and RX+ & RX- must together in another pair. (Just as the table above shows).*

*Note 2: You could also connect 4-4, 5-5, 7-7, 8-8.*

*Contributors: Joakim Ögren, Jim C?, Jason D. Pero, Oscar Fernandez Sierra, Cayce Balara, Jeffrey R. Broido*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

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This the e-mail address:

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This the e-mail address:

oscar@charpy.etsiig.uniovi.es

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

CayceB@yardboy.com

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Ethernet 10/100Base-T Straight Thru Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Ethernet 10/100Base-T Straight Thru Cable

This cable will work with both 10Base-T and 100Base-TX and is used to connect a network interface card to a hub or network outlet. These cables are sometimes called "whips".

NEW (To network interface card).

NEW (To hub).

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to network interface card).

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to hub).

Name	Pin	Cable Color	Pin	Name
TX+	1	White/Orange	1	TX+
TX-	2	Orange	2	TX-
RX+	3	White/Green	3	RX+
	4	Blue	4	
	5	White/Blue	5	
RX-	6	Green	6	RX-
	7	White/Brown	7	
	8	Brown	8	

*Note: It's important that each pair is kept as a pair. TX+ & TX- must be in the pair, and RX+ & RX- must together in another pair. (Just as the table above shows).*

Just for your information, this is how the pairs are named:

Pair	Pins	Common color
1	4 & 5	Blue
2	1 & 2	Orange
3	3 & 6	Green
4	7 & 8	Brown

The + side of each pair is called the "tip" and the - side is called the "ring", a reference to old telephone connectors.

Contributor: Joakim Ögren , Oscar Fernandez Sierra , Jeffrey R. Broido

**Source: ?**

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Ethernet 100Base-T4 Crossover Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Ethernet 100Base-T4 Crossover Cable

This cable can be used to cascade hubs, or for connecting two Ethernet stations back-to-back without a hub.

NEW (To network interface card 1).

NEW (To network interface card 1).

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to network interface card 1.

RJ45 MALE CONNECTOR to network interface card 2.

### Name Pi Pi Name

	n	n	
TX_D1	1	3	RX_D
+			2+
TX_D1	2	6	RX_D
-			2-
RX_D2	3	1	TX_D
+			1+
RX_D2	6	2	TX_D
-			1-
BI_D3+	4	7	BI_D
			4+
BI_D3-	5	8	BI_D
			4-
BI_D4+	7	4	BI_D
			3+
BI_D4-	8	5	BI_D
			3-

*Note 1: It's important that each pair is kept as a pair. TX+ & TX- must be in the pair, and RX+ & RX- must together in another pair etc. (Just as the table above shows).*

Contributors: Joakim Ögren, Kim Scholte

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## ParaLoad Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# ParaLoad Cable

NEW (To C64).

NEW (To Amiga).

DZM 12 DREH at the C64 UserPort.  
25 PIN D-SUB MALE at the Amiga

<b>C6 Ami</b>			
<b>4 ga</b>			
Groun	A	17-	Grou
d		25	nd
FLAG	B	1	Stro
2			be
PB0	C	2	D0
PB1	D	3	D1
PB2	E	4	D2
PB3	F	5	D3
PB4	H	6	D4
PB5	J	7	D5
PB6	K	8	D6
PB7	L	9	D7
PA2	M	11	Busy

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [ParaLoad documentation](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## X1541 Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# X1541 Cable

Used to transfer data from a Commodore 1541/1581 diskdrive to a PC. The X1541 software is written by Leopoldo Ghielmetti.

NEW (To the PC).

NEW (To the Diskdrive)

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the PC.

6 PIN DIN (DIN45322) MALE to the Cable

	<b>PC</b>	<b>Diskdri</b>	
		<b>ve</b>	
GND	18- 25	2	GND
STROBE	1	3	ATN
AUTOFEED	14	4	CLOCK
SELECT	17	5	DATA
INIT	16	6	RESET

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Magnus.Eriksson

Source: X1541 documentation

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.



This the e-mail address:

GHIELMET@eldi.epfl.ch

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

[magnus.eriksson@mbox309.swipnet.se](mailto:magnus.eriksson@mbox309.swipnet.se)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## MIDI Cable

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### MIDI Cable

NEW (To the 1st peripheral)

NEW (To the 2nd peripheral)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE to the 1st peripheral.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE to the 1st peripheral.

	<b>1</b>	<b>2n</b>
	<b>s</b>	<b>d</b>
	<b>t</b>	
Shield	2	2
Current	4	4
Source		
Current Sink	5	5

*Note: Although that pin 2 only is connected at MIDI Out it's simpler to connect it to both ends.*

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## Misc Unsupported Cables

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Misc unsupported Cables

These cables may or may not be correctly constructed. Handle with care.

#### Amiga to IBM RGBI Cable

NEW (To the Monitor).

NEW (To the Amiga).

9 PIN D-SUB ?? to the Monitor.

23 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga.

	<b>9</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>Comment</b>
	<b>Pin</b>	<b>Pin</b>	
Ground	1	16	
Ground	2	16	
Digital Red	3	9	(Via 2 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
Digital Green	4	8	(Via 2 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
Digital Blue	5	9	(Via 2 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
Digital Intensity	6	6	(Via 2 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
Horizontal Sync	8	11	(Via 1 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
Verical Sync	9	12	(Via 1 Hex Inverters, i.e 74LS04)
+5V		23	(Power for the IC)

#### C128 80 columns to 1702 monitor Cable

NEW (To the C128).

NEW (To the C1702).

9 PIN D-SUB MALE to the C128.

PHONO MALE to the Monitor.

**C12 C170**

Ground	<b>8</b> 1	<b>2</b> 1	Ground Signal
Monochrome out	7	2	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: Gordon

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

This the e-mail address:

GAJ2@psuvm.psu.edu

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Adapter Menu



What does the the information that is listed for each adapter mean? See the [tutorial](#).

### Serial:

- [Nullmodem adapter](#)
- [9p to 25p Serial adapter](#)

### Parallel:

- [Centronics to LapLink adapter](#) **NEW**

### Keyboard:

- [Mini-DIN to DIN Keyboard adapter](#)
- [DIN to Mini-DIN Keyboard adapter](#)
- [PS/2 Keyboard \(Gateway\) Y Adapter](#)
- [PS/2 Keyboard \(IBM Thinkpad\) Y Adapter](#)

### Mouse:

- [PS/2 to Serial Mouse Adapter](#)
- [Serial to PS/2 Mouse Adapter](#)

### Joysticks:

- [Amiga 4 Joysticks adapter](#)
- [PC 2 Joysticks adapter](#)

### Video:

- [Macintosh Video to VGA Adapter](#) **NEW**

### Misc:

- [A1000 to Amiga Parallel adapter](#)

Last updated 1997-08-31.

(C) [Joakim Ögren](#) 1996,1997

# Adapter Tutorial



## Short tutorial

### Heading

First at each page there a short heading describing the adapter.

### Pictures of the connectors

After that there is at each page there is one or more pictures of the connectors, usually there's two connectors. Sometimes there is some question marks only. This means that I don't know what kind of connector it is or how it looks.

**NEW** (To the computer)

There may be some pictures I haven't drawn yet. I illustrate this with the following advanced picture:

**NEW** (To the computer)

Normally are one or more pictures. **These are seen from the front, and NOT the soldside. Holes (female connectors usually) are darkened.** Look at the example below. The first is a female connector and the send a male. The texts inside parentheses will tell you at which kind of the device it will look like that.

**NEW** (To the Computer).

**NEW** (To the Serialcable).

### Texts describing the connectors

Below the pictures there is texts that describes the connectors. Including the name of the physical connector.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Serialcable.

### Pin table

The pin table is perhaps the information you're looking for. Should be simple to read. Contains mostly the following three columns; Name, Pin 1, Pin 2. Sometimes when not the same pin is connected to each side there is another column describing the name at connector 2.

	<b>9-</b>	<b>25-</b>
	<b>Pin</b>	<b>Pin</b>
Carrier Detect	1	8
Receive Data	2	3



Transmit Data	3	2
Data Terminal Ready	4	20
System Ground	5	7
Data Set Ready	6	6
Request to Send	7	4
Clear to Send	8	5
Ring Indicator	9	22

## **Contributor & Source**

All persons that helped me or sent me information about the connector will be listed here. The source of the information is perhaps a book or another site. I must admit that I'm bad at writing the source, but I'll try to fill in these in the future.

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Amiga 4000 User's Guide from Commodore*

## Nullmodem Adapter



## Nullmodem Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a normal serialcable as a nullmodem.

**NEW** (To the Computer).

**NEW** (To the Serialcable).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Serialcable.

	<b>Fema</b>	<b>Mal</b>	
	<b>le</b>	<b>e</b>	
Shield Ground	1	1	Shield Ground
Transmit Data	2	3	Receive Data
Receive Data	3	2	Transmit Data
Request to Send	4	5	Clear to Send
Clear to Send	5	4	Request to Send
Data Set Ready	6	20	Data Terminal Ready
Data Terminal Ready	20	6	Data Set Ready
Ground	7	7	Ground

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## 9 to 25 Serial Adapter



## 9 to 25 Serial Adapter

This adapter will enable you to connect a 25 pin serialcable to a 9 pin connector at the computer.

**NEW** (To the Computer).

**NEW** (To the Serialcable).

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Computer.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Serialcable.

	<b>9- Pin</b>	<b>25- Pin</b>
Carrier Detect	1	8
Receive Data	2	3
Transmit Data	3	2
Data Terminal Ready	4	20
System Ground	5	7
Data Set Ready	6	6
Request to Send	7	4
Clear to Send	8	5
Ring Indicator	9	22

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Centronics to LapLink Adapter

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Centronics to LapLink Adapter

This adapter will allow you to use a normal printer cable (Centronics) as a LapLink/InterLink cable.

NEW (To the Printer cable)

NEW (To the Computer)

36 PIN CENTRONICS FEMALE to the Printer cable.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer.

Name	36-Cen	25-DSub	Name
Data Bit 0	2	15	Error
Data Bit 1	3	13	Select
Data Bit 2	4	12	Paper Out
Data Bit 3	5	10	Acknowledge
Data Bit 4	6	11	Busy
Acknowledge	10	5	Data Bit 3
Busy	11	6	Data Bit 4
Paper Out	12	4	Data Bit 2
Select	13	3	Data Bit 1
Error	32	2	Data Bit 0
Reset	16	16	Reset
Select	17	17	Select
Signal	19-	18-25	Signal
Ground	30+33		Ground

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Petr Krc

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Mini-DIN to DIN Keyboard Adapter

NEW



NEW

## Mini-DIN to DIN Keyboard Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a keyboard with a 6 pin Mini-DIN connector to a computer with a 5 pin DIN connector.

NEW (To the keyboard)

NEW (To the computer)

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the keyboard.

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) MALE to the computer.

	<b>Mini-DIN</b>	<b>DIN</b>
Shield	Shield	Shield
Data	1	2
Ground	3	4
+5	4	5
VDC		
Clock	5	1

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Gilles Ries

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## DIN to Mini-DIN Keyboard Adapter

NEW

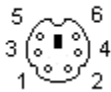


NEW

## DIN to Mini-DIN Keyboard Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a keyboard with a 5 pin DIN connector to a computer with a 6 pin Mini-DIN connector.

NEW (To the keyboard)



(To the computer)

5 PIN DIN 180° (DIN41524) FEMALE to the keyboard.

6 PIN MINI-DIN MALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the computer.

	<b>DIN</b>	<b>Mini-DIN</b>
Shield	Shield	Shield
Clock	1	5
Data	2	1
Ground	4	3
+5	5	4

VDC

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Gilles Ries](#)

Source: ?

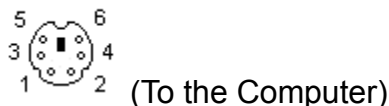
Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## PS/2 Keyboard (Gateway) Y Adapter



## PS/2 Keyboard (Gateway) Y Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a keyboard and mouse at the same time. For Gateway computer, may work with other computers (Let me know).



**NEW** (To the Keyboard)

**NEW** (To the Mouse)

6 PIN MINI-DIN MALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Computer.

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Keyboard.

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Mouse.

### Compute Keyboard Mouse

r	rd	se
1	2	-
2	-	2
3	3	3
4	4	4
5	6	-
6	-	6

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Gilles Ries](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## PS/2 Keyboard (IBM Thinkpad) Y Adapter

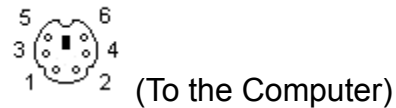
NEW



NEW

## PS/2 Keyboard (IBM Thinkpad) Y Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a keyboard and mouse at the same time. For IBM Thinkpad computer, may work with other computers (Let me know).



NEW (To the Keyboard)

NEW (To the Mouse)

6 PIN MINI-DIN MALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Computer.

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Keyboard.

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE (PS/2 STYLE) to the Mouse.

### Compute Keyboard Mouse

r	rd	se
1	2	-
2	-	1,2
3	3	3
4	4	4
5	6	5
6	-	6

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Gilles Ries](#)

Source: [Tommy's pinout Collection](#) by [Tommy Johnson](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).



## PS/2 to Serial Mouse Adapter



## PS/2 to Serial Mouse Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a mouse with a 6 pin Mini-DIN (PS/2) connector to a computer with a 9 pin D-SUB (Serial) connector.

*This requires that the mouse handles both protocols. A mouse like this is sometimes referred to as a combo-mouse.*

**NEW** (To the mouse)

**NEW** (To the computer)

6 PIN MINI-DIN FEMALE to the mouse.

9 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the computer.

	<b>Mini- DIN</b>	<b>D- SUB</b>	
GN	3	5	G
D			ND
RxD	2	2	Rx
			D
TxD	6	3	Tx
			D
+5V	4	7	RT
			S

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Tomas Ögren](#), [Thomas Eschenbacher](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[stric@ts.umu.se](mailto:stric@ts.umu.se)

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

This the e-mail address:

Thomas.H.Eschenbacher@stud.uni-erlangen.de

Choose this address in your e-mail reader.

## Serial to PS/2 Mouse Adapter

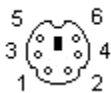
NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Serial to PS/2 Mouse Adapter

This adapter will enable you to use a mouse with a 9 pin D-SUB (Serial) connector to a computer with a 6 pin Mini-DIN (PS/2) connector.

*This requires that the mouse handles both protocols. A mouse like this is sometimes referred to as a combo-mouse.*

NEW (To the mouse)



(To the computer)

9 PIN D-SUB MALE to the mouse.

6 PIN MINI-DIN MALE to the computer.

	<b>Mini-DIN</b>	<b>D-SUB</b>	
+5V	4	4+7+9	DTR+RTS +RI
Data	1	1	CD
Gnd	3	3+5	TXD+GN D
Cloc	5	6	DSR

k

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#), [Tomas Ögren](#), [Thomas Eschenbacher](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

## Amiga 4 Joysticks Adapter

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Amiga 4 Joysticks adapter

This adapter will make it possible to connect 2 extra joysticks to the Amiga. This requires that the game is aware of this Multi-Joystick Extender in order to use it.

NEW (To the 1st Joystick).

NEW (To the 2nd Joystick).

NEW (To the Computer).

9 PIN D-SUB MALE to the 1st Joystick.

9 PIN D-SUB MALE to the 2nd Joystick.

25 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Serialcable.

	<b>Port</b>	<b>Joy 1</b>	<b>Joy 2</b>
Up 1	2	1	
Down 1	3	2	
Left 1	4	3	
Right 1	5	4	
Up 2	6		1
Down 2	7		2
Left 2	8		3
Right 2	9		4
Fire 2	11		6
Fire 1	13	6	
Ground	18		8
2			
Ground	19	8	
1			

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: [Tomi Engdahl's Joystick page](#)

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

This is the URL for the WWW page:

<http://www.hut.fi/~then/circuits/joystick.html>

Open this address in your WWW browser.

## PC 2 Joysticks Adapter

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### PC 2 Joysticks adapter

This adapter will make it possible to connect 1 extra joystick to the PC. The gameport contains pins for two joysticks but you'll need this adapter to be able to connect two joysticks to one connector.

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the 1st Joystick)

NEW (To the 2nd Joystick)

15 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer.

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the 1st Joystick.

15 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the 2nd Joystick.

	<b>P</b>	<b>Joy</b>	<b>Joy</b>
	<b>C</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
+5 VDC	1	1	-
Button 1	2	2	
Joystick 1 - X	3	3	
Ground	4	4	4
Ground	5	5	5
Joystick 1 - Y	6	6	
Button 2	7	7	
+5 VDC	8	8	
+5 VDC	9	9	1
Button 4	1	10	2
	0		
Joystick 2 - X	1	11	3
	1		
Ground	1	12	
	2		
Joystick 2 - Y	1	13	6
	3		
Button 3	1	14	7
	4		
+5 VDC	1	15	8
	5		

*Note: Since pin 12 is often used for MIDI-signals on gameport equipped soundcards it's better to use the ground from pin 4 & 5, pin 15 is also used for MIDI-signals...*

*Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)*

*Source: [Tomi Engdahl's Joystick page](#)*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*



## Macintosh Video to VGA Adapter

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

### Macintosh to VGA Video

Use this adapter to connect a standard VGA (or higher) monitor to your Apple Macintosh.

NEW (To the Computer)

NEW (To the Monitor-cable)

15 PIN D-SUB MALE to the Computer.

15 PIN HIGHDENSITY D-SUB FEMALE to the Monitor-cable.

Description	Ma	VG	Dir
Red Ground	1	6	NEW
Red	2	1	NEW
Composite sync	3	13	NEW
Monitor Sense 0	4	4	NEW
Green	5	2	NEW
Green Ground	6	7	NEW
Monitor Sense 1	7	11	NEW
No connection	8	n/c	
Blue	9	3	NEW
Monitor sense 2	10	12	NEW
Sync Ground	11	10	NEW
Vertical Sync	12	14	NEW
Blue Ground	13	8	NEW
Horizontal Sync	14	n/c	
Ground			
Horizontal Sync	15	n/c	

Contributor: Joakim Ögren, Michael Van den Acker

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## A1000 to Amiga Parallel Adapter

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# A1000 to Amiga Parallel Adapter

This adapter will enable you to connect normal Amiga peripherals to an Amiga 1000. The Amiga 1000 has a male connector at the computer instead of a normal female connector. And some signals has changed places.

NEW (To the Amiga 1000).

NEW (To the Amiga peripheral).

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga 1000.

25 PIN D-SUB FEMALE to the Amiga peripheral.

	<b>A1000</b>	<b>Amiga</b>
Ground	14	23
d		
Ground	15	24
d		
Ground	16	25
d		
+5V	23	14
n/c	24	15
Reset	25	16

All other straight over, 1 to 1, 2 to 2...

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Misc Menu



### Active Filters:

- [Butterworth 1st order Lowpass](#)
- [Butterworth 1st order Highpass](#)
- [Butterworth 2nd order Lowpass](#)
- [Butterworth 2nd order Highpass](#)
- [Butterworth 3rd order Lowpass](#)
- [Butterworth 3rd order Highpass](#)
- [Butterworth 4th order Lowpass](#)
- [Butterworth 4th order Highpass](#)
- [Bessel 2nd order Lowpass](#)
- [Bessel 2nd order Highpass](#)
- [Bessel 3rd order Lowpass](#)
- [Bessel 3rd order Highpass](#)
- [Bessel 4th order Lowpass](#)
- [Bessel 4th order Highpass](#)
- [Linkwitz 4th order Lowpass](#)
- [Linkwitz 4th order Highpass](#)

### Definitions:

- [DTE & DCE](#)

Last updated 1997-08-31.

(C) [Joakim Ögren](#) 1996, 1997

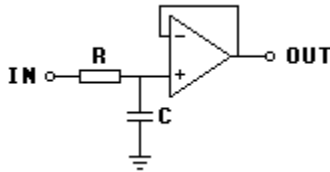
## Active Filter: Butterworth 6dB Lowpass

NEW



NEW

# Active Filter: Butterworth (1st order, 6 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C=1.000/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C$  [ $F$ ],  $F_c$  [ $Hz$ ]

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

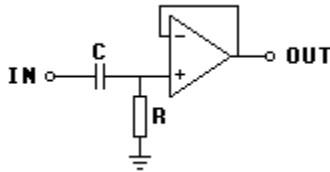
## Active Filter: Butterworth 6dB Highpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (1st order, 6 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R=1.000/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

Units:  $R$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

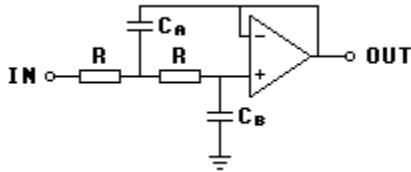
## Active Filter: Butterworth 12dB Lowpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (2nd order, 12 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_a=1.414/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

$C_b=0.7071/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Active Filter: Butterworth 12dB Highpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (2st order, 12 dB/octave, Highpass)

NEW

$C=4.7n-10nF$

$Ra=0.7071/(2*\pi*Fc*C)$

$Rb=1.414/(2*\pi*Fc*C)$

Units:  $Rx$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $Fc$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

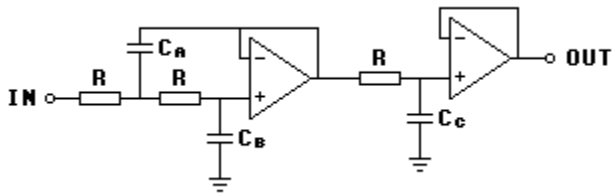
## Active Filter: Butterworth 18dB Lowpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (3st order, 18 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_a=2.000/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

$C_b=0.500/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

$C_c=1.000/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

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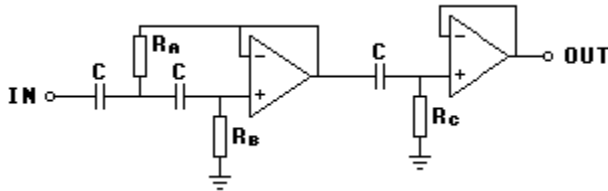
## Active Filter: Butterworth 18dB Highpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (3st order, 18 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R_a=0.500/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_b=2.000/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_c=1.000/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

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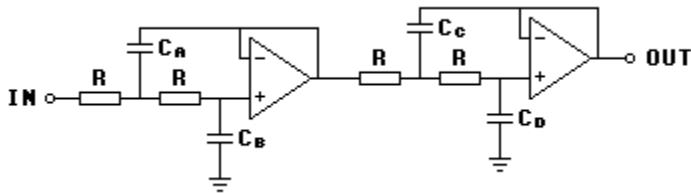
## Active Filter: Butterworth 24dB Lowpass

NEW



NEW

## Active Filter: Butterworth (4th order, 24 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_A=1.0824/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_B=0.9239/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_C=2.6130/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_D=0.3827/(2\pi F_c R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

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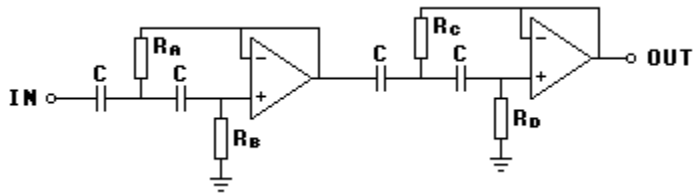
## Active Filter: Butterworth 24dB Highpass

NEW



NEW

### Active Filter: Butterworth (4th order, 24 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R_a=0.9239/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_b=1.0824/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_c=0.3827/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_d=2.6130/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

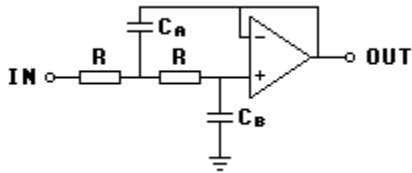
Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Active Filter: Bessel 12dB Lowpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (2nd order, 12 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_a=0.9076/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

$C_b=0.6809/(2*\pi*F_c*R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [ $F$ ],  $F_c$  [ $Hz$ ]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

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## Active Filter: Bessel 12dB Highpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (2st order, 12 dB/octave, Highpass)

NEW

$C=4.7n-10nF$

$R_a=1.1017/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$

$R_b=1.4688/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

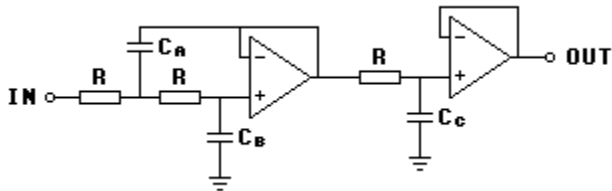
Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Active Filter: Bessel 18dB Lowpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (3st order, 18 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_A=0.9548/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_B=0.4998/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_C=0.7560/(2\pi F_c R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

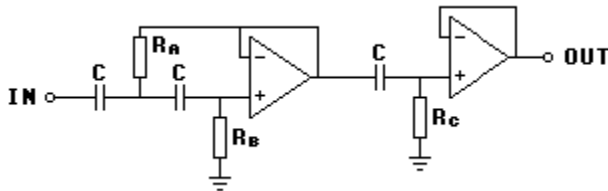
Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## Active Filter: Bessel 18dB Highpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (3st order, 18 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R_a=1.0474/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_b=2.0008/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_c=1.3228/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

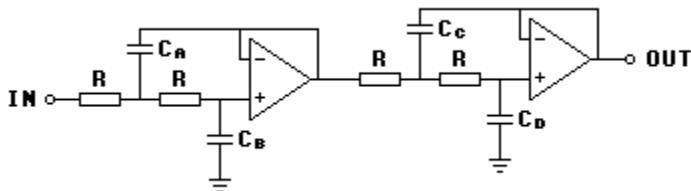
Source: ?

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## Active Filter: Bessel 24dB Lowpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (4th order, 24 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_a=0.7298/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_b=0.6699/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_c=1.0046/(2\pi F_c R)$

$C_d=0.3872/(2\pi F_c R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

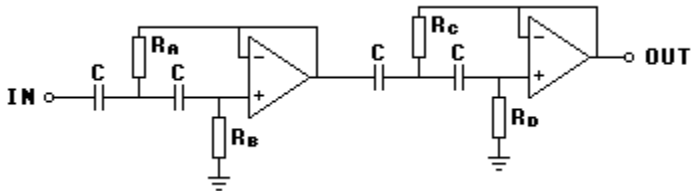
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## Active Filter: Bessel 24dB Highpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Bessel (4th order, 24 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R_a=1.3701/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_b=1.4929/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_c=0.9952/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

$$R_d=2.5830/(2*\pi*F_c*C)$$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

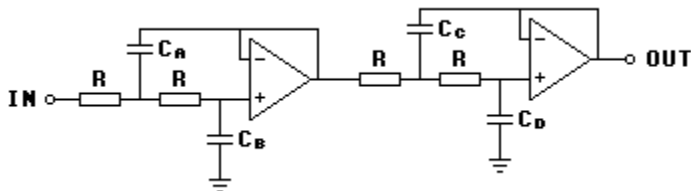
Source: ?

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## Active Filter: Linkwitz 24dB Lowpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Linkwitz (4th order, 24 dB/octave, Lowpass)



$R=4.7k-10\text{ k}\Omega$

$C_a=C_c=2\cdot C_b$

$C_b=C_d=1/(2\cdot\sqrt{2}\cdot\pi\cdot F_c\cdot R)$

Units:  $R$  [ $\Omega$ ],  $C_x$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

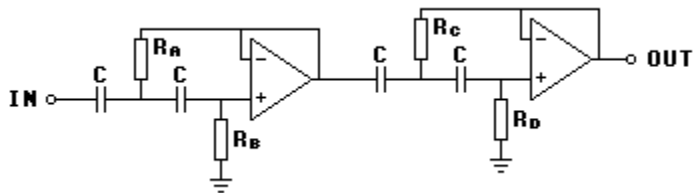
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## Active Filter: Linkwitz 24dB Highpass

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Active Filter: Linkwitz (4st order, 24 dB/octave, Highpass)



$$C=4.7\text{n}-10\text{nF}$$

$$R_a=R_c=1/(2*\text{sqr}(2)*\text{pi}*F_c*C)$$

$$R_b=R_d=2R_a$$

Units:  $R_x$  [Ohm],  $C$  [F],  $F_c$  [Hz]

Contributor: [Joakim Ögren](#)

Source: ?

Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).

## Defintion: DTE & DCE

NEW  
NEW  
NEW

# Definition: DTE & DCE

## DTE

DTE is acronym for Data Terminal Equipment.

Examples of DTE is computers, printers & terminals.

## DCE

DCE is acronym for Data Communication Equipment.

Examples of DCE is modems.

## Wiring

Wiring a cable for DTE to DCE communication is easy. All wires goes straight from pin x to pin x.

But wiring a cable for DTE to DTE (nullmodem) or DCE to DCE requires that some wires are crossed. A signal should be wire from pin x to the opposite signal at the other end. With opposite signals I mean for example Transmit & Receive.

*Contributors: [Joakim Ögren](#) , [Richard L. Lane](#)*

*Source: ?*

*Please send any comments to [Joakim Ögren](#).*

This the e-mail address:

[rlane@eastman.com](mailto:rlane@eastman.com)

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## Table Menu

NEW



NEW

- AWG, American Wire Gauge standard
- SI Prefixes, Is 1 kW equal 1000000mW ?

Last updated 1997-09-07.

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## AWG Table



# AWG

AWG=American Wire Gauge standard

Gauge	Dia	Area	R	I at
AWG	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	ohm/ km	3A/mm <sup>2</sup> mA
46	0,04	0,0013	13700	3,8
44	0,05	0,0020	8750	6
42	0,06	0,0028	6070	9
41	0,07	0,0039	4460	12
40	0,08	0,0050	3420	15
39	0,09	0,0064	2700	19
38	0,10	0,0078	2190	24
37	0,11	0,0095	1810	28
	0,12	0,011	1520	33
36	0,13	0,013	1300	40
35	0,14	0,015	1120	45
	0,15	0,018	970	54
34	0,16	0,020	844	60

	0,1 7	0,02 3	757	68
33	0,1 8	0,02 6	676	75
	0,1 9	0,02 8	605	85
32	0,2 0	0,03 1	547	93
30	0,2 5	0,04 9	351	147
29	0,3 0	0,07 1	243	212
27	0,3 5	0,09 6	178	288
26	0,4 0	0,13	137	378
25	0,4 5	0,16	108	477
24	0,5 0	0,20	87,5	588
	0,5 5	0,24	72,3	715
	0,6 0	0,28	60,7	850
22	0,6 5	0,33	51,7	1,0 A
	0,7 0	0,39	44,6	1,16 A
	0,7 5	0,44	38,9	1,32 A
20	0,8 0	0,50	34,1	1,51 A
	0,8 5	0,57	30,2	1,70 A
19	0,9 0	0,64	26,9	1,91 A
	0,9	0,71	24,3	2,12 A



	5			
18	1,0	0,78	21,9	2,36 A
	0			
	1,1	0,95	18,1	2,85 A
	0			
	1,2	1,1	15,2	3,38 A
	0			
16	1,3	1,3	13,0	3,97 A
	0			
	1,4	1,5	11,2	4,60 A
	0			
	1,5	1,8	9,70	5,30 A
	0			
14	1,6	2,0	8,54	6,0 A
	0			
	1,7	2,3	7,57	6,7 A
	0			
13	1,8	2,6	6,76	7,6 A
	0			
	1,9	2,8	6,05	8,5 A
	0			
12	2,0	3,1	5,47	9,4 A
	0			

Contributor: Joakim Ögren

Source: ?

Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.

## SI Prefixes Table



### SI Prefixes

Example: 1 TW=1000 GW (W=Watt)

Symbol	Prefix	Factor
	tera	$10^{12}$
	giga	$10^9$
	Mega	$10^6$
	kilo	$10^3$
	hecto	$10^2$
	deca	$10^1$
	deci	$10^{-1}$
	centi	$10^{-2}$
	milli	$10^{-3}$
	micro	$10^{-6}$
	nano	$10^{-9}$
	pico	$10^{-12}$
	femto	$10^{-15}$
	atto	$10^{-18}$

*Note: In the computer world things are a bit different:*

Symbol	Prefix	Factor	Factor
	tera	240	$10^{99511627}$

			776
G	giga	230	1073741824
M	Meg	220	1048576
	a		
k	kilo	210	1024

*Contributor: Joakim Ögren*

*Source: Farnell Components Catalogue*

*Please send any comments to Joakim Ögren.*

## WWW Links



Here are some links to good sites of technical information on the Internet.

I have a lot of pages I will add as soon as I get the time for it. They're currently in my bookmarks file. Remember that I usually add links to pages covering a specific topic at bottom of the best suited HwB page.

### Misc:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Comment</u>
<a href="#"><u>TheRef</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>F. Robert Falbo</u></a>	Harddrives & controllers spe
<a href="#"><u>The Tech Page</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Various</u></a>	Harddrives & controllers spe
<a href="#"><u>Norm's Industrial Electronics</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Norman Dyrvik</u></a>	Misc electronic links.
<a href="#"><u>Circuit Cookbook</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Dan Charrois</u></a>	Various circuits.
<a href="#"><u>PC Hardware Link Page</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Dick Perron</u></a>	Varoious Links and some own
<a href="#"><u>Electrical Engineering Circuits</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Jerry Russell</u></a>	Various circuits.
<a href="#"><u>Archive</u></a>		
<a href="#"><u>sandpile.org: 80x86</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Christian Ludloff</u></a>	Everything about 80x86 pro motherboards.
<a href="#"><u>Hard Seek</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Davide Ferrari</u></a>	Search for hardware manufa
<a href="#"><u>The Computer Information Centre</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Many</u></a>	Contains very much about e
<a href="#"><u>Amiga Alley: Hard Hacks</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Colin Thompson</u></a>	Amiga related hardware hac
<a href="#"><u>We-Man's Electro Stuff</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Stefan Wieman</u></a>	Misc electonic stuff.
<a href="#"><u>Tomi Engdahl's pages</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Tomi Engdahl</u></a>	You'll find almost everything
<a href="#"><u>PC Mechanic</u></a> <small>NEW</small>	<a href="#"><u>David Risley</u></a>	Good info for beginners abo
<a href="#"><u>Electronic Engineers' Toolbox</u></a> <small>NEW</small>	<a href="#"><u>EG3</u></a>	Many nice links.
<a href="#"><u>Mark's Computer Page</u></a> <small>NEW</small>	<a href="#"><u>Mark E.</u></a>	WhitePapers/Info about Pro
	<a href="#"><u>Donaldsson</u></a>	etc.

### FAQs:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Comment</u>
<a href="#"><u>alt.comp.hardware.homebuilt FAQ</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Mark Sokos</u></a>	Misc information about things.
<a href="#"><u>sci.electronics FAQ: Repair: Pinouts</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Filip M.</u></a>	Misc pinouts for conn
<a href="#"><u>FAQ</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Gieszczykiewicz</u></a>	

If you have any more good links of interest, please send me an e-mail at [qtech@mailhost.net](mailto:qtech@mailhost.net).

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[falbof@rl.af.mil](mailto:falbof@rl.af.mil)

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<http://www.blue-planet.com:80/tech/>

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<http://www.compusmart.ab.ca/ndyrvik/>

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<http://www.eg3.com>

Open this address in your WWW browser.



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<http://www.ridgecrest.ca.us/~markee/home.htm>

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Visit [HwB at Internet](#) to download these versions.

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## HwB-News Menu



If you would like to be informed about what's happening with the Hardware Book, the HwB-News letter may be something for you. It will contain:

- Updates of The Hardware Book
- News concerning HwB.
- Info about HwB errors/typos.
- Related WWW Links

To subscribe to the HwB-News mailinglist send a mail with the text SUBSCRIBE in the body to [hwb-news-request@www.blackdown.org](mailto:hwb-news-request@www.blackdown.org)

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The mailing list is not a discussion mailinglist. It only contains mail from me, Joakim Ögren.

*Note: It's a low traffic mailing list. Unsubscribe whenever you want, every mail contains unsubscribe instructions.*

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## Wanted

NEW



NEW

Please help me make this reference guide larger. I guess there is much more to add. Don't hesitate to send some strange pinout, circuit or cable.

If you have a strange serial-port on your dish-washer, SEND it to me :-)

If it doesn't have one you could send me a circuit on how to add a serial-port to it. :-)

*I have already heard from two people that have a serial port on their dish-washers :)*

I'm especially searching for the following standards:

- ECB
- EIB
- USB
- IEEE1394 Firewire
- SMP16
- TURBOchannel
- SA1000
- JVC bus?
- PC-Engine/TurboGrafix 16 connectors
- Qbus
- STEbus
- SBus
- MULTIBUS
- MULTIBUS II
- MTM-Bus
- GIO
- FutureBus+
- Nec PC-FX connectors
- Kenwood CD-Player RS232-port (For example DP-M7750).
- Epson Sample E04974 Diskdrive with Signals+Power in the usual 34 pin connector.

Other information of value:

- Filters

If you have any of the above listed please send me an e-mail at [qtech@mailhost.net](mailto:qtech@mailhost.net).

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## About Hardware Book

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What about this? Your free reference guide to electronics.

The Hardware Book is a compilation of pinouts I've found from different sources. I've tried to have the same style for all pages. This makes it easier to find information for you. I'm not trying to sell anything.

It has been developed on my sparetime and is made available to you for free. This also means that I can't guarantee that the presented information is correct. Use it on your own risk. I can't take the whole credit for HwB. I have since the first release received a great lot of mails with suggestions, questions and information. With the help of many contributors HwB has grown. Keep sending me mails...

This is me, Joakim Ögren:



Could it be even better? Perhaps if You help me. Please send any material you have that might be of interest for this project. Send it to [qtech@mailhost.net](mailto:qtech@mailhost.net).

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All new information since the last update is marked **NEW** and updated or changed information is marked

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I would like to thank the following people:

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*This is what I feel like doing when nothing works :-)*  
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